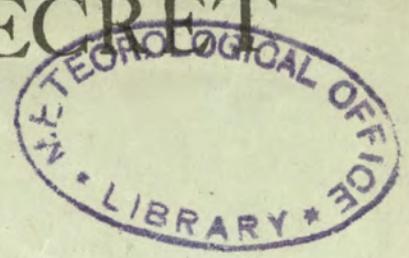


M.O. Form 2373

SECRET



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT

BRITISH SECTION

1st July to 30th September

1943



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,
LONDON, W.C.2

INTRODUCTION

The Daily Weather Report has been issued in three sections since April 1st, 1919, the British and International Sections consisting of four pages and the Upper Air Section of two pages. On 1st January, 1942, all three sections were modified. The International Section was reduced to two pages of charts supplemented at eight-day intervals by a four page tabular statement of foreign observations. The Upper Air Section was increased to four pages giving two pages of charts and diagrams and two pages of observations in tabular form. The British Section of which this forms the Introduction was modified by increasing the scale of the chart on page 2 so that it occupies the whole page, and in consequence the weather forecasts have been transferred to the front page and the table of auxiliary reports to the back page. The various codes which were formerly given on pages 1 and 4 are now incorporated in this Introduction. The increased scale of the chart on page 2 makes it possible to show the observations from a selection of stations in full, the data being set out in accordance with the "station model" adopted by the International Meteorological Conference at Warsaw in September, 1935.

On pp. 1 and 4 two tables of observations taken generally at 13h. and 18h. G.M.T. of "yesterday," and at 0h. and 7h. G.M.T. of "to-day" from about 45 stations in the British Isles, which regularly report to the Meteorological Office, and of the weather in the intervening intervals. These observations are telegraphed in a figure and letter code. The stations are arranged according to Forecast Districts as described at the foot of p. 1 of the report, and also on p. 4 of this Introduction. Whenever it is possible to do so without occupying too much space, the decoded values are set out in full in the table; in other cases, code figures are entered; these are interpreted by reference first to the number printed at the head of the column, and then to the Explanation printed below, where the column numbers are shown in connexion with each of the separate classes of observation. Observations in abridged form for a further selection of stations are printed on the lower part of page 4, and can be interpreted by reference at the head of the columns and to the explanation below.

Barometric Tendency—(Columns 2 and 17)			
The Barometric tendency is expressed in tenths of a millibar.			

Code for wind direction (DD)

Abridged observations (page 4).

Code Number	Direction	Number	Code	Direction
00	Calm	16	S	
01	N by E	17	S by W	
02	NNNE	18	SSW	
03	NE by N	19	SW by S	
04	NE	20	SW	
05	NE by E	21	SW by W	
06	ENE	22	WSW	
07	E by N	23	W by S	
08	E	24	W	
09	E by S	25	W by N	
10	ESE	26	WNW	
11	SE by E	27	NW by W	
12	SE	28	NW	
13	SE by S	29	NW by N	
14	SSE	30	NNW	
15	S by E	31	N by W	
		32	N	

Note 33 is added to DD to denote unusual gustiness, and 67 is added if a definite squall or line squall has occurred during the preceding hour.

Code for Height above ground of base of cloud (h) Abridged reports (page 4).

0 ...	0—150 feet
1 ...	150—300 "
2 ...	300—600 "
3 ...	600—1,000 "
4 ...	1,000—2,000 "
5 ...	2,000—3,000 "
6 ...	3,000—5,000 "
7 ...	5,000—6,500 "
8 ...	6,500—8,000 "
9 ...	above 8,000 feet or no low cloud

Code for cloud amount (Nh and N).

Abridged reports (page 4).			
0 ... 0.	7 ... More than 9 but with openings.	7 ...	More than 9 but with openings.
1 ... Trace.		8 ... 10 tenths.	v with openings.
2 ... 1 tenth.		9 ... 10 tenths.	v with openings.
3 ... 2, 3 tenths.		10 ... Sky obscured by fog, dust storm or other phenomenon.	v with openings.
4 ... 4, 5, 6 tenths.		11 ...	v with openings.
5 ... 7, 8 tenths.		12 ...	v with openings.
6 ... 9 tenths.		13 ...	v with openings.
		14 ...	v with openings.
		15 ...	v with openings.

Code for state of ground (E)—Column 31.

0 ... Ground dry.	7 ... Ground covered with snow, less than 6 ins. deep but ground not frozen.
1 ... wet.	
2 ... flooded.	8 ... covered with snow, less than 6 ins. deep but ground frozen.
3 ... frozen hard and dry.	
4 ... partly covered with snow or hail.	9 ... covered with snow greater than 6 ins. deep.
5 ... covered with ice or glazed frost.	— ... Fresh snow has fallen on the mountains.
6 ... covered with thawing snow.	

THE BEAUFORT SCALE OF WIND FORCE [F] Columns 4, 19

Admiral's	Wind's	Specification for use on Land, based on observations made at British Land Stations.	Limits of Mean Velocities Statute Miles per Hour as recorded by well exposed anemometers about 30 to 40 feet above ground.
Calm; smoke rising vertically...	Less than 1
Direction of wind shown by smoke drift	1-3
Wind felt on face; leaves rustle	4-7
Leaves and small twigs in constant motion; wind extends light flag	8-12
Dust and loose paper; small branches are moved	13-18
Trees in leaf begin to sway; crested wavelets on small waters	19-24
Leaves in motion; whistling heard in telegraph wires	25-31
Small twigs in motion; inconvenience felt when walking	32-38
Large branches in motion; difficulty in moving	39-46
Off trees; generally impedes progress	47-54
Great damage occurs (chimney pots and slate tiles ...)	55-63
Wind forced inland; trees uprooted	64-75
Violent; accompanied by widespread damage	Above 75

Form of Low Cloud (Cl) — Columns 10, 25, and abridged reports (page 4).

- 0 No low cloud.
- 1 Fair weather Cu.
- 2 Large Cu without anvil.
- 3 Cb.
- 4 Sc formed by the spreading out of Cu.
- 5 Layer of St or Sc.
- 6 Ragged low clouds of bad weather (or fractonimbus).
- 7 Fair weather Cu and Sc.
- 8 Large Cu (or Cb) and Sc.
- 9 Large Cu (or Cb) and ragged low clouds of bad weather.

Form of Medium Cloud (Cm) — Columns 11, 26, and abridged reports (page 4).

- 0 No medium cloud.
- 1 Typical As (thin).
- 2 Typical As (thick) (sun or moon invisible), (or Ns)
- 3 Single layer of Ac or high Sc.
- 4 Ac in isolated patches. Individually decreasing (often lenticular).
- 5 Ac in bands (increasing).
- 6 Ac formed from the spreading out of Cu.
- 7 Ac associated with As, or As with parts resembling Ac.
- 8 Ac Castellatus (or Ac in ragged fragments).
- 9 Ac in several layers generally associated with fibrous veils and a chaotic appearance of the sky.

Form of High Cloud (Ch) — Columns 11, 27

- 0 No cirriform cloud.
- 1 Fine Ci not increasing: sparse.
- 2 Fine Ci not increasing: abundant but not a continuous layer.
- 3 Anvil Ci (usually dense).
- 4 Fine Ci increasing: usually in tufts.
- 5 Ci or Cs increasing: still below 45° altitude: often in polar bands.
- 6 Ci or Cs increasing and reaching above 45° altitude: often in polar bands.
- 7 Veil of Cs covering whole sky.
- 8 Cs not increasing and not covering whole sky.
- 9 Cc predominating, and a little ci. (Cc may occur with any of the types 1 to 8).

Cloud Form Abbreviations

Cirrus,—Ci:	Stratocumulus,—Sc:
Cirrocumulus,—Cc:	Stratus,—St:
Cirrostratus,—Cs:	Nimbostratus,—Ns:
Altocumulus,—Ac:	Cumulus,—Cu:
Altostratus,—As:	Cumulonimbus,—Cb:

Cloud Amount — Columns 13, 14, 28, 29

Columns 13, 28. The figures in these columns indicate the amount of cloud at the height given in Columns 15, 30. Columns 14, 29. The figures in these columns indicate the total amount of all forms of cloud. An entry "4-5" means that the cloud amount may be 4, 5 or 6 tenths; similarly for other grouped entries. "tr" signifies a small amount of cloud (trace) covering less than 1/20 of the sky. "9+" signifies sky covered but with a few small openings.

Code for Horizontal Visibility (V) — Columns 9, 24, and abridged reports (page 4).

- Objects not visible at
- 0 Dense fog 55 yards
- 1 Thick fog 220 "
- 2 Fog 550 "
- 3 Moderate fog 1,100 "
- 4 Mist or haze 1½ miles
- 5 Poor visibility 2½ "
- 6 Moderate 6½ "
- 7 Good 12½ "
- 8 Very good 31 "
- 9 Excellent beyond 31m.

Code for State of Sea (S) — Column 32

- 0 Calm—glassy. 5 Rough.
- 1 Calm—rippled. 6 Very rough.
- 2 Smooth. 7 High.
- 3 Slight. 8 Very high.
- 4 Moderate. 9 Phenomenal.

Rainfall — Columns 36, 37

Tr = rain has fallen, but amount less than 0.1 m.m.

Beaufort Notation and Symbols for Weather — Columns 5, 20, 39, 40, 41, 42

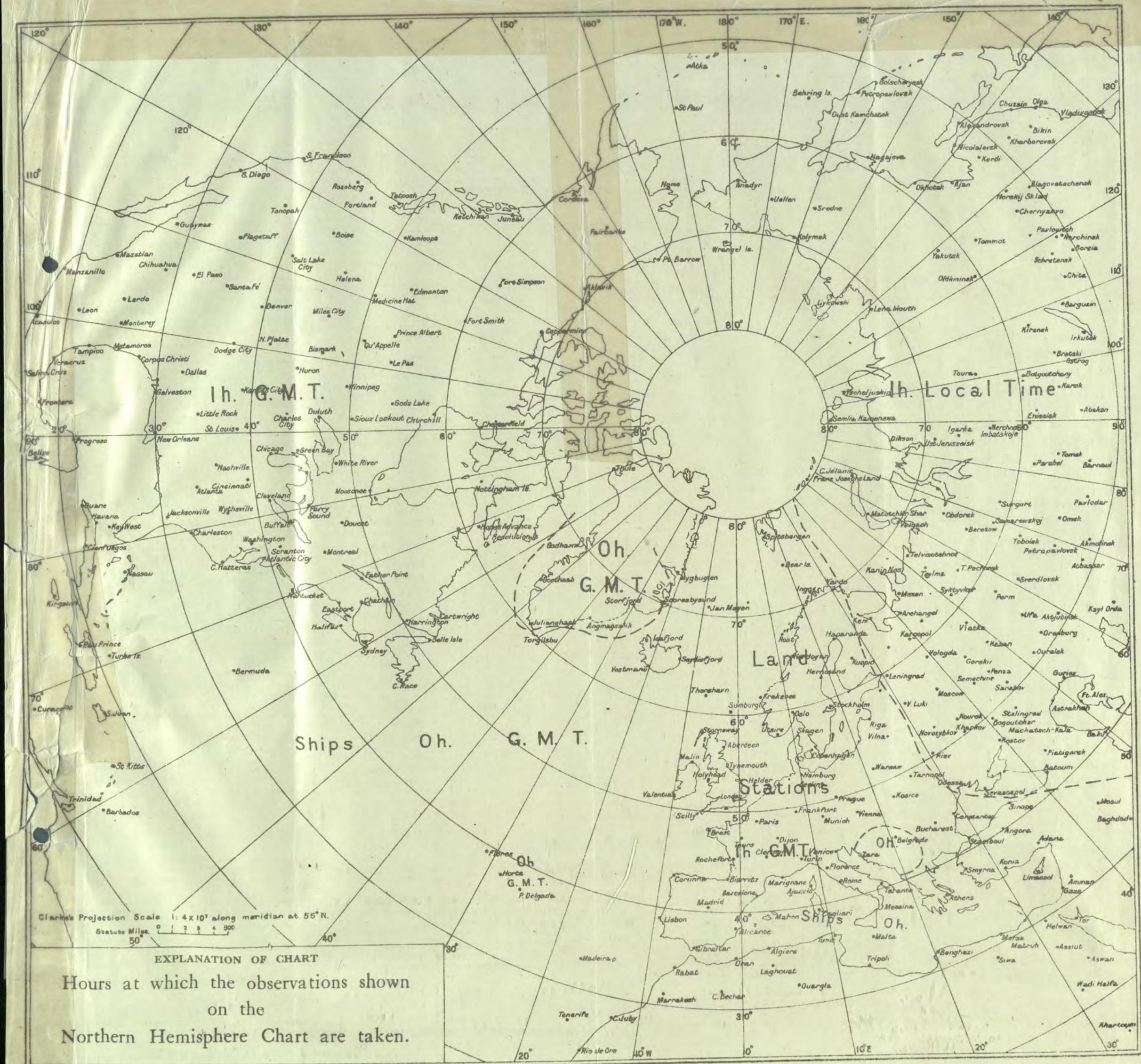
b, blue sky (not more than a quarter covered with cloud).	q, squall.
bc, sky partly cloudy (one half covered).	r, rain.
c, generally cloudy.	rs, sleet.
d, drizzle.	t, thunder.
e, wet air.	u, ugly, threatening sky.
g, gloom.	v, unusual visibility.
f, fog, visibility 220-1100 yds.	w, dew.
F, thick fog, less than 220 yds.	x, hoar frost.
fs, low fog over sea (coast station).	y, dry air.
fg, low fog over land (inland station).	z, dust haze; the turbid atmosphere of dry weather.
m, mist, visibility 1100-2200 yds.	h(r), "hail" or "rain and hail."
h, hail.	Capital letters indicate intense; suffix . indicates slight; repetition of letters indicates continuity: thus R, heavy rain.
i, intermittent.	r., slight rain.
jf, fog at a distance, but not at station.	rr, continuous rain.
jp, precipitation within sight of station.	<, less than (for cloud height).
ks, storm of drifting snow.	gale.
k/s, slight storm of drifting snow (generally low).	② Solar halo. ① Lunar halo. □ Aurora.
k/S, heavy storm of drifting snow (generally low).	With present weather is combined, whenever possible, the general character of the weather.
s/k, slight storm of drifting snow (generally high).	A "solidus" divides actual existing weather from preceding conditions thus:—bc/r, fair weather after rain; —, has decreased; +, has increased.
S/k, heavy storm of drifting snow (generally high).	
KQ, line squall.	
l, lightning.	
p, passing showers	

Explanations of the symbols used for cloud forms in the chart on p. 2 will be found in Form 2459, "Instructions for the Preparation of Weather Maps." H.M. Stationery Office. Price 1/- net.

GALE WARNINGS*

The Meteorological Office issues warnings to ports and fishing stations of gales on or near the coasts of the British Isles. When one of these notices has been received at a station a black canvas cone is hoisted. The signals remain hoisted after the receipt of a warning telegram until danger of a gale is passed.

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FORECAST DISTRICTS AND STATIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND



10°

Scale 1:5000000.

FORECAST DISTRICTS and the Counties comprised within them	
1. England, S.E.	4. Midlands, W.
Kent. Sussex. Surrey. Hampshire. Berkshire. Wiltshire.	Gloucester. Hereford. Worcester. Shropshire. Stafford.
England, E.	5. England, S.W.
Essex. Middlesex. Hertford. Bedford. Huntingdon. Cambridge. Suffolk. Norfolk. Lincoln.	Dorset. Somerset. Monmouth. Devon. Cornwall.
3. Midlands, E.	6. Wales, S.
Buckingham. Oxford. Northampton. Warwick. Leicester. Rutland. Nottingham.	Glamorgan. Brecknock. Carmarthen. Pembroke. Cardigan. Radnor.
7. Wales, N.	8. England, N.W.
Montgomery. Merioneth. Flint. Denbigh. Carnarvon. Anglesey.	Cheshire. Lancashire. Westmorland. Cumberland.
11. Scotland, S.E.	11. Scotland, S.E. (cont.)
Roxburgh. Selkirk. Peebles. Berwick. Haddington. Edinburgh.	Linlithgow. Clackmannan. Kinross. Fife. Forfar.
13A. Scotland, W.	12. Scotland, S.W., and Isle of Man.
Cairnvaron. Anglesey.	Isle of Man. Dumfries. Kirkcudbright. Durham. Northumberland.
13. Scotland, N.W.	14. Mid Scotland.
Invergordon. Lossiemouth.	Perth. Ayr. Renfrew. Dumbarton. Stirling.
15. Scotland, N.W.	15. Scotland, N.E.
Cape Wrath. Invergordon. Lossiemouth.	Western parts of Inverness, Ross and Cromarty, Sutherland. (Boundary line runs from Rannoch Station through Fort Augustus, Beauly and Lairg to Melvich.)
16. Orkneys and Shetlands.	16. Orkneys and Shetlands.
17. Ireland, N.W.	17. Ireland, N.W.
Galway. Roscommon. Mayo. Sligo. Leitrim.	Galway. Roscommon. Mayo. Sligo. Leitrim.
18. Ireland, N.E.	18. Ireland, N.E.
Meath. West Meath. Longford. Cavan. Fermanagh. Monaghan. Antrim. Down. Armagh.	Meath. West Meath. Longford. Cavan. Fermanagh. Monaghan. Antrim. Down. Armagh.
19. Ireland, S.E.	20. Ireland, S.W.
Waterford. Wexford. Kilkenny. Carlow. Wicklow. Offaly. Leix. Kildare. Dublin.	Cork. Kerry. Limerick. Tipperary. Clare.

NOTES ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Standard of Time.—Greenwich Mean Time is exclusively used throughout the Report.

Stations.—*Kew*.—Temperature readings at Kew are taken in a large louvred screen placed against the north wall of the observatory. The thermometer bulb is at a height of 10 feet above the ground immediately surrounding the building. This ground is raised a few feet above the general level of the Old Deer Park in which the observatory stands.

London Observations.—As from 1st January, 1934, the rainfall measurements at all the London stations where rain gauges are maintained, refer to two periods, day and night. The day period at Kew and Croydon is 7h. to 18h. G.M.T.; at all other stations it is 9h. to 18h. G.M.T.

Point of Ayre.—The first observations are made at 0030 G.M.T. instead of at 0100 G.M.T.

Heights of Stations.—The heights of British Stations above M.S.L. refer to the plot of ground on which the rain gauge is situated.

Pressure.—The distribution of barometric pressure at Mean Sea Level is shown by means of isobars which are drawn for intervals of 2 millibars on page 2 of the Report and for intervals of 4 millibars on Page 3.

The wind at a height of 1,500-2,000 feet above ground usually blows along the isobars and, for the same temperature, pressure and latitude, the speed of the wind is inversely proportional to the distance between the isobars, e.g., for isobars 1 inch apart for the chart on Page 2 the speed of the upper wind is about 24 m.p.h. in latitude 55°, with a temperature of 50° F. and a pressure of 1,015 mb.; if, however, the isobars are $\frac{1}{2}$ inch apart the corresponding speed is 48 m.p.h.

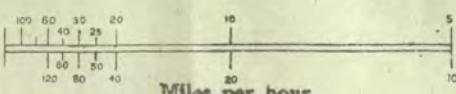
The scales below can be used to determine the theoretical wind as deduced from the pressure distribution on either chart. On the assumption that the path of the air is straight this theoretical wind is called the Geostrophic Wind.

If the distance between consecutive isobars is measured along the scale from the left-hand extremity the geostrophic wind is shown by the scale in miles per hour.

GEOSTROPHIC WIND SCALES

Upper Scale—8 mb isobars on 1 : 4 $\times 10^7$ Charts.

Lower Scale—2 mb .. . 1 : 5 $\times 10^8$..



This scale applies under the following conditions:—

Pressure, 1,015 mb. Temperature, 50° F. Latitude, 55°.

Corrections.—For an increase of 10 mb pressure, subtract 1% from velocity; for an increase of 10° F. add 2%. From Latitude 55° to Latitude 65° subtract 1% for each degree above 55°. From Latitude 55° to Latitude 45° add 1% for each degree below 55°.

Temperature.—Temperature is specified in degrees Fahrenheit, and is shown on the charts by means of figures written alongside the positions of the stations.

Relative Humidity.—Relative Humidity at British stations is calculated from the following hygrometric formulae:—

$$\text{Relative humidity} = \frac{100x}{F}$$

$x = f - .444(t - t')$ for wet bulb readings above 32° F.

$x = f - .400(t - t')$ for wet bulb readings below 32° F.

where x is the vapour pressure in mb.

F the saturation vapour pressure at the temperature of the dry bulb;

For air temperatures below 32° F. the value of F used is that appropriate to an ice surface.

f the saturation vapour pressure at the temperature of the wet bulb;

For wet bulb temperatures below 32° F. the value of f used is that appropriate to an ice surface.

t the dry bulb temperature; and

t' the wet bulb temperature.

The entries in columns 7 and 22 are limited to 10, 25, 35, etc., to 85, 92 and 97. Entry 10 indicates that relative humidity is from 0 to 19; 25, between 20 and 29; and so on; 92, from 90 to 94; 97 between 95 and 100.

The values of Dew Point given in columns (8) and (23) are derived from the original readings of dry—and wet—bulb temperature and are correct to one degree Fahr. Values below 32° F. give the "Hoar Frost Point," that is to say the temperature for which the actual vapour pressure is equal to the saturation pressure over ice.

Wind.—All wind directions specified in the reports are "true," as distinguished from "magnetic." The arrows indicating wind direction are drawn to fly with the wind. Each feather denotes two steps on the Beaufort Scale; thus force 5 is indicated by two whole feathers and one half feather.

Adjusted Readings.—Where an instrumental reading is found to be in error and some adjustment is necessary, such adjusted reading is published in brackets thus (59).

N.B.—Readers of the Report who are unacquainted with the method of construction and the use of weather charts are recommended to read "The Weather Map: An Introduction to Modern Meteorology," (3rd Edition, 1939), to be purchased from H.M. Stationery Office, York House, Kingsway, W.C.2, price 3s. 2d. post free.

Corrections and additions can be obtained, if required, on application to the Meteorological Office.



DUPPLICATE ~~SECRET~~

MONTHLY
SUPPLEMENT

Page 1.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT

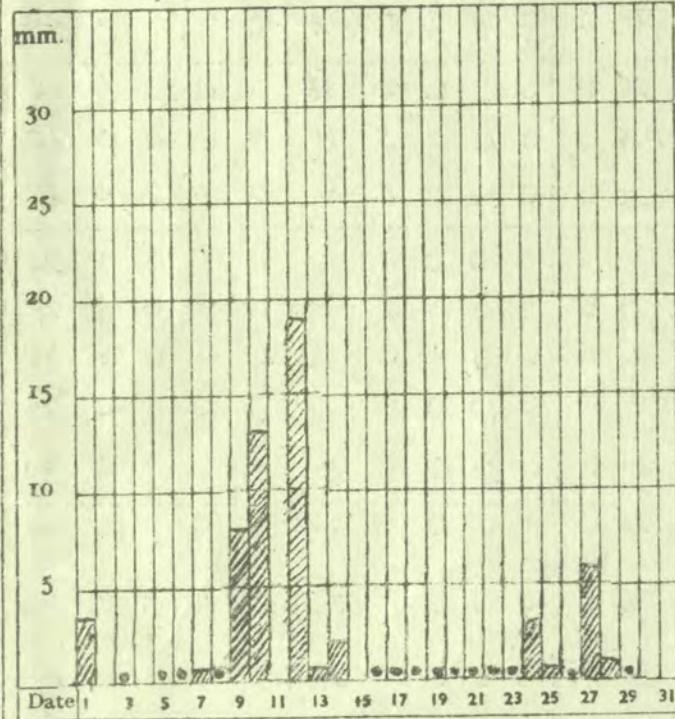
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, LONDON

SEPTEMBER 1943. No. 321

Unsettled; rather wet.

Cyclonic conditions prevailed over the British Isles for the greater part of the month. The centres of the depressions usually passed well to the north of Britain but the systems were generally very extensive and the associated fronts brought periods of continuous rain or drizzle alternating with showers and fair intervals. From the 9th to 14th however pressure was high to the N.E. of Britain while a large depression over the Bay of Biscay moved slowly north and the strong S.E. gradient caused thundery conditions to spread northwards over the country. The warmest days of the month occurred during this period, maxima over 70°F being common in the South. Thorney Island reached 78°F(2nd) and Croydon 77°F(11th), while maxima around 67°F were recorded in Scotland. Rather general thunderstorms caused some notable falls in the South - 31mm at Ross (12th) 24mm at Granwell (10th) and 22mm at Shoeburyness (2nd). The storms were frequently accompanied by fog, visibility during the period being poor. A westerly type was renewed on the 15th and on the 19th a large intense depression near Iceland moved E.S.E. towards Denmark causing polar air in its rear to flood the country by the 21st; a cold anticyclone over the Atlantic maintained cold conditions over Britain until the 28th. Day maxima during this spell were rarely over 55°F. Direct northerlies on the 26th produced the coldest night of the month when minima around 35°F and bad ground frosts were widespread. Screen frosts were reported from Scotland and Eskdalemuir recorded a screen min. of 23°F. On the 27th a vigorous depression N.W. of Scotland moved rapidly S.E. and was accompanied by general rain and strong winds with gales in western districts and sleet in central Scotland, Aberdeen recording 32mm of rain. On the 29th another large depression moved eastward across Iceland and brought milder conditions with drizzle and fog to western districts; these conditions covered the country by the 30th and brought the cold spell to an end. Gales were reported from N.W. Scotland on the 4th, 13th and in western districts of Britain on the 27th and 28th. Morning fog or mist was fairly frequent and ground frosts occurred locally on the 9th and were common during the cold spell.

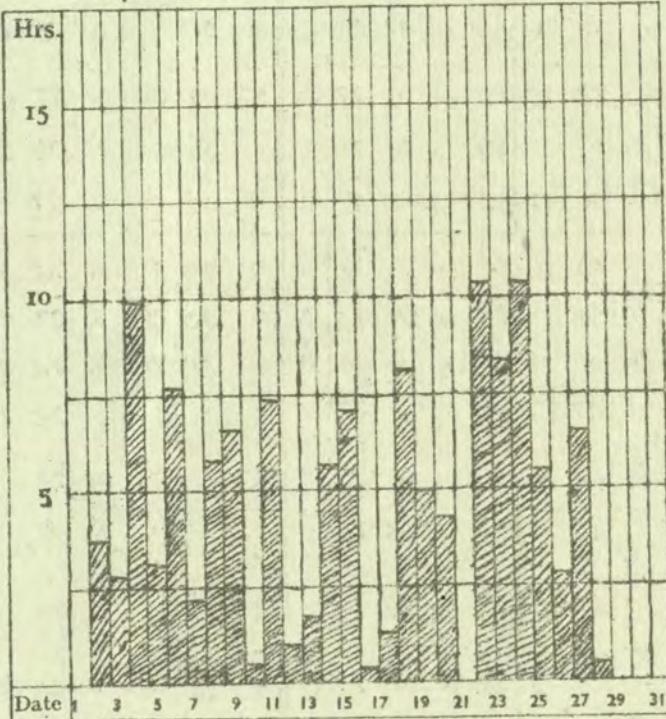
Daily Rainfall at KEW Observatory.



● = less than 0.5 mm.

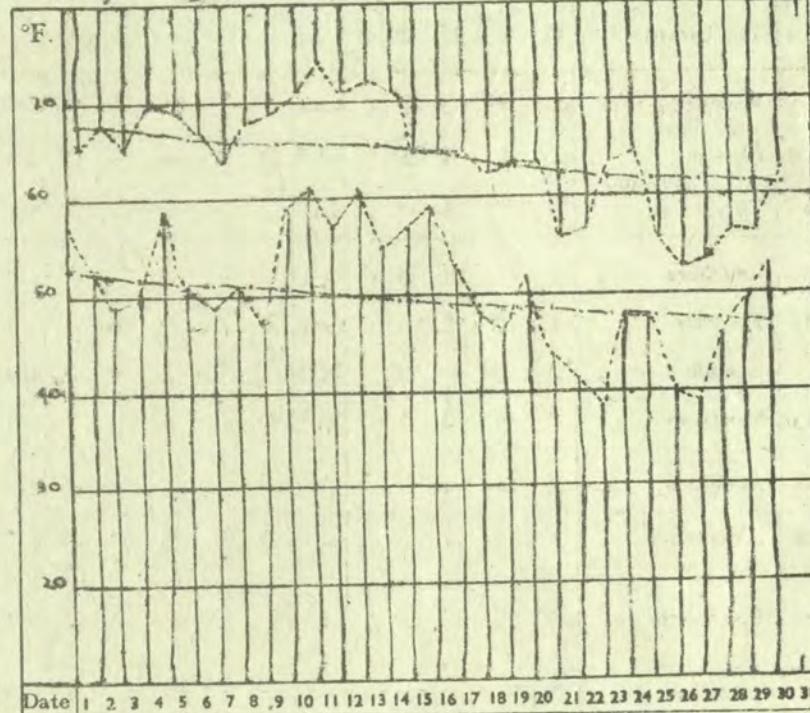
RAINFALL. Total for Month. 57.4 mm.

Daily Sunshine at KEW Observatory.



SUNSHINE. Total for Month. 130 hrs.

Daily Range of Temperature at KEW Observatory.



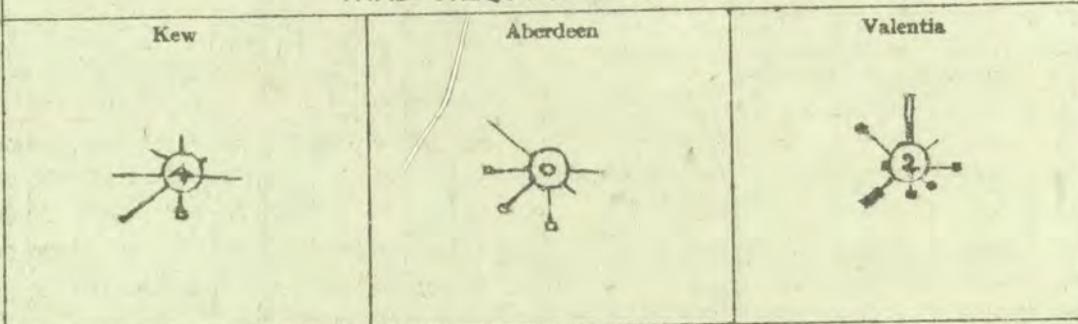
TEMPERATURE. The pecked curves indicate the maximum temperature recorded each day, and the minimum temperature each night throughout the month. The chain lines show normal values.

MEAN VALUES FOR THE MONTH.*

STATIONS.	PRESSURE		TEMPERATURE	
	Mean mb	Difference from average mb.	Mean °F.	Difference from average °F.
Kew	1010.7	-4.7	57.5	-1.0
Aberdeen	1011.8	-2.7	53.0	-0.2
Valentia	1015.8	-0.5	55.6	-1.0

* Pressure—The mean is for the 24 hours. It is derived from values at 7 h. and 23 h. duly corrected.
Temperature—mean of Max. and Min.

WIND FREQUENCIES at 7 hr.



"RUN" of WIND, or total displacement of air relative to the anemographs.

	miles.
Kew	4829
Aberdeen	5446
Lerwick	13402
Valentia	*

SUMMARY OF RECORDS OF TEMPERATURE, LOW CLOUD, VISIBILITY,

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	TEMPERATURE.												LOW CLOUD.						FOG, MIST and GOOD VISIBILITY.																						
		Number of daily readings within fixed limits.						Extremes—Warmest and Coldest.						Number of observations within fixed limits.			Number of observations within fixed limits.			7 h.			13 h.																			
		Maximum.			Minimum.			Days.			Nights.			7 h.			13 h.			18 h.			7 h.																			
		42°	50°	50°	60°	68°	69°	77°	78°	86°	60°	68°	Average Maximum.	24°	32°	33°	41°	42°	51°	60°	68°	72°	80°	88°	96°	104°	112°															
1	London (Kew Obsy).	0	7	15	8	0	65.7	0	4	11	13	2	51.3	74	11	53	27	61	13	40	26	5	0	26	0	1	28	0	0	0	3	1	5	0	0	0	0	21				
	Croydon	0	7	11	12	0	65.6	0	4	11	13	2	50.5	77	11	55	27	61	13	35	27	2	8	12	2	0	28	0	0	18	4	0	0	3	5	9	0	0	0	0	20	
	Thorney Island	0	4	16	9	1	65.2	0	5	13	11	1	52.2	78	12	56	21	60	13	33	24	1	3	18	0	2	24	0	0	24	0	0	1	0	21	0	0	0	0	28		
	Lympne	*	*	*	*	*	64.1	0	3	15	10	2	50.3	72	8	64	1	61	13	37	27	0	5	16	1	3	21	1	3	20	0	0	0	7	12	0	0	0	0	23		
2	Shoeburyness	0	6	11	13	0	66.5	0	4	10	13	3	50.5	75	13	56	27	62	11	37	27	0	2	15	0	0	26	0	1	18	3	0	1	0	1	13	0	0	0	1	16	
	Gorleston	0	7	20	3	0	64.2	0	0	11	14	5	52.0	70	13	52	27	61	13	42	23	0	11	16	0	1	27	0	3	22	0	0	0	1	17	0	0	1	0	24		
	Cranwell	0	7	17	6	0	64.1	0	6	12	12	0	48.2	75	14	54	27	59	10	38	27	0	6	13	0	4	22	2	3	22	0	0	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	1	15	
3	Birmingham (Edgbaston)	0	9	18	3	0	62.8	0	2	16	11	1	49.7	72	13	53	26	60	13	39	27	3	6	11	0	1	28	0	2	26	0	0	0	4	4	11	0	0	0	0	20	
4	Ross-on-Wye	0	6	18	6	0	64.3	0	7	11	11	1	49.2	74	13	53	27	61	13	35	22	2	5	20	0	0	30	0	1	27	0	0	3	3	0	18	0	0	0	0	28	
5	The Lizard	0	8	22	0	0	64.0	0	0	0	3	21	0	66	13	54	26	59	14	44	27	*	4	26	0	3	27	0	2	28	0	0	0	2	0	24	0	0	3	0	24	
7	Holyhead (Valley)	0	9	19	2	0	60.6	0	1	15	14	0	52.7	73	12	53	27	59	14	38	27	0	5	22	0	3	27	0	3	26	0	0	0	0	2	23	0	0	0	1	25	
8	Chester (Sealand)	0	9	18	3	0	62.5	0	2	14	14	0	48.1	71	11	53	27	59	13	34	22	2	1	26	0	1	29	0	1	28	0	0	0	1	11	0	0	0	0	20		
10	Tynemouth	1	13	16	0	0	60.3	0	3	10	17	0	50.1	68	14	50	27	56	14	24	35	27	0	3	20	0	2	27	0	0	30	0	0	0	1	4	6	0	0	2	0	20
11	Leuchars	0	20	0	0	60.6	1	4	14	11	0	45.8	68	1	49	26	56	14	31	27	3	7	20	1	5	24	1	6	20	2	0	0	0	1	19	0	1	0	0	24		
12	Renfrew	1	10	19	0	0	60.4	2	7	8	13	0	45.6	67	9	50	27	58	14	28	27	3	6	20	0	2	27	0	7	23	0	0	0	2	20	0	0	0	0	25		
	Eskdalemuir	2	17	11	0	0	58.0	2	9	12	6	0	43.4	60	9	47	27	55	14	23	27	11	5	24	0	6	24	0	5	24	0	0	0	3	0	18	0	0	0	1	22	
13B	Stornoway	3	14	13	0	0	56.8	0	8	12	10	0	47.1	65	11	47	26	55	12	37	27	1	4	22	3	3	24	2	6	21	2	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	26	
15	Aberdeen	2	14	14	0	0	59.3	0	7	12	11	0	47.1	68	19	48	26	56	14	35	28	1	5	23	0	5	22	1	5	21	2	0	0	0	1	25	0	0	0	0	24	
18	Aldergrove	1	14	15	0	0	60.6	0	4	16	10	0	47.0	66	9	47	22	56	12	35	27	1	5	24	1	5	25	0	5	24	0	0	0	1	25	0	0	0	0	24		
19	Birr Castle	0	9	21	0	0	61.7	1	2	12	15	0	47.9	67	11	50	27	58	13	30	27	1	5	22	0	2	28	0	4	26	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	30		
20	Valentia (Cahirciveen)	0	16	14	0	0	61.2	0	1	8	21	0	52.0	66	13	54	26	58	10	37	27	0	4	25	1	4	24	2	6	21	3	0	0	0	1	26	0	0	1	0	26	

UPPER AIR TEMPERATURE. 23°F

* Maximum thermometer broken.

UPPER WINDS.
No. of records of Velocity (km./hr.) within fixed limits.
Pressure mb.	Normal Height Feet.	BIRCHAM NEWTON.		ALDERGROVE.		PENZANCE.		STATION.	LYMPNE.						EXETER Mt. Batten.	HOLYHEAD (Valley).						PRESTWICK						STATION.
Normal Temp. °F.	Mean																											

SUNSHINE, RAINFALL, AND HUMIDITY SEPTEMBER 1943.

Page 3.

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	SUNSHINE.												RAINFALL.												Days with Thunder.	Days with Snow or Sleet.										
		Number of Days with Duration.				Maximum Duration.				Total for past 12 months.				Highest and Lowest Totals on record for Month.				Number of days with amount.				Maximum fall in 24 hours.															
		Nil.	0·1-3h.	3·1-6h.	6·1-9h.	Above 9h.	Hours.	Date.	Total for Month.	Difference from average.	First year of record.	Highest Year.	Lowest Year.	0, trace or 0·1 mm.	0-2-1 mm.	1-1-5 mm.	5-1-15 mm.	15-1-25 mm.	Above 25 mm.	mm.	Date.	Total for Month.	Difference from average.	First year of record.	Highest Year.	Lowest Year.											
1	London (Kew Obsy) ...	4	8	7	8	3	163	24	1408	-61	130	-16	1880	224	1911	90	1936	16	7	3	3	1	0	19·0	12	587	-19	57	+9	1856	145	1918	4	1929	3	0	0
	Croydon ...	4	10	3	9	4	111	4	1573	+48	142	-9	1922	205	1928	89	1936	20	4	3	3	0	0	78	10	678	-1	35	-15	1921	134	1927	4	1929	3	0	0
	Thorney Island **	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	16	6	5	3	0	0	13·9	10	637	-56	44	-11	1881	216	1896	2	1910	3	0	0				
	Lympne ...	3	5	5	11	6	11·8	4	1793	+28	177	+9	1921	244	1928	106	1936	17	5	5	3	0	0	132	9	651	-73	46	-12	1920	122	1933	5	1941	1	0	0
2	Shoeburyness ...	1	7	8	11	3	11·1	4	1755	+39	163	0	1919	237	1928	108	1941	17	3	6	3	1	0	22·0	12	559	+56	64	+22	1920	93	1930	5	1941	2	0	0
	Gorleston ...	2	6	9	10	3	11·1	6	1792	+149	153	-5	1908	222	1928	109	1932	13	7	4	6	0	0	13·0	9	596	-26	76	+26	1871	163	1930	4	1898	1	0	0
	Cranwell ...	3	2	5	9	5	10·9	2	1623	+85	152	+9	1921	186	1933	77	1941	18	4	4	3	1	0	23·6	10	623	+33	60	+15	1917	126	1935	12	1928	2	0	0
3	Birmingham (Edgbaston) ...	1	13	7	8	1	10·1	19	1400	+96	126	+2	1887	216	1895	67	1909	16	8	2	4	0	0	12·0	1	681	+7	45	-1	1893	165	1918	12	1895	1	0	0
	Ross-on-Wye ...	1	8	11	8	2	10·3	22	1506	+21	134	-2	1915	205	1929	91	1936	13	5	7	4	0	1	30·8	12	709	-8	85	+36	1859	174	1876	2	1865	2	0	0
5	Falmouth (Observatory) ...	4	10	4	6	6	11·5	8	1624	-86	143	-15	1881	235	1906	99	1932	9	4	9	6	2	0	22·8	13	956	-151	111	+37	1871	206	1918	9	1995	3	0	0
7	Holyhead (Valley) ...	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1914	209	1933	107	1916	7	10	8	3	2	0	24·4	17	940	+53	96	+28	1871	189	1918	7	1894	1	0	0
8	Chester (Sealand) ...	5	7	8	9	1	10·6	8	1602	+226	130	0	1923	174	1933	80	1936	9	4	10	7	0	0	14·4	14	723	+85	103	+54	1922	118	1935	9	1941	2	0	0
10	Tynemouth ...	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1935	*	*	*	*	15	3	5	7	0	0	12·0	27	567	-54	77	+31	1915	115	1918	18	1941	1	0	0
11	Leuchers ...	2	10	5	10	3	10·6	2	1610	+140	143	+4	1922	172	1942	82	1936	17	5	4	3	1	0	15·9	4	579	-74	55	+6	1922	126	1927	13	1929	0	0	0
12	Renfrew ...	4	9	7	10	0	9·0	16	1298	+105	119	+1	1921	152	1928	73	1936	8	10	9	2	1	0	21·9	4	1151	+212	66	0	1921	157	1935	16	1933	0	0	0
	Eskdalemuir ...	8	10	4	7	1	9·8	9	1183	-18	83	-28	1910	153	1933	75	1931	9	7	5	4	5	0	23·4	27	1705	+276	149	+55	1910	242	1918	25	1910	1	0	0
13B	Stornoway ...	5	10	8	5	2	12·0	10	1067	-148	109	-1	1881	175	1905	73	1987	8	7	7	7	1	0	16·8	27	1319	+117	91	-4	1870	201	1900	12	1894	0	0	0
15	Aberdeen ...	4	8	8	9	1	10·8	18	1385	+56	126	0	1881	199	1906	57	1881	16	4	8	0	0	2	32·2	27	698	-50	83	+27	1871	162	1927	14	1941	1	0	0
18	Aldergrove ...	8	10	5	7	0	87	9	1326	0	85	-37	1927	175	1933	96	1931	5	13	8	4	0	0	14·6	4	865	+27	65	+2	1926	143	1934	13	1933	0	0	0
19	Birr Castle ...	4	12	10	4	0	77	23	1205	-101	91	-28	1881	182	1895	80	1908	3	7	12	3	0	0	13·0	12	812	-15	71	+13	1862	172	1924	8	1894	0	0	0
20	Valentia (Cahirciveen) ...	5	12	7	5	1	107	11	1263	-105	99	-28	1880	205	1933	78	1922	4	10	12	1	2	1	26·0	12	1252	-262	116	+11	1866	253	1875	24	1909	0	0	0

MINIMUM SURFACE HUMIDITY.

NO. OF DAYS (MDT. TO MDT.) WITH MINIMA BETWEEN FIXED LIMITS

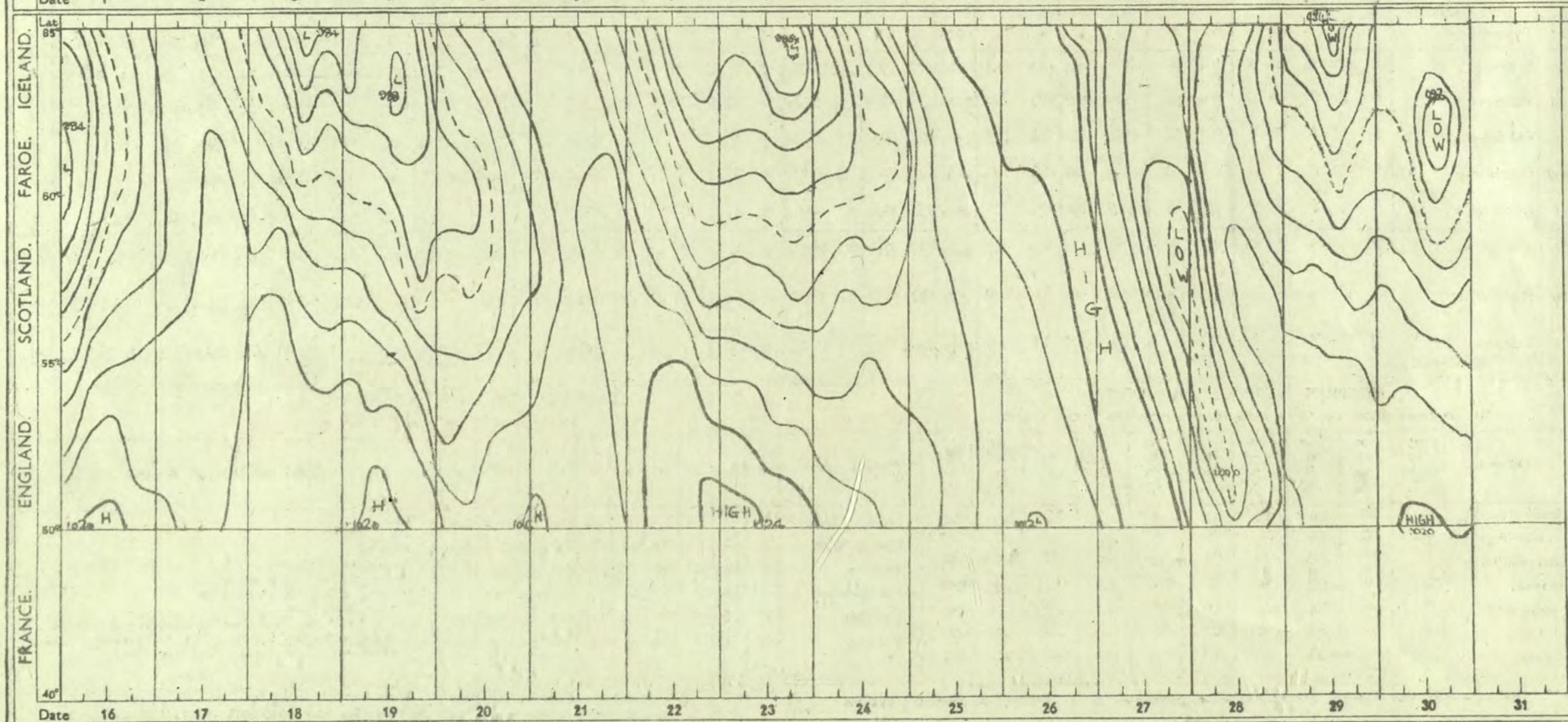
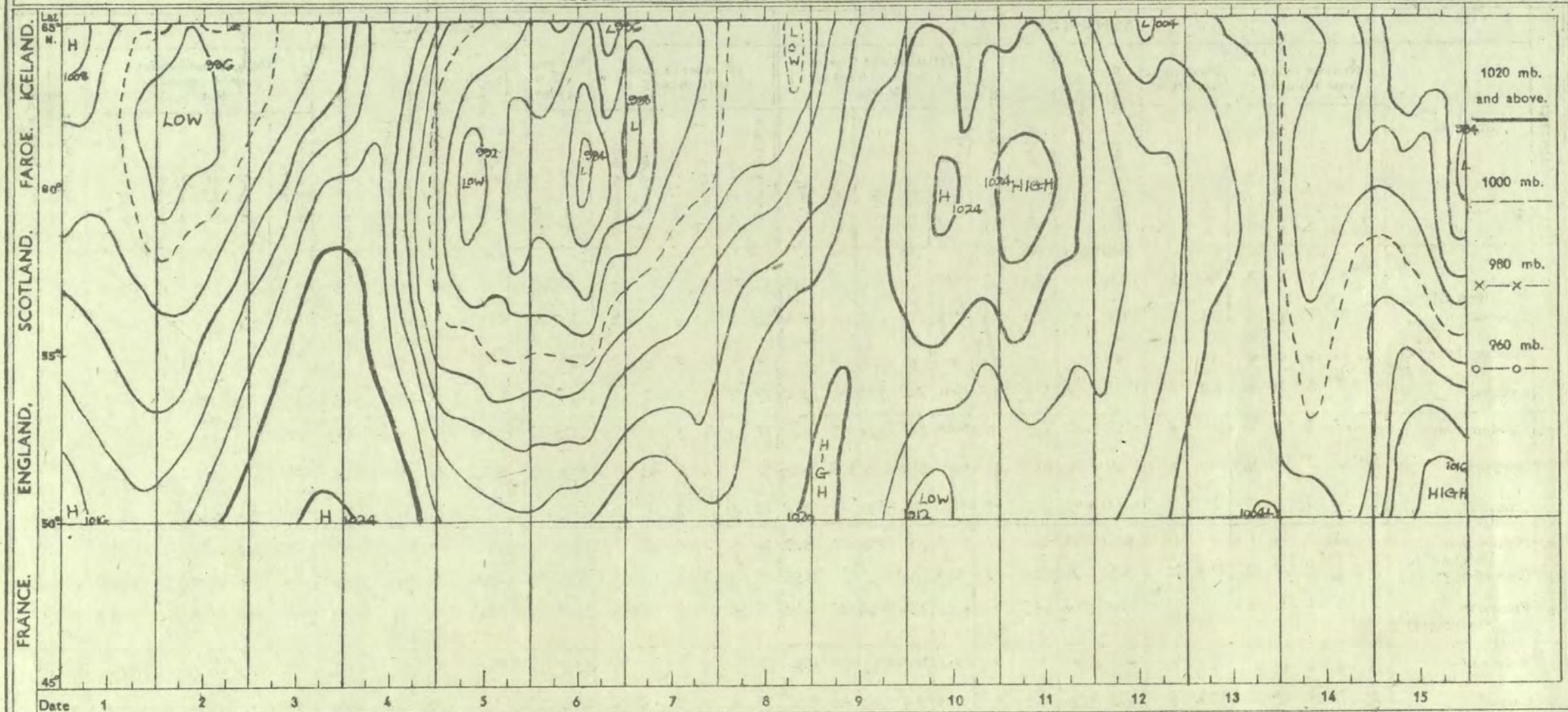
STATIONS.	95 to 100 %	90 to 94 %	80 to 89 %	70 to 79 %	60 to 59 %	50 to 49 %	40 to 39 %	30 to 29 %	20 to 19 %	o to 19 %

<tbl_r cells="11" ix="3" maxcspan="1" maxrspan="1" usedcols="11

PRESSURE: ICELAND TO GULF OF LIONS September

1943.

ISOPLETHS BASED ON SIX-HOURLY OBSERVATIONS.



* The diagram is obtained by drawing a line from Akureyri in Iceland to the south of France near Marseilles. The points at which the isobars drawn for 4 mb. pressure intervals intersect this line at 1h., 7h., 13h. and 18h. are plotted consecutively and joined to show the variation of pressure from day to day at any point in the line. The line terminates at Lat. 66° N., Long. 18° W., in the north; at Lat. 44° N., Long. 4° E., in the south.

SECRET

Wednesday 1st September 1943

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BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 1st September 1943

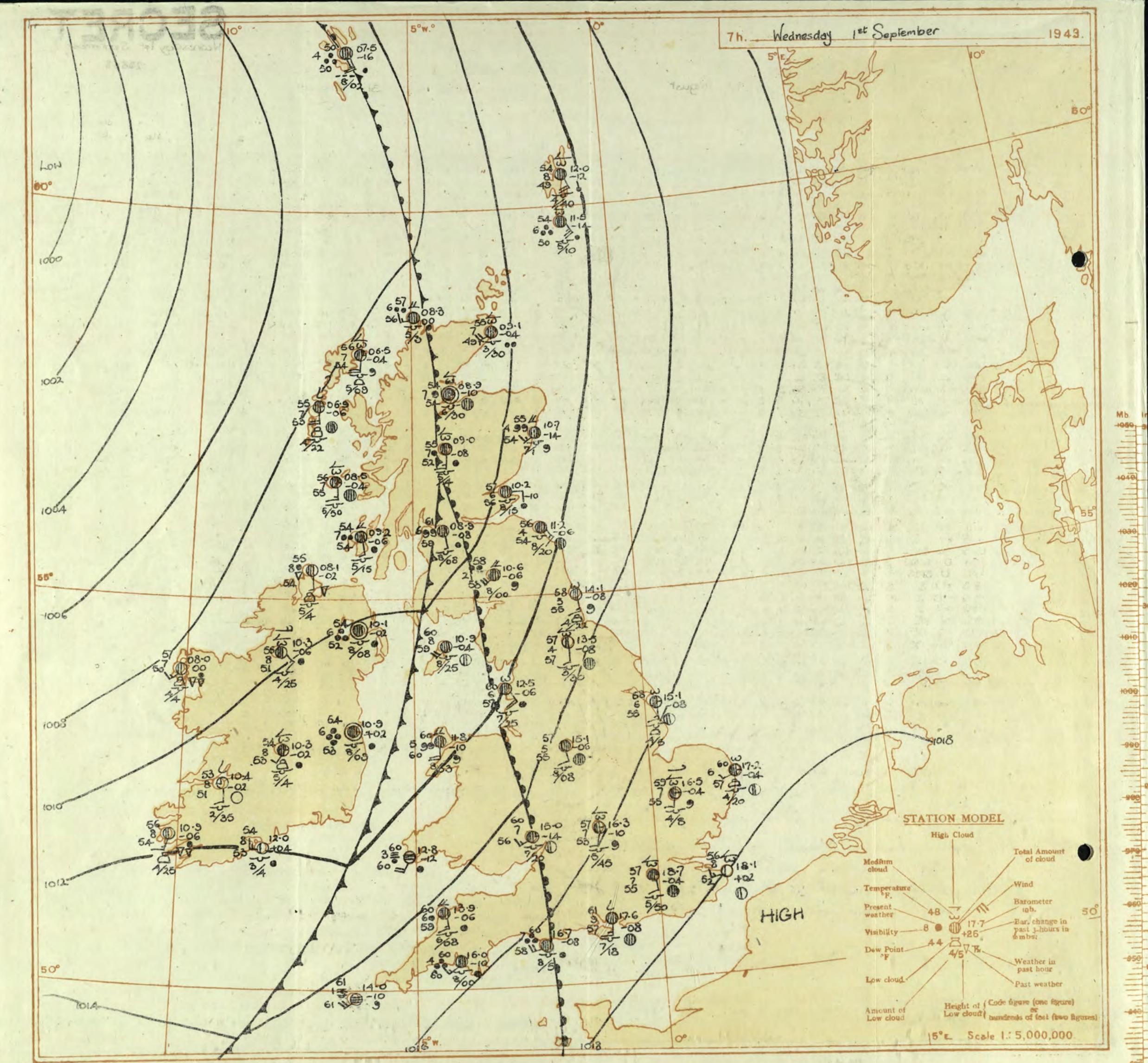
No 29868

PAST 24 HOURS.

District.	Stations. (For heights see p. 4.)	Observations at 13h. G.M.T. 31st August												Observations at 18h. G.M.T. 31st August												Past 24 Hours.										
		Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Weather.										
		Barrn. at M.S.L. mb. (1)	Change in 8 hours. (2)	Direc. (3)	Force (4)	Weather. (5)	Temp. °F. (6)	Humid. % (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visibility. 0-9 (9)	Form. (10)	Amount. Low (11)	Height of Base (feet) (12)	Form. (13)	Amount. Low (14)	Height of Base (feet) (15)	Form. (16)	Wind. at M.S.L. (17)	Weather. (18)	Temp. °F. (19)	Humid. % (20)	Dew Point. °F. (21)	Visibility. 0-9 (22)	Form. (23)	Amount. Low (24)	Height of Base (feet) (25)	Form. (26)	Amount. Low (27)	Height of Base (feet) (28)	Form. (29)	Amount. Low (30)	Height of Base (feet) (31)	State of Ground. (32)	Sea. 0-8 (33)	Th.-13h. 31st	13h.-18h. 31st
1 London (Kew)	19.8 -2 WNW 2 C bcc 65 65 51 8 7 4 1 7.8 7.8 2500 18.9 -2 W's 2 ebc 67 55 52 8 7 3 - 7.8 7.8 4000 0 * c2obyc 6bcw 6bcw	20.6 +6 C bcc 67 55 50 8 7 - 7.8 7.8 3500 19.6 -6 W's 2 c 67 65 54 8 5 3 8 7.8 9 5000 0 * c2ocy 6bcybcybcmbca cm,c	S. Farnborough	19.8 -2 SW 2 C 68 65 53 8 7 7 - 7.8 9 2000 19.1 -2 WNW 2 cbc 67 55 52 8 4 4 9 2.3 7.8 3000 0 * cmoc 6bcybcybcmbca cbcc	Boscombe Down	19.7 0 WNW 1 C bcc 66 55 51 8 2 6 - 7.8 7.8 2800 19.3 -2 NSW 2 bcc 65 50 58 8 4 8 3 2.3 7.8 3500 0 * cbm,cbay 6bcybcybcmbca cbcc	Thorney Island	19.7 +2 SW 1 C bcc 63 55 53 9 8 4 - 7.8 7.8 2500 19.5 0 NSW 3 bc 65 55 58 8 3 3 9 Tr 4.6 4000 0 * bccy 6bcybcybcmbca cbcc	Lyminge	19.5 0 NNW 2 C 65 55 51 7 5 5 - 7.8 9+ 2500 19.7 +4 WSW 2 Z 63 56 56 6 5 5 - 3 9 5 5000 0 * 2 bccbc 6bcybcybcmbca cbcc	Manston	19.0 -4 NE 2 C 66 55 47 8 7 - 3 9 3 4000 18.8 -2 SE 3 C 62 75 54 7 - 3 - 0 9 3+ - 0 * bccmbccy 6bcybcybcmbca cbcc																								
1 Shoeburyness	19.4 -2 NW 2 C 67 55 50 8 5 - - 9+ 9+ 4000 19.3 -2 ESE 3 bcc 65 75 57 8 5 7 - 4.6 7.8 4000 0 * cmobacy 6bcybcybcmbca c	18.9 +4 N'S 1 C 67 55 48 8 5 - - 9+ 9+ 4000 18.8 -2 SW 1 c 66 55 51 8 5 - - 9+ 9+ 4000 0 * bcc 6cy 6bc 6bcmbca	Felixstowe	18.2 +8 NNE 2 C 61 75 54 7 8 - - 9 9 1200 19.0 0 - 0 - 0 * c 60 85 54 7 5 7 2 4.6 7.8 1500 0 * c 6bc 6bcmbca	Gorleston	18.6 -2 SWW 2 C 66 65 52 8 7 - - 4.6 9+ 2500 18.7 -2 E'N 1 bc 64 65 53 8 2 3 1 4.6 4000 1 * cmobcm,cm,cyc 6bc 6bcmbca	Mildenhall	18.5 +2 W 2 C 63 65 52 6 7 - - 7.8 9+ 2500 17.9 -6 Z 65 65 53 6 4 7 - 4.6 9+ 6000 0 * cmobccz 6bc 6bcmbca	Cranwell	18.5 +2 W 2 C 63 65 52 6 7 - - 7.8 9+ 2500 17.9 -6 Z 65 65 53 6 4 7 - 4.6 9+ 6000 0 * cmobccz 6bc 6bcmbca																										
3 Birmingham	18.7 0 WSW 2 C 65 55 49 8 5 7 - 7.8 9+ 4000 17.9 -4 NSW 2 bcc 65 65 52 8 5 7 - 4.6 7.8 4000 1 * cbc 6bc 6bcmbca	Upper Heyford	18.9 -2 WSW 2 Cbc 66 65 52 8 7 3 6 4.6 7.8 3500 18.6 0 NSW 3 c 65 65 52 8 5 7 - 1 9+ 8500 0 * cbc 6bc 6bcmbca	Ross-on-Wye	19.0 0 WSW 2 C 65 65 52 8 7 4 9+ 6 NSW 3 c 63 65 52 8 5 7 - 1 9+ 8500 0 * cbc 6bc 6bcmbca																															
5 Hartland Point	19.6 -4 W 4 bc 60 75 51 8 2 4 - 2 1 46 1500 18.4 -8 S - 3 dd 58 57 58 5 8 2 - 9 10 800 1 * 3 ciddo 6bcddc	Bristol	20.1 0 W 3 C 64 65 54 7 5 - 3 9 2800 19.5 -6 W 2 c 68 85 57 8 5 8 - 9+ 4300 0 * cmobddc 6bc	Portland Bill	20.7 0 W 3 C 64 85 61 8 2 4 - 46 10 4000 19.7 -2 SW 3 c 60 85 56 8 2 4 - 4.6 9 4000 1 * corr 6bc	Plymouth	21.5 -2 SWW 2 C 61 75 53 9 5 7 - 4.6 9 3000 20.5 -6 NSW 3 /f 58 97 58 7 5 7 - 9 10 1500 1 * cmobdc 6bc	The Lizard	20.9 -4 W 2 C 63 75 56 8 5 - - 9+ 9+ 2000 19.7 -10 SW 2 of+ 69 97 58 3 5 - - 10 10 400 0 * cmobfe 6bc	Scilly (St. Mary's)	20.2 -6 SSW 4 o/p 61 85 56 7 5 - - 10 10 1200 18.5 -12 SW 3 f 60 97 60 2 - - 10 10 150 0 * cdcc 6bc	Guernsey	19.8 -2 SW 4 C 60 85 56 7 5 - - 10 10 1200 18.5 -12 SW 3 f 60 97 60 2 - - 10 10 150 0 * cdcc 6bc																							
6 Pembroke	19.8 -2 SW 4 C 60 85 56 8 5 - - 9+ 9+ 3000 18.0 -6 SSW 5 rf 59 97 69 2 - - 10 10 <150 1 * 3 ororof 6bc	Holyhead (Valley)	18.3 -4 SSW 4 C 63 75 54 8 8 3 - - 7.8 9+ 3000 16.8 -14 S'E 5 c 59 92 57 8 5 2 - 4 10 600 1 * 4 ciddo 6bc	Chester (Sealand)	17.9 -6 W 1 C 67 55 52 8 7 3 8 9+ 4000 17.7 -2 WSN 1 dodo 60 92 58 6 5 2 - 4 10 2500 0 * cmobddc 6bc	Manchester	18.2 -6 SW 3 C 63 65 51 8 4 3 - - 4.6 9+ 2500 17.5 -6 SWS 3 c 63 75 53 9 4 3 9 7.8 9 3000 0 * cmobddc 6bc																													
10 Spurn Head	18.6 +8 E 2 Cbc 62 75 52 7 7 3 - - 4.6 7.8 2500 18.5 -2 ESE 3 C 62 85 55 7 7 7 - 4.6 9 2500 0 * 3 c 6bc	Catterick (Sc.)	17.8 0 SW 1 C 65 65 54 8 8 3 - - 9+ 9+ 2500 17.4 -6 SW 3 c 61 85 54 8 5 7 - 2.3 9 3000 0 * c 6bc	Tynemouth	18.7 +4 SE 3 C 57 85 52 7 8 - - 9 9 2300 18.6 -2 SSE 3 bcc 56 97 55 7 2 4 - 4.6 7.8 3000 0 * c 6bc	11 St. Abbs Head	16.9 +2 ESE 3 C 58 75 50 7 5 4 - - 7.8 9+ 2500 15.7 -10 S 3 c 55 97 54 6 6 4 - 7.8 9 2500 0 * 3 c 6bc	Leuchars	16.9 +2 E 3 C 58 75 50 7 5 4 - - 10 10 2700 15.3 -14 E 3 c 58 85 53 7 5 3 1 4.6 9+ 3000 1 * 3 c 6bc	12 Renfrew (Abbots I.)	15.9 -6 SSE 1 C 61 75 52 8 8 3 - - 9+ 9+ 2000 14.6 -6 SSE 2 ir 59 85 53 7 5 7 - 4.6 10 1500 1 * 3 c 6bc	Eakdalemuir	17.1 0 WSW 3 C 57 75 49 8 5 3 - - 4.6 9+ 2400 16.2 -2 NSW 4 rf 56 85 52 8 5 7 - 7.8 9+ 1200 1 * 3 c 6bc	Point of Ayre	17.5 0 SWS 4 C 60 75 52 8 7 6 4.6 9+ 3000 15.7 -12 SWS 4 /f 57 97 56 7 5 2 - 9 10 800 1 * 3 c 6bc																					
13a Tiree	13.3 +12 S 5 ir 58 85 54 3 5 2 - - 9 10 1500 11.4 -12 SE 5 dd 55 97 55 5 6 2 - 9+ 10 200 1 * 4 cdcc 6bc	13b Stornoway	13.0 -10 S 4 C 58 75 51 8 4 5 2 - - 1 8 2500 10.7 -10 S 4 ir 56 92 54 6 6 2 - 4.6 10 900 1 * 3 cdcc 6bc	15 Dalwhinnie	15.0 +2 S 3 C 56 75 48 8 5 - - 1 8 2500 13.0 -6 SW 3 /pr 53 92 51 7 5 2 - 7.8 10 1500 1 * 2 c 6bc	Aberdeen	17.2 +2 SE 2 C 57 65 46 7 5 - - 4 4.6 9+ 2500 16.0 -6 SSE 3 c 55 85 49 8 5 7 6 4.6 9+ 4000 1 * 2 bcc 6bc	Wick	16.3 -2 SE 2 bc 56 75 50 9 8 3 5 2.3 4.6 2000 14.7 -14 SSE 3 c 54 85 49 8 5 7 6 2.3 9+ 3000 0 * 2 bcc 6bc	Sumburgh	16.3 +6 NE 3 bc 55 65 43 9 5 - - 1 2.3 4.6 4000 16.6 -6 E 3 c 54 65 41 9 5 7 3 4.6 9+ 5700 1 * 2 bcc 6bc																									
17 Blackrod Point	10.9 -10 S 5 DD 61 97 60 6 6 2 - - 4.6 10 800 10.6 +6 SW 3 cbc 59 85 55 7 6 5 - 7.8 9+ 1500 2 * 2 d 6bc	18 Malin Head	12.0 -18 SW 5 S/c 55 92 53 8 5 2 - - 2.3 10 1500 10.1 -6 S 4 ir 61 85 56 8 5 2 - 4.6 10 1500 2 * 3 r 6bc	Aldergrove	13.5 -10 S'E 2 C 58 75 51 9 5 7 - - 2.3 10 2500 13.1 -14 SE 3 ido 59 92 57 7 5 2 - 7.8 10 1800 1 * 3 cido 6bc	Birr Castle	14.0 -16 SSE 2 C 65 85 60 8 5 1 - - 7.8 9+ 2500 11.9 -8 NSW 3 c 68 85 63 8 8 7 - 7.8 9 1500 1 * 3 c 6bc	Valentia Obey.	14.1 -10 S 5 dd 61 97 60 6 5 - - 10 10 450 13.5 0 S 5 ir 59 97 58 6 5 - - 10 10 1500 1 * 3 r 6bc	Roches Point	16.4 -10 S 5 3 /a 61 97 60 7 5 - - 10 10 450 19.4 -10 S 4 f 59 97 58 2 - - 10 10 150 1 * 4 d 6bc																									

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Wednesday 1st September, 1943.

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AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

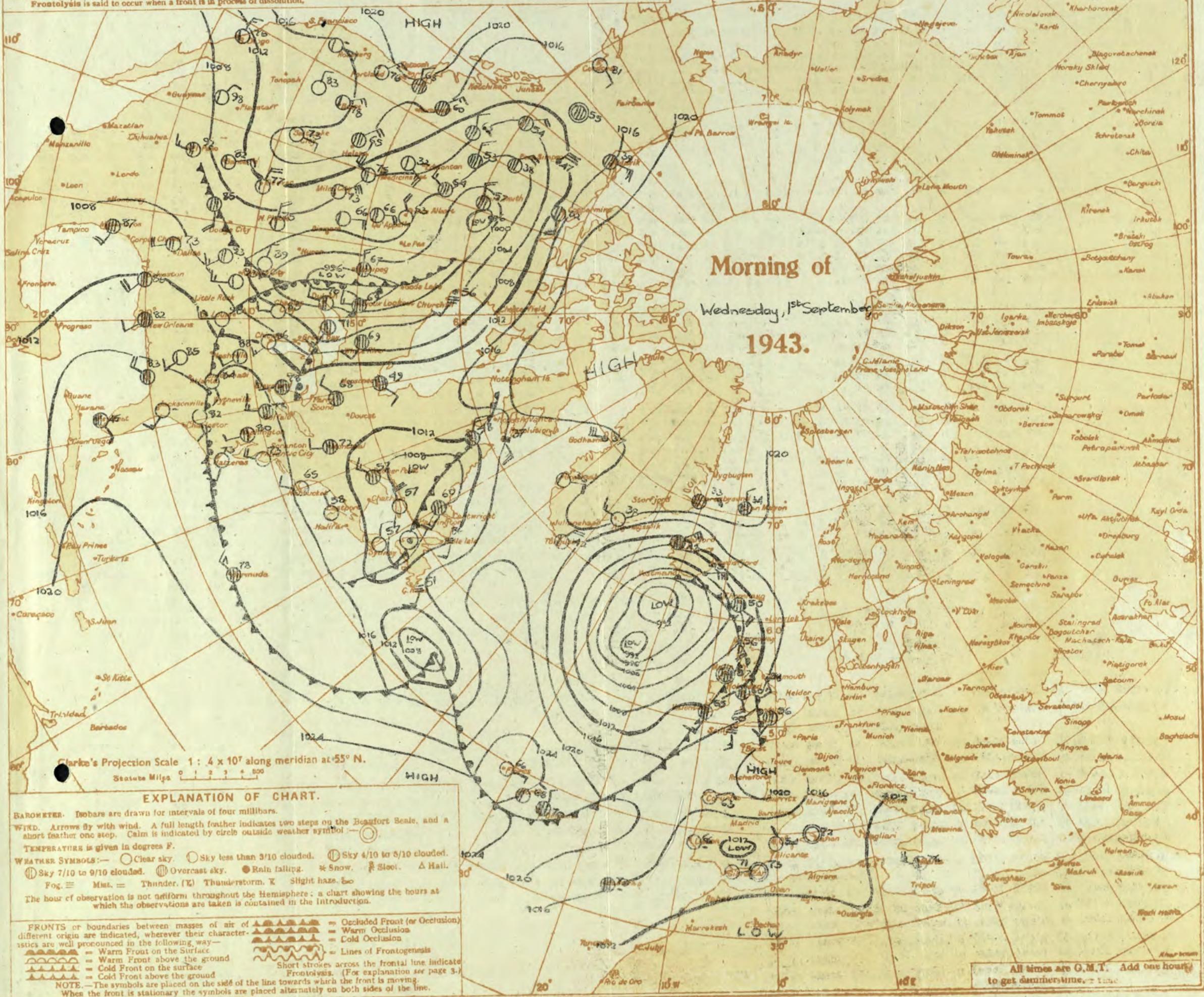
Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occulsion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occusion'. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of 'Frontogenesis'. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 1st September 1943
No. 29868

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 1 st September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 1 st September												PAST 24 HOURS.																
		Height above M.S.L. in feet. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (2)	Change in 3 hours. (3)	Wind. Dir. Force. (4) (5)		Westerly. (6)	Temp. °F. (7)	Humid. % (8)	Dew Point. °F. (9)	Visibility. 0-9 (10)	Cloud. Form. (11) (12) (13) (14)				Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (16)	Change in 3 hours. (17)	Wind. Dir. Force. (18) (19)		Weather. (20)	Temp. °F. (21)	Humid. % (22)	Dew Point. °F. (23)	Visibility. 0-9 (24)	Cloud. Form. (25) (26) (27) (28)				Height of Base (feet) (29)	Sea- level 0-9 (30)	TEMPERATURE. Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (31)		RAINFALL. Min. on Ground 7h-18h mm. (32)		SUN- SHINE 31 st Hrs. (33)							
					Dir. (4)	Force. (5)					Low. 0-10 (11)	Total 0-10 (12)	Med. (13)	High (14)																												
1	London (Kew)	18	*	-6	SW	1	z	56	92	54	6	5	-	-	94	94	5000	18.7	-4	SSE	2	c	57	92	55	7	5	7	-	7-8	94	5000	0	*	69	57	47	-	-	1-9		
	Croydon	290	19.4	-6	SSW	1	c	57	85	53	7	5	7	-	-4-6	5	6000	17.0	-10	SSW	2	c/r	58	85	54	7	5	7	-	4-6	94	3500	0	*	70	56	50	-	-	4-0		
	S. Farnborough	226	18.8	-6	SSW	0	c	55	92	53	7	5	-	-	9	9	2600	17.0	-6	S/W	2	z	57	97	57	5	-	-	10	10	300	0	*	68	53	50	-	-	3-3			
	Boscombe Down	417	18.6	-8	-	0	b-bc	55	92	53	7	5	-	-	0	2-3	-	17.6	-8	S/W	3	c	61	85	67	9	5	4	-	94	10	1800	0	*	71	53	46	-	-	*		
	Thorney Island	10	19.0	-8	-	0	b-bc	55	92	54	6	7	-	-	7-8	7-8	5000	18.2	-4	W	2	b-bc	59	85	53	7	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	2	70	53	43	-	-	5-5		
	Lyminge	283	19.5	-6	WSW	1	z	57	85	53	6	5	-	-	94	94	4500	18.1	+2	SW	3	b-bc	56	85	52	8	-	7	-	0	2-3	-	0	*	68	53	50	-	-	6-8		
	Manston	154	18.6	-6	SW	1	z	57	85	53	6	5	-	-	94	94	4500	18.1	+2	SW	3	b-bc	56	85	52	8	-	7	-	0	2-3	-	0	*	68	53	50	-	-	6-8		
2	Shoebury Ness	11	*	-6	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.7	-2	SW	2	c-bc	59	85	55	8	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	0	*	69	56	47	-	-	1-8	
	Felixstowe	12	18.3	-10	SSE	1	b	62	85	58	7	5	-	-	-4-6	4-6	4000	17.5	0	SW	1	z	57	85	53	6	-	7	0	2-3	-	0	1	69	56	53	-	-	3-2			
	Gorleston	5	18.4	-4	SW	3	c	61	55	58	7	5	-	-	9	9	1500	17.2	-4	SW	1	z	60	52	57	6	8	3	-	-4-6	9	2000	1	3	63	58	54	-	-	0-7		
	Mildenhall	15	17.8	-4	SSE	2	b	56	85	52	7	5	3	-	-1	4-6	6	4000	16.5	-4	SSW	2	c	59	85	55	7	5	7	-	4-6	9	7200	1	1	67	55	49	-	-	5-0	
	Cranwell	203	16.8	-10	-	0	z	58	92	56	6	7	-	-	0	10	-	14.6	-10	SSW	3	c	60	92	58	7	5	7	-	4-6	9	4000	0	*	68	52	46	-	-	3-0		
3	Birmingham	635	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.1	-8	SSW	3	c-bc	59	75	51	8	-	5	-	0	7-8	-	1	*	68	57	52	-	-	6-2		
4	Upper Heyford	408	17.9	-10	SSW	2	z	58	85	54	6	5	-	-	10	10	2800	16.3	-10	SSW	2	c	57	85	53	7	5	7	-	7-8	9	4500	0	*	68	56	54	-	-	Tr		
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.0	-14	SW	3	c	60	85	56	7	5	-	-	94	94	2000	0	*	68	58	57	-	-	4-2		
5	Hartland Point	299	16.1	-14	SW	3	c	59	97	59	6	5	2	-	-	9	9	24	800	13.9	-6	S	3	z	60	97	59	6	5	2	-	9	10	800	0	4	61	56	55	-	-	0-3
	Bristol	200	18.3	-6	SSW	2	c	58	92	56	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	15.8	-6	S	1	dr	60	97	58	7	5	7	-	7-8	10	2500	0	*	66	58	55	-	-	7-3		
	Portland Bill	32	18.4	+8	W	3	c	60	85	56	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	16.7	-8	SW	4	r	60	92	58	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	4	64	57	57	-	-	0-6		
	Plymouth	86	18.5	-10	SW	1	d/d	60	97	59	5	5	-	-	10	10	4000	16.0	-10	SSW	3	r	60	97	60	4	5	-	-	10	10	1500										

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Thursday 2nd September 1943

.....1943

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

No. 29869

.....1943

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Wednesday 2nd August

DISTRICTS.	FORECASTS FOR THE 27TH NOVEMBER	
1 S.E. England		
2 E. England ..	Light westerly winds becoming variable to southwest. Fair with considerable bright periods, especially tonight; a few local fog patches around dawn: rather cool.	
3 E. Midlands ...		
4 W. Midlands		
5 S.W. England		
6 South Wales		
7 North Wales		
8 N.W. England	Moderate west or southwest winds; local showers and bright intervals: rather cool.	
9 N. Midlands ...		
10 N.E. England		
11 S.E. Scotland		
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		
13A W. Scotland ...		
13B N.W. Scotland		
14 Mid Scotland		
15 N.E. Scotland		
16 Orkneys and Shetlands	As 5-15	
17 N.W. Ireland		Moderate to fresh west to southwest winds. Fair at first apart from scattered showers, rain spreading from west later: rather cool.
18 N. E. Ireland		
19 S. E. Ireland		
20 S. W. Ireland		
		GENERAL INFERENCE
Pressure remains very low around Iceland. A ridge of high pressure is developing over the British Isles and will move east. A trough of low pressure will approach Ireland later. Weather will fair at first apart from local showers in the North and West. More general rain will spread across Ireland later. It will be generally rather cool.		
		FURTHER OUTLOOK
Rain spreading east across the country followed by brighter conditions in the West.		
		Forecasts issued at 1300
		NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director, Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

GENERAL INFERENCE

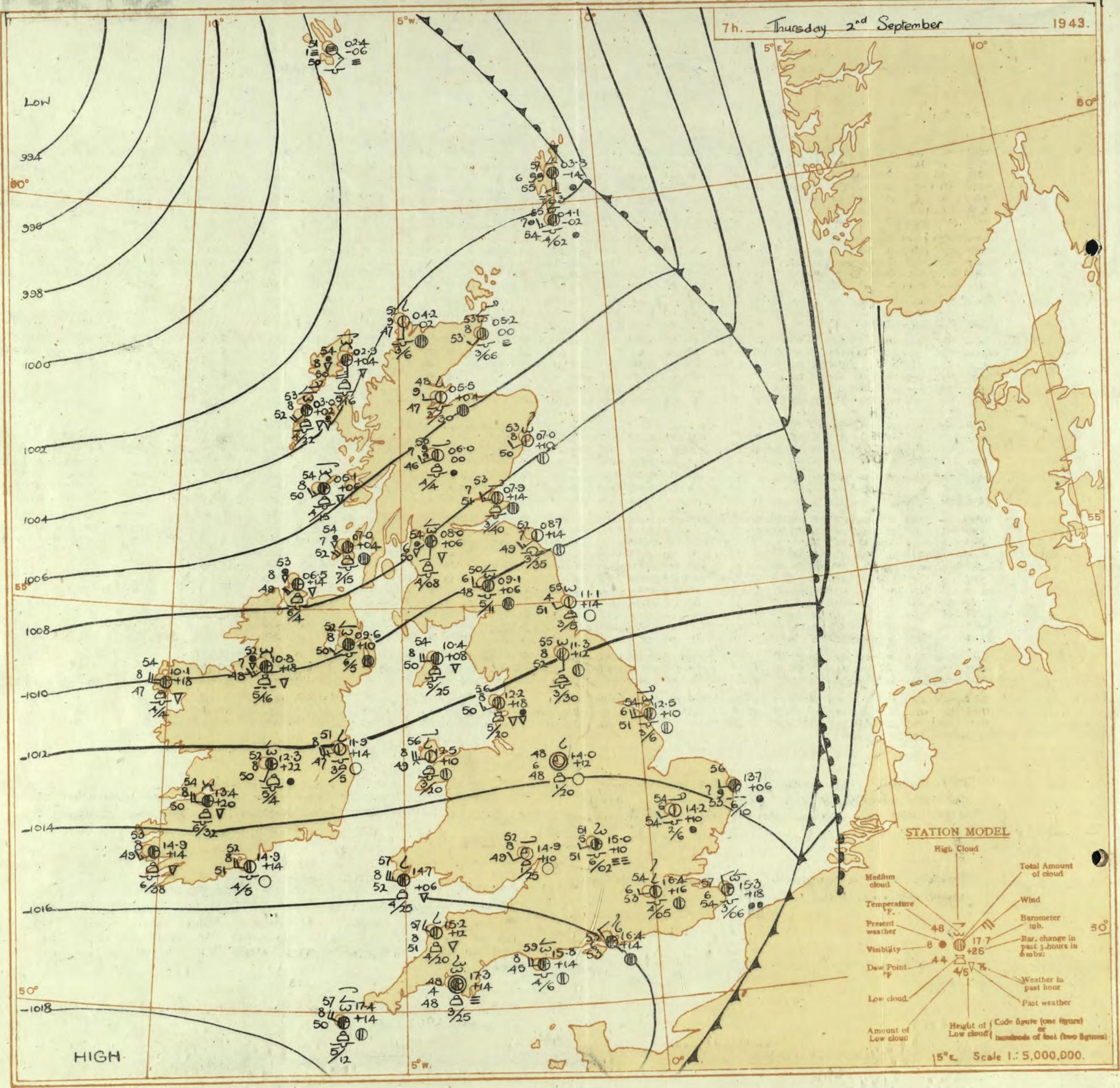
GENERAL INFERENCE
Pressure remains very low around Iceland. A ridge of high pressure is developing over the British Isles and will move east. A trough of low pressure will approach Ireland later. Weather will fair at first apart from local showers in the North and West. More general rain will spread across Ireland later. It will be generally rather cool.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Rain spreading east across the country followed by brighter conditions in the West.

Forecasts issued at 1300

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions of the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of 'Frontogenesis'. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



Page 4.
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 2nd September 1943
No. 29869

District	Station	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 2nd September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 2nd September												Past 24 Hours																		
		Height above M.S.L., in feet.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 2 hours.	Wind.			Weather.			Cloud.			Height of Base, (feet)	State of Ground	Sea.	Temperature.			Rainfall.			Sun-shine 1st h.																					
					Dir.	Force 0-12	W.	%	Temp.	Dew Point	Vis.	Form.	Amount				Low	Med.	High	Total	Low	Med.	High	Total	0-10	10-20	Sea. 0-9	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Day 7h-18h mm.	Night 18h-7h mm.													
1	London (Kew)	18	14.5	-2	3	3	rr	53	57	58	S	5	-	-	10	10	700	16.4	116	W	2	20	SS 92	53	6	S	-	-	5+	5+	2500	1	65	53	47	0.2	3	0.0						
	Croydon	230	14.5	+2	3	3	rr	53	97	54	S	5	2	-	9	10	1100	16.1	118	WSW	2	20	SS 92	53	6	S	4	4	4-6	4-6	500	1	66	52	49	0.1	2	0.0						
	S. Farnborough	226	14.0	+6	W	5	rr	53	97	54	S	2	-	-	46	46	450	16.5	114	-	0	27	bloc	53	92	S2	8	S	-	5	1	2-3	2000	1	62	50	42	1	2	0.1				
	Beccombe Down	417	14.8	+2	SWW	1	zo	51	97	51	S	6	5	-	-	9	10	1800	16.4	114	NW	2	20	SS 97	53	6	S	7	4	4	0	9	-	6	47	44	Tr	3	63	47	44	Tr	3	0.0
	Thorney Island	10	14.8	+6	NW	2	rr	53	97	55	S	6	-	-	1	46	2900	15.4	116	NW	1	20	SS 97	55	5	S	-	-	7-8	7-8	1600	1	63	45	44	Tr	3	51						
	Lyminge	283	14.3	-6	SSW	2	zo	60	92	57	S	6	5	-	-	10	10	5500	15.3	118	NNN	2	27	SS 92	54	6	S	7	-	2-3	9	600	1	64	54	53	Tr	1	51					
	Manston	184	14.2	-4	SS	2	rr	60	85	56	S	7	5	-	-	10	10	5500	15.3	118	NNN	2	27	SS 92	54	6	S	7	-	2-3	9	600	1	68	55	54	-	2	6.5					
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							
	Felixstowe	12	13.7	-2	S	4	rr	61	92	58	S	5	-	-	10	10	1500	14.2	110	W	2	20	SS 92	54	6	S	3	-	4-6	5	2500	1	74	55	54	Tr	1	3.2						
	Gorleston	5	13.2	-4	SSW	2	rr	60	97	60	S	6	-	-	10	10	1500	13.7	116	W	2	20	SS 92	53	7	S	3	-	4-6	5	1000	1	68	56	56	-	8	4.8						
	Mildenhall	15	12.8	+2	WNW	3	o/r	60	97	59	S	5	-	-	10	10	1400	14.2	105	SSW	2	20	SS 97	54	6	S	5	-	2-3	4	4000	1	72	52	47	Tr	3	2.6						
	Cranwell	203	12.0	+2	WSW	2	o/r	55	97	55	S	5	-	-	10	10	2200	13.5	114	WSW	3	20	SS 92	51	6	S	1	0	1	-	0	0	69	50	48	2	7	0.3						
3	Birmingham	536	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*								
4	Upper Heyford	408	13.3	+8	WSW	3	b-bc	53	97	53	S	7	5	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	15.0	110	WSW	1	c/F	51	97	51	S	-	-	9	9	200	1	62	49	36	5	7	0.5					
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*								
5	Hartland Point	299	13.5	0	WNW	3	b	bc	57	85	S1	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	15.2	112	WNW	3	bc	57	85	S1	8	2	4	-	4-6	4-6	2000	1	62	55	52	14	4	0.0				
	Bristol	209	13.8	0	SW	1	pr	53	97	52	S	8	2	8	-	Tr	1	2500	15.8	116	SW	1	bc	56	85	S3	7	8	4	4-6	4-6	4000	1	63	51	43	4	2	0.1					
	Portland Bill	32	14.3	+4	SW	4	bc	59	97	59	S	7	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	15.8	114	W	4	c	59	88	SS	8	5	7	-	4-6	5	4000	1	62	57	37	7	0.0					
	Plymouth	86	15.7	+6	ENE	1	b-bc	52	97	52	S	7	-	-	0	2-3	-	17.3	114	0	F	48	97	46	4	2	3	5	2-3	9	2500	1	61	46	37	7	0.1							
	The Lizard	240	15.9	+4	WNW	2	bc	55	97	55	S	8	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	16.5	114	WNW	3	c/bc	55	88	S1	8	8	3	-	7-8	7-8	2000	1	60	53	53	6	Tr	0.1				
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	15.7	+2	NN	4	c/bc	56	85	S1	8	8	4	6	4-6	7-8	1200	17.4	114	WNW	4	c	57	75	50	8	8	7	3	7-8	3+1200	1	61	55	55	2	11	1.4						
	Guernsey	175	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*								
6	Pembroke	142	12.8	+4	W	5	b-bc	57	85	S1	8	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	14.7	116	WN	2	c/F	51	97	51	S	-	-	9	9	200	1	62	55	52	14	4	0.0						
7	Holyhead (Valley)	32	11.0	+6	SWW	4	b	57	85	S1	8	5	-	-	2-3	2-3	3000																											

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Friday 3rd September 1943

Page 2 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

No. 29870

1943

No. 29870

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 2nd September

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 2nd September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. *2nd September*

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 2nd September

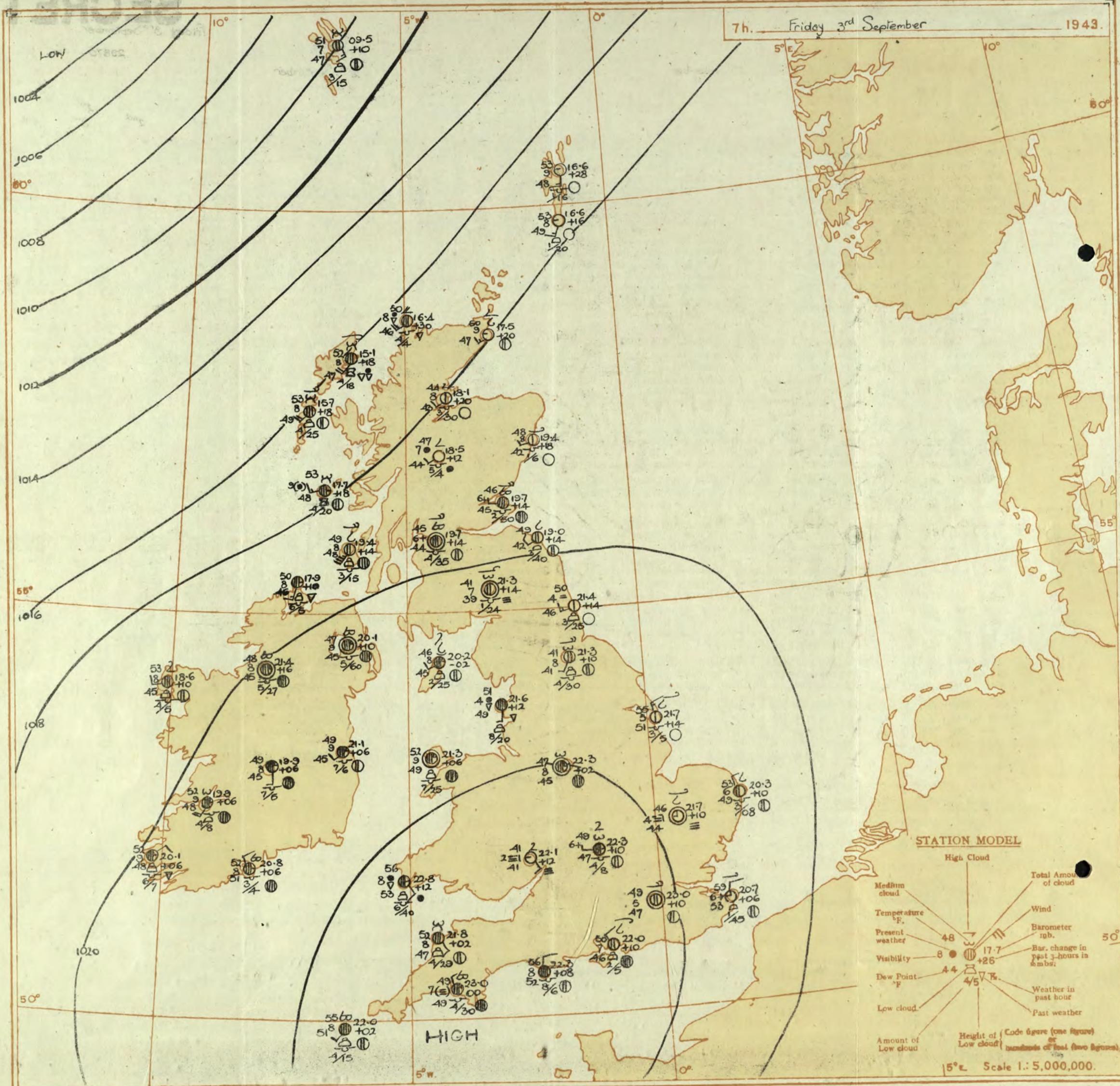
PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T.

DISTRICTS.		FORECAST FOR THE DAY	
1	S.E. England	Light north or northeast wind; mainly fair but local showers near East coast; rather cool.	18 Orkneys and Shetlands
2	E. England ..		17 N. W. Ireland
3	E. Midlands ..	Light variable wind; fair; local mist or fog night and morning; rather cool.	18 N. E. Ireland
4	W. Midlands		19 S. E. Ireland
5	S.W. England		20 S. W. Ireland
6	North Wales		wind south to southeast light or moderate; fair at first, light rain later; rather warm.)
7	North Wales	Wind southwest becoming south to southeast, or variable light; mainly fair; local showers at first in west; local valley mist or fog in early morning; rather warm.	GENERAL INFERENCE
8	N.W. England		An anticyclone over the western English channel is moving North-northeast and will dominate the British Isles. A weak depression will affect Southwest Ireland.
9	N. Midlands ..		
10	N.E. England		
11	S.E. Scotland		
12	S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		
13A	W. Scotland ..		
13B	N.W. Scotland		
14	Mid Scotland		
15	N.E. Scotland		
		Forecasts issued at 10.30	FURTHER OUTLOOK
			Fair over most of Great Britain; temperatures rising slightly.
			NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

Forecasts issued at 10.30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

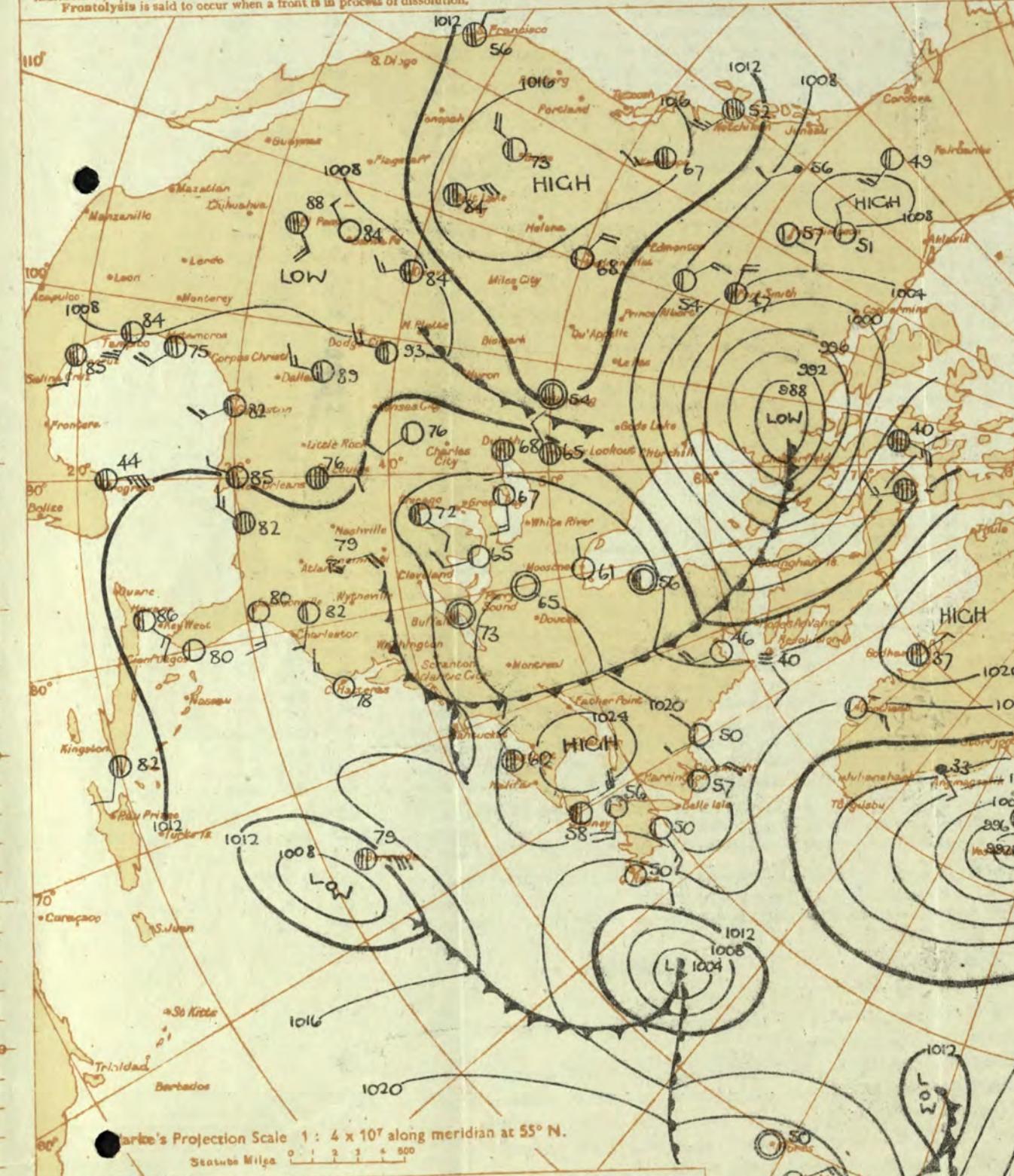
Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: ○

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: ○ Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 cloudy. ○ Sky 4/10 to 8/10 cloudy.

○ Sky 7/10 to 9/10 cloudy. ○ Overcast sky. ● Rain falling. * Snow. ♫ Sleet. △ Hail.

Fog. ☁ Mist. ☰ Thunder. ☰ Thunderstorm. ☰ Slight haze.

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground
— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion

— Lines of Frontogenesis

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate

Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.

When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour

to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Friday 3rd September. 1943
No. 29870

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

For the 24 hours ending morning of 30 September
Day 7h-18h Kew and Croydon, 9h-18h Kensington
1h-18h other stations except for rainfall which is 9h-18h

Stations	Weather			Atmospheric Pollution Milligrams of solid impurity per cubic metre.					
	Morning	Afternoon	Night						
... ...	c _m c @	cy	cy	cy b d w w					
oydon	cy	c y c		b c m c b w					
reenwich	c @ y	c @ cy	c b c	b c b b c g					
ndon Square	c	c		*					
ensington	b c z b c	b c c		0.3 6-7h					
ampstead	b c	b c	b c	Min. 3rd 10.1 9-20h Max. 2nd					
Stations.	Temperature		Rainfall	Humidity					
	Day	Night	Min on grass	Day	Night	Sun- shine to sunset hrs	55h %	9h %	
	Max	Min	°F	mm	mm		Yesterday	To- day	
... ...	65	49	33	-	-	3.8	*	*	*
oydon	68	48	35	-	Tr	6.6	*	*	*
reenwich	69	46	33	-	Tr	4.9	49	66	
estminster	69	40	42	-	-			67	73
ergents Park	67	47	38	-	-			53	55
ndon Square	68	48	40	-	-			*	67
ensington	68	48	38	-	-			59	57
ampstead	68	48	42	-	-			*	57

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Saturday 4 September 1943

10 29871

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Page 1 BRITISH

Saturday 4 September 1943

10 29871

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T., 3rd September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 3rd September.

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Saturday, 4th September, 1943.

DISTRICTS	FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING
1 S.E. England	Moderate south to southeast wind, fresh locally; fair at first; perhaps slight rain tomorrow morning; rather cool.
2 E. England ..	
3 E. Midlands ...	
4 W. Midlands	
5 S.W. England ↓	Moderate or fresh southeast to south wind, fresh or strong locally; cloudy; rain later; rather cool.
6 South Wales ↓	
7 North Wales ↓	Fresh or strong south wind, gale locally; occasional rain; rather cool.
8 N.W. England ↓	
9 N. Midlands ...	Fresh Southeast to South wind, strong locally; cloudy; rain later; rather cool.
10 N.E. England	
11 S.E. Scotland	
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man ↓	
13A W. Scotland ... ↓	Fresh south wind strong to gale locally on coasts;
13B N.W. Scotland ↓	some rain, cool.
14 Mid Scotland	
15 N.E. Scotland ↓	

16 Orkneys and Shetlands ↓ As 11.-15.

17 N. W. Ireland ↓

18 N. E. Ireland ↓ Fresh or strong South wind gale locally veering and decreasing; rain at first; showers later cool.

19 S. E. Ireland ↓

20 S. W. Ireland ↓

GENERAL INFERENCE

A deep depression Northwest of Ireland is moving North and associated troughs will cross the British Isles. There will be southerly gales and rain in the West and North. In the East and Southeast weather will be fair at first but slight rain may occur tomorrow morning.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Rain at first; bright intervals and showers later; cool. \downarrow Gale warning in operation in districts 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13A & B. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, time of issue 0535h on 4th September, and in district 20. time of issue 2325h on 3rd Sept.

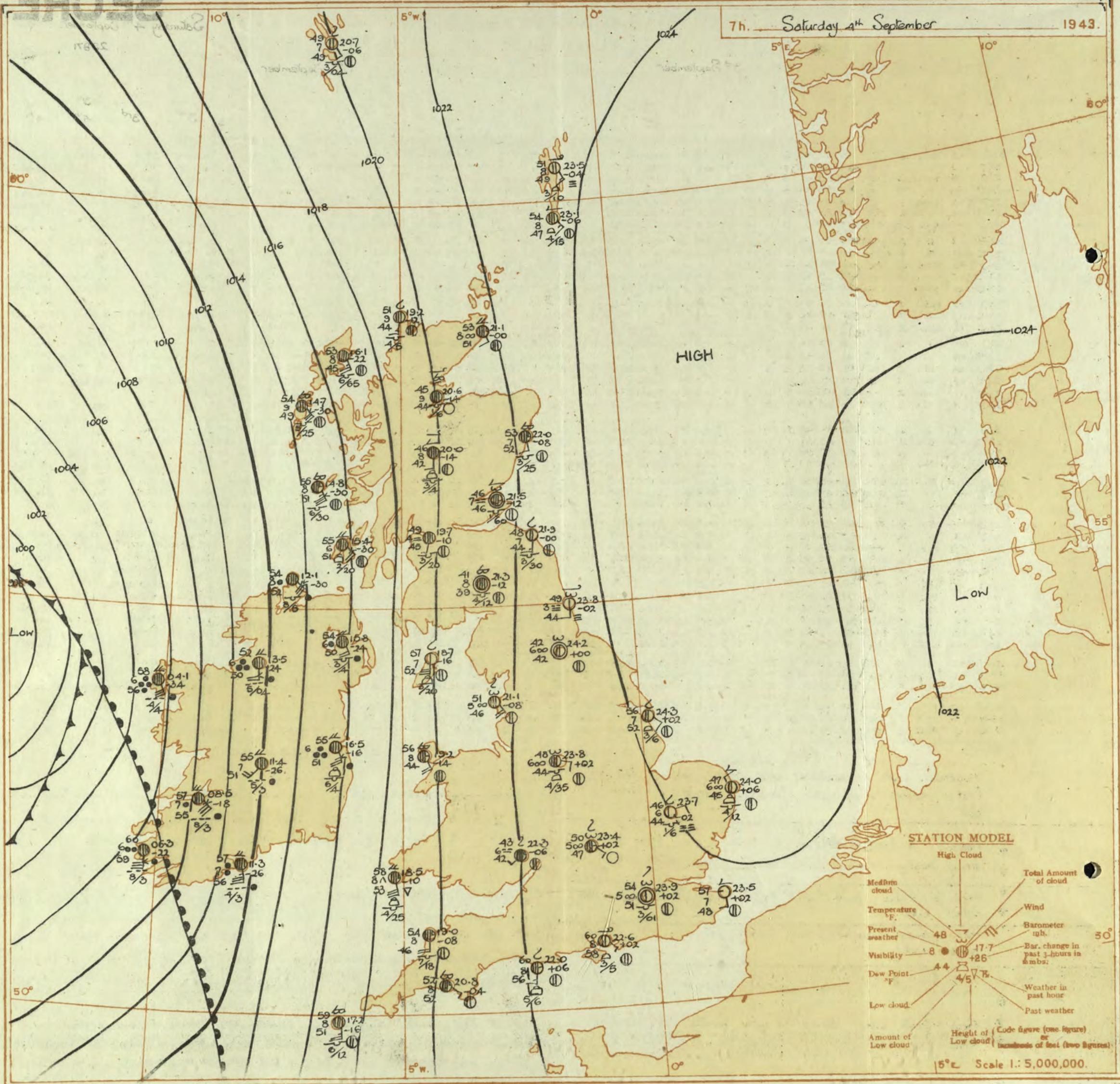
Forecasts issued at 10.30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

T2RQ32

7h. Saturday 4th September

1943.



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin. In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin,⁴ and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin.⁵ During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: —○—

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: —○— Clear sky. ○— Sky less than 3/10 clouded. (○)— Sky 4/10 to 6/10 clouded.

(○)— Sky 7/10 to 9/10 clouded. (○) Overcast sky. ●— Rain falling. *— Snow. #— Sleet. Δ— Hail.

— Fog. — Mist. — Thunder. (E) Thunderstorm. T— Slight haze. □—

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground

— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion

— Lines of Frontogenesis

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.

When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Saturday 4th September, 1943
No. 22871.

District.	Stations.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 4th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 4th September												Past 24 hours																		
		Height above M.S.L. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. (2)	Change in 3 hours. (3)	Wind.		Weather. (5)	Cloud. (6)-(9)			Amount. (10)-(14)	Height of base (feet) (15)	Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Wind.		Weather. (17)-(20)	Cloud. (21)-(24)			Amount. (25)-(29)	Height of base (feet) (30)	Sea. (31)-(32)	Temperature. (33)-(36)			Rainfall. (37)-(38)			Sum- Shine 3rd Hrs. (39)															
					Direc. (8)	Force. (9)		Temp. (6)	% (7)	Humid. (8)	Dew Point. (9)	Visiblity. (10)		Low. (11)	Med. (12)	High. (13)	Low. (14)	Med. (15)	High. (16)	Direc. (17)						Force. (18)	Temp. (19)	% (20)	Dew Point. (21)	Visiblity. (22)-(24)	Low. (25)	Med. (26)	High. (27)	Total (28)-(29)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (33)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (34)	Min. on grass 7h-18h mm. (35)	Day 7h-18h mm. (36)	Night 18h-7h mm. (37)					
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	*	*	*	53	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	23.8	46	E	1	20	52	87	51	5	-	-	6	0	2-3	-	0	*	65	56	37	-	Tr	2-8
	Croydon ...	290	23.9	0	SE	1	Zo	52	92	50	5	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	3000	23.9	+2	-	0	20	54	85	51	5	5	3	4	2-3	2-3	100	1	*	65	47	40	-	-	2-7				
	S. Farnborough ...	226	23.8	+2	-	0	Zo	46	92	44	5	-	4	-	0	Tr	-	23.6	+12	E	2	Zo	48	85	43	6	4	4	5	1	2-3	3000	0	*	65	40	32	-	-	3-5				
	Boscombe Down ...	417	23.4	-2	N'G	1	Zg	47	85	43	6	-	-	0	0	-	22.8	0	E'S	2	Zo	50	92	48	6	2	2	1	4-6	2000	0	*	65	44	39	-	Tr	4-3						
	Thorney Island ...	10	22.7	-4	NE'N	1	b-bc	48	85	45	8	-	-	2	0	2-3	-	22.6	+2	ESE	1	b	60	92	58	8	1	-	2	2-3	4-6	2500	0	*	68	46	40	-	Tr	-				
	Lympne ...	283	23.9	+2	ENE	2	Zo	52	97	50	6	-	-	0	0	-	23.3	+2	E'NE	2	b	54	85	50	7	-	-	0	0	-	1	*	66	49	39	4	-	3-5						
	Manston ...	154	23.5	-2	E'N	1	b-bc	54	85	48	6	-	3	1	0	2-3	-	23.7	+2	SE	2	b	57	75	48	7	-	-	5	0	Tr	-	0	*	66	49	40	-	-	5-1				
2	Shoebury Ness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	23.6	0	NNE	1	b	55	92	53	8	1	-	-	Tr	Tr	4000	1	*	67	50	43	-	-	3-3	
	Felixstowe ...	12	23.7	-2	N'E	2	b	53	85	49	6	-	-	0	0	-	24.0	+4	N'E	2	b	53	85	47	7	-	-	1	0	Tr	-	0	*	68	48	45	-	-	3					
	Gorleston ...	5	22.3	0	NW'W	1	Zo	50	97	50	6	-	-	0	0	-	24.0	+6	NW'N	2	Zo	47	92	45	6	8	-	5	4-6	4-6	1200	0	*	64	45	43	-	-	7-8					
	Mildenhall ...	15	23.8	-2	E	1	b	46	92	44	8	-	-	0	0	-	23.7	-2	E'N	2	b-bc	46	92	44	6	5	4	-	Tr	2-3	4000	1	*	66	29	34	-	Tr	5-7					
	Cranwell ...	203	23.9	0	SE	2	Zo	46	92	46	5	-	-	0	0	-	23.9	+2	SE	2	Zo	37	97	44	5	-	3	2	0	2-3	-	0	*	65	43	35	-	-	4-1					
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	23.4	0	SSE	2	Zo	50	85	46	5	-	-	2	0	4-6	-	1	*	61	47	32	-	-	1-9		
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	23.6	-2	-	0	Zo	47	92	45	6	5	-	1	1	4500	23.4	+2	ESE	1	Zo	50	92	47	5	-	3	6	0	3	*	63	47	39	-	-	3-8							
	Ross-on-Wye ...	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	22.3	-6	SW	1	Zg	43	97	42	6	-	-	6	0	3	*	63	39	35	-	-	3-8				
5	Hartland Point ...	299	21.8	-8	S	3	b-bc	51	85	47	8	4	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	19.0	-8	SSE	4	c	54	75	46	8	5	-	-	9t	9t	1800	0	3	62	50	47	-	-	2-2				
	Bristol ...	209	23.8	-2	-	0	m	44	97	43	4	-	-	0	0	-	22.6	-6	E	1	Zo	47	92	44	6	-	3	6	0	7-8	-	0	*	64	39	32	-	-	3-2					
	Portland Bill ...	32	22.5	-6	W	4	bc	59	85	55	5	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	22.0	+6	S	3	c	60	85	56	8	2	4	-	7-8	9	4000	1	*	63	57	40	-	4-3					
	Plymouth ...	86	22.7	-10	ESE	1	Zo	47	97	47	6	-	7	2	0	4-6	-	20.8	-4	ESE	1	c	52	97	52	8	7	-	0	9t	-	0	*	65	53	40	-	-	6-1					
	The Lizard ...	240	21.6	-10	ESE	5	c-bc	56	85	50	8	5	-	-	7-8	T-8	1000	10.9	-8	ESE	6	c-bc	55	85	52	8	5	3</td																

~~SECRET~~

Sunday 5th September 1943

10.29872...

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday 5th September 1943

10.29872...

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T.: 4th September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. ... 4th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

DISTRICTS.

- 1 S.E. England Moderate South wind fresh or strong locally on coasts
 2 E. England .. veering Southwest light to moderate; occasional rain at first; fair later; cool.
 3 E. Midlands ..

- 16 Orkneys and
 Shetlands
 17 N. W. Ireland
18 N. E. Ireland
 19 S. E. Ireland
 20 S. W. Ireland

As 12-15.

GENERAL INFERENCE

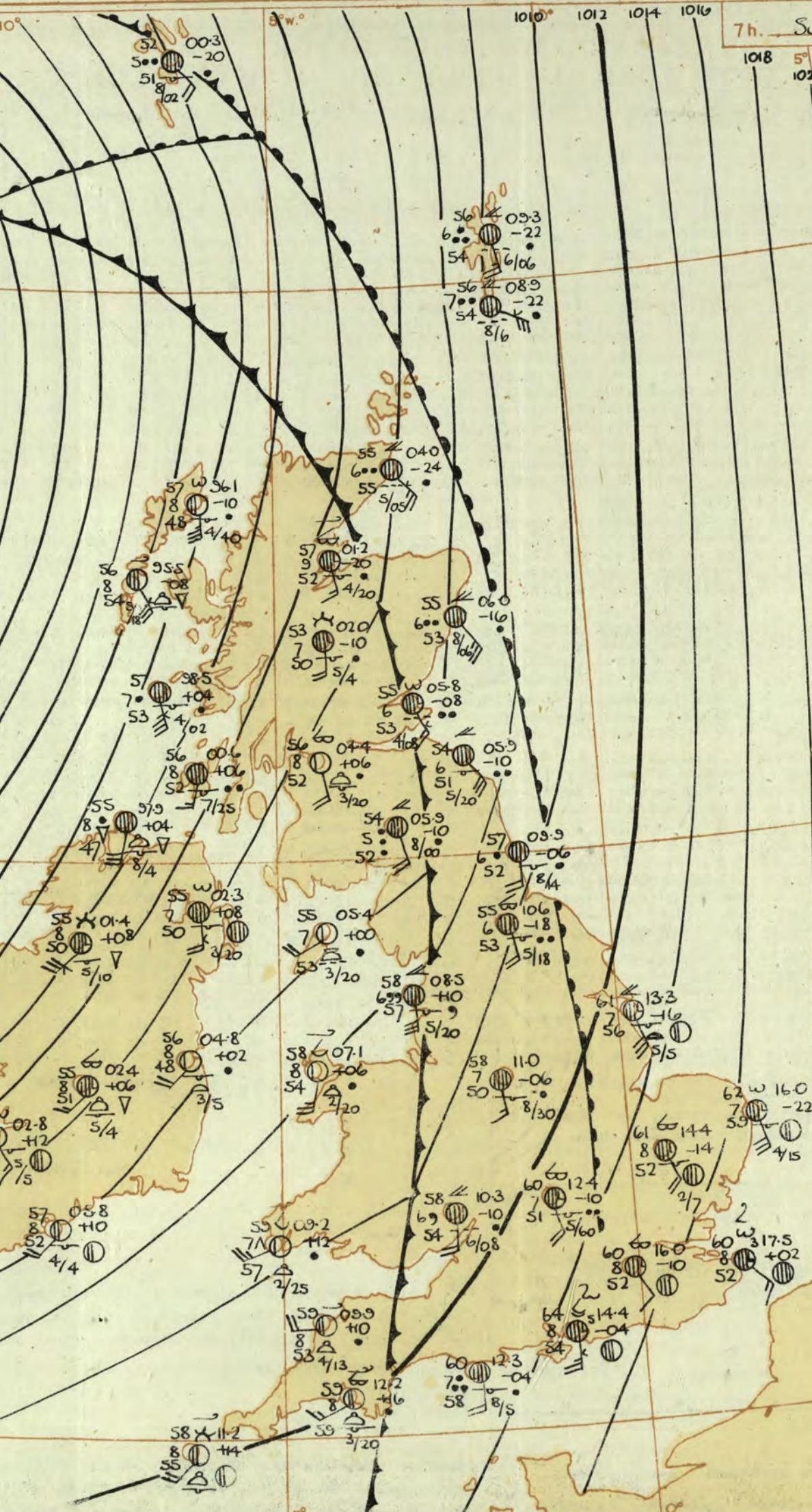
A deep depression to Northwest of Scotland - is moving slowly North.
In the North and West weather will be showery with local thunderstorms.
In the East there will be occasional rain at first but weather
will become fair later.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Perhaps rain in the Southwest of the British Isles spreading Northeast.
Gale warning in operation in districts 10A, B, 15 and 17 & 18 (parts of) issued
0405 on 4.3.43. In district 16, issued at 0805 & 2230 on 4.3.43. In districts
11, 14, issued at 1750 on 4.3.43.

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

59058

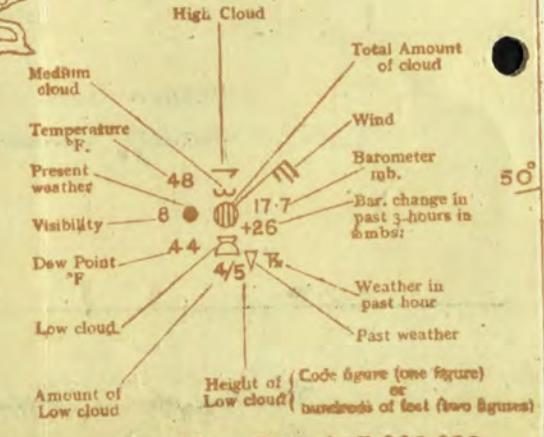


7h. Sunday 5th September

1943

HIGH

STATION MODEL



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

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Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

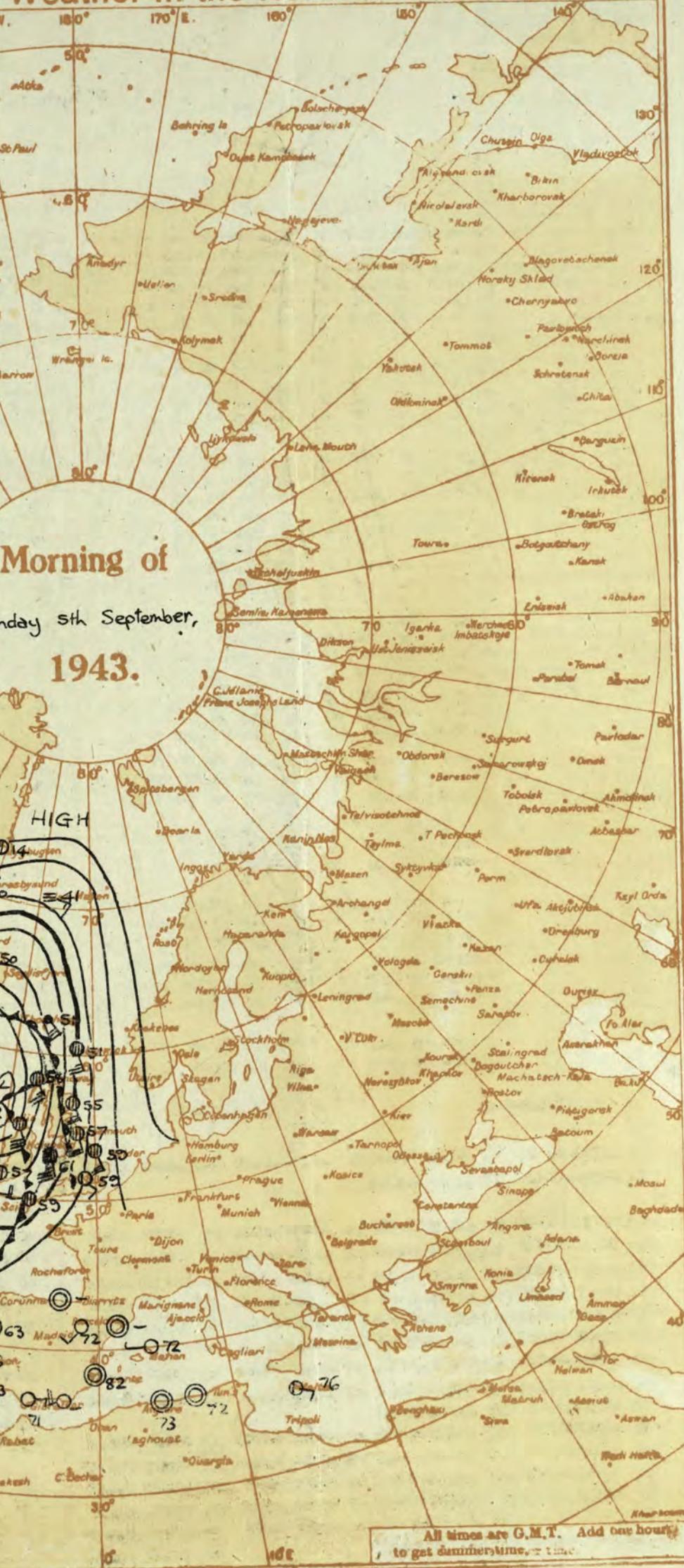
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Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusion the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.

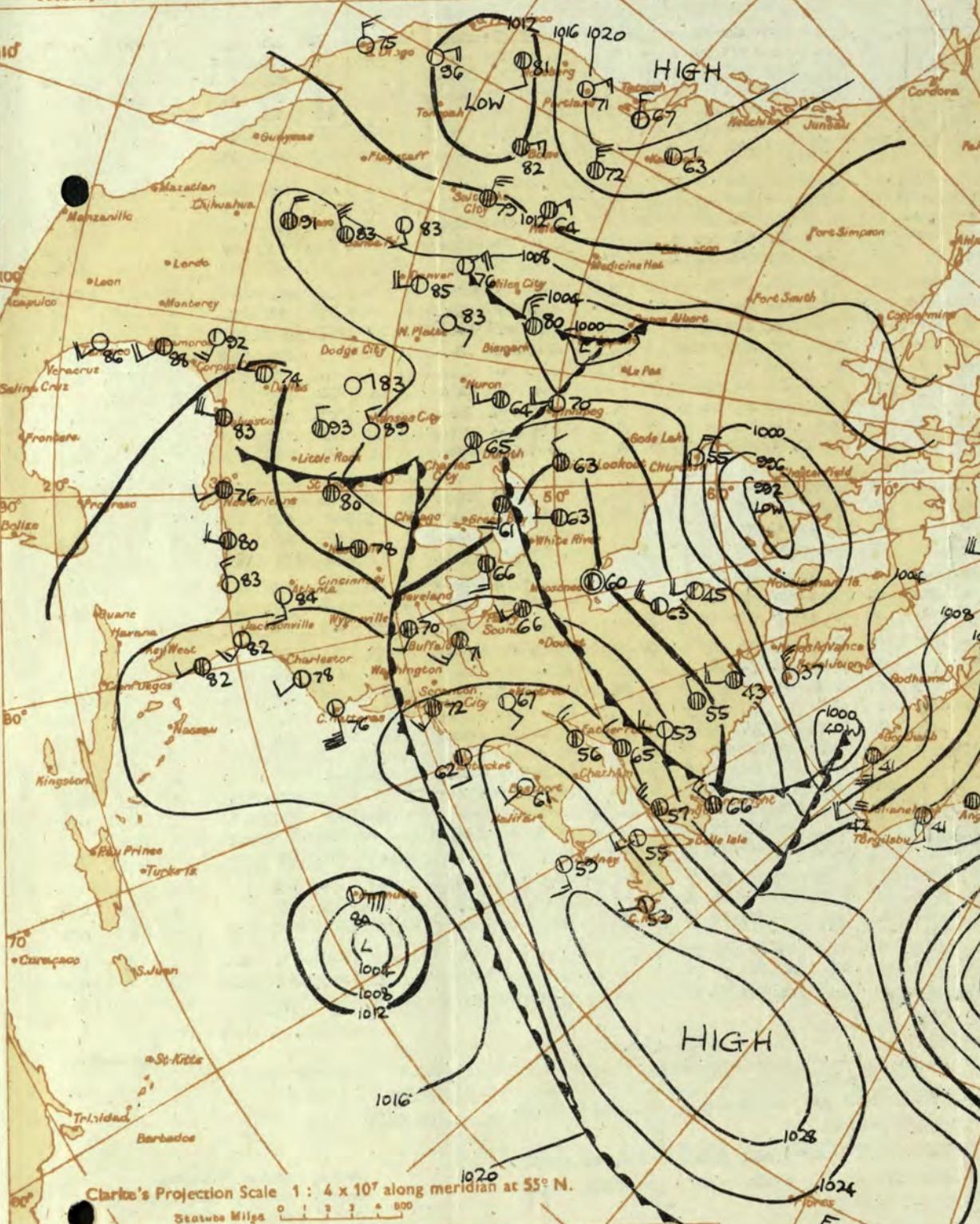
Frontal symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving. When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.



Morning of

Sunday 5th September,

1943.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.
WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: —○—

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: —○— Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 clouded. (○) Sky 4/10 to 6/10 clouded. (●) Sky 7/10 to 9/10 clouded. (●●) Overcast sky. ● Rain falling. * Snow. # Sleet. △ Hail.

Fog. = Mist. = Thunder. (%) Thunderstorm. % Slight haze. ☁

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way:
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— Warm Front above the ground
— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion

— Lines of Frontogenesis
Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE. The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving. When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday, 5th September 1943
No. 29272

DISTRICT	STATION	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 5 th September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 5 th September												PAST 24 HOURS															
		Height above M.S.L. in feet. mb.	Barom. at M.S.L. (1)	Change in 3 hours. (2)	Wind.			Temp. °F. (6)	Humid. % (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visibility. 0-6 (9)	Cloud.			Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 3 hours. (17)	Wind.			Temp. °F. (20)	Humid. % (21)	Dew Point. °F. (22)	Visibility. 0-9 (23)	Cloud.			Sea at Ground 0-9 (31)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (32)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (33)	Min. on grass °F. (34)	TEMPERATURE.		RAINFALL.		SUN- SHINE 4h... Hrs. (38)						
					Dir. (3)	Force. (4)	Weather. (5)					Form. (10)	Amount. (11)	Height of Base (feet) (12)	Low. (13)	Total (14)	Med. (15)	Dir. (18)	Force. (19)	Weather. (20)				Form. (21)	Amount. (22)	Height of Base (feet) (23)	Low. (24)	Med. (25)	High. (26)	0-10 (27)	Total (28)	Sea at Ground (29)	0-9 (30)	0-10 (31)	Day 7h-18h mm. (32)	Night 18h-7h mm. (33)	Day 7h-18h mm. (34)	Night 18h-7h mm. (35)			
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	*	*	*	51	*	51	7	-	4	-	0	2-3	-	14-0	-10	SSE	4	c	61	65	50	8	5	7	-	7-8	94	4000	0	*	70	59	54	-	-	10.0	
	Croydon	290	18.0	-18	SSE	2	b-bc	52	75	51	7	-	4	-	0	2-3	-	16.0	-10	S'E	2	c	60	75	52	8	-	7	-	0	94	-	0	*	73	58	55	-	-	11.1	
	S. Farnborough	226	16.1	-18	SSE	2	c-bc	57	85	52	7	-	7	8	0	7-8	-	13.7	-10	SSE	3	ir	61	75	52	7	5	7	-	9	94	3000	0	*	63	57	43	-	-	10.6	
	Boscombe Down	417	15.1	-16	SE'S	4	bc	59	75	53	8	-	3	6	0	4-6	-	12.7	-8	SE'S	3	ir	59	85	53	7	5	2	-	2-3	94	2000	0	*	67	56	53	-	-	5.4	
	Thorney Island	10	16.3	-16	SSW	4	bc	60	75	53	7	-	3	6	0	2-3	-	14.4	-4	s	5	c	64	75	54	8	-	5	9	0	34	-	0	*	63	50	55	-	-	11.8	
	Lymne	283	18.3	-18	SE	4	z	60	75	53	6	-	3	6	0	2-3	-	16.9	-6	S'E	3	c-bc	59	85	55	7	-	3	6	0	7-8	-	0	*	65	56	51	-	-	11.8	
	Manston	154	18.6	-18	SE'S	4	b-bc	60	75	51	7	-	3	0	2-3	-	17.5	+2	SE	3	c	60	75	52	8	-	3	6	0	3	-	0	*	67	58	54	-	-	11.2		
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	16.2	-6	S'E	4	c	61	85	57	7	-	3	-	0	34	-	0	*	66	60	54	-	-	11.1
	Felixstowe	12	12.5	-10	EE	5	b-bc	52	95	57	7	-	7	-	0	2-3	-	17.4	-10	SE'S	5	z	62	85	57	6	-	7	9	0	4-6	-	0	*	71	60	57	-	-	12.2	
	Gorleston	5	18.3	-16	SE'E	5	bc	53	85	58	7	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	16.0	-22	S'E	6	c	62	82	53	7	5	3	-	4-6	54	1500	0	*	64	60	56	-	-	17.7	
	Mildenhall	15	17.0	-20	SE	3	c-bc	50	85	54	8	-	7	-	0	7-8	-	14.4	-14	SE'E	4	c	61	75	52	8	5	7	-	1	34	5700	0	*	72	57	50	-	-	10.2	
	Cranwell	203	16.1	-8	SE	4	b-bc	55	85	52	6	-	7	-	0	2-3	-	12.1	-6	S	3	z	58	75	51	6	-	7	-	0	10	-	1	*	70	55	53	-	TR	8.4	
3	Birmingham	635	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11.0	-4	SSE	3	ir	59	75	51	7	5	2	-	10	10	800	1	*	66	57	51	-	-	5.7	
4	Upper Heyford	408	15.8	-14	SSE	3	c	59	65	48	7	5	2	-	5t	5t	7000	12.4	-10	S'E	4	c/b	60	75	51	7	5	2	-	7-8	94	6000	0	*	68	56	51	-	TR	7.1	
	Rosa-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10.3	-10	S	4	id	58	85	54	6	2	2	-	9	10	800	1	*	68	58	57	-	1	1.4	
5	Hartland Point	209	03.1	-20	SSW	4	rr	60	92	58	7	6	2	-	7-8	10	2500	05.0	+10	W	4	bc	59	85	53	8	2	-	1	4-6	6	1300	1	3	58	56	56	-	6	0.7	
	Bristol	209	13.4	-22	SE	3	z	61	85	55	6	5	2	-	7-8	34	4000	11.6	+6	S	4	dd	59	97	58	6	2	2	-	3t	10	800	1	*	68	58	55	-	0.5	5.0	
	Portland Bill	32	14.3	-14	E	4	c-bc	60	85	56	5	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	12.3	-4	S	4	rr	60	92	58	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	*	62	57	57	-</			

SECRET

Monday, 6th September, 1943

No. 29873

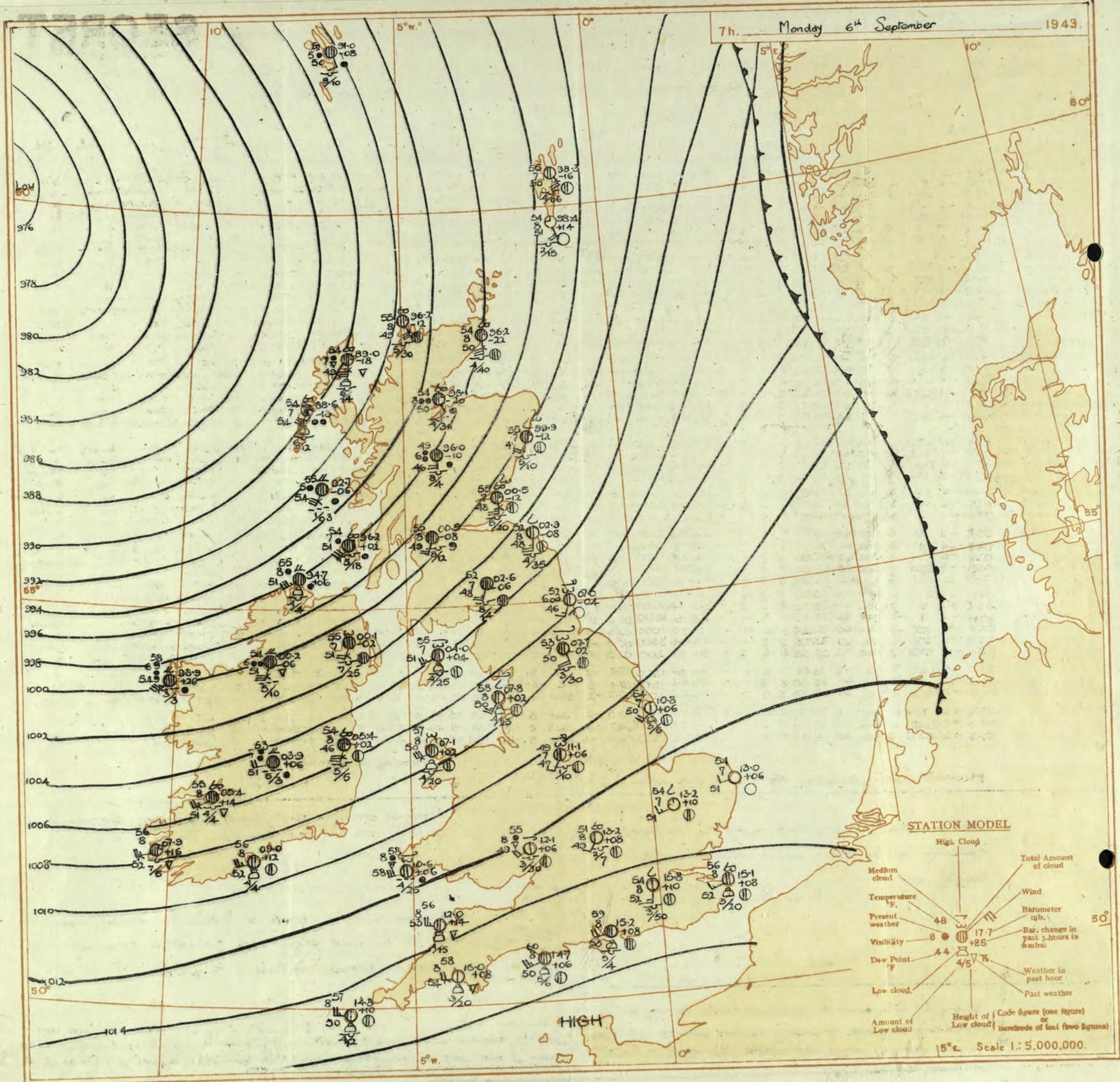
Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 5th September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 5th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

District.	STATIONS. (For heights see p. 4.)	Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (1)	Change in 8 hours. (2)	Wind. (3)	Dir. (4)	Force. (5)	Weather. (6)	Temp. °F. (7)	Humid. % (8)	Dew Point. °F. (9)	Visibility. mi. (10)	Cloud. Form. (11)	Amount. Low. (12)	Height of Base feet. (13)	Bottom. mt. (14)	Change in 8 hours. (15)	Wind. Dir. (16)	Force. (17)	Weather. (18)	Temp. °F. (19)	Humid. % (20)	Dew Point. °F. (21)	Visibility. mi. (22)	Cloud. Form. (23)	Amount. Low. (24)	Height of Base feet. (25)	Bottom. mt. (26)	Wind. Dir. (27)	Force. (28)	Weather. (29)	Temp. °F. (30)	Humid. % (31)	Dew Point. °F. (32)	Visibility. mi. (33)	Sea. State of Sea. 0-9 (34)	7h.-13h. 5th (35)	13h.-18h. 5th (36)	18h. 5th to 1h. 6th. (37)	1h.-7h. 6th (38)
1 London (Kew) ...	13.3	0	S	3	dd	62	85	58	6	2	-	7-8	10	1500	11.3	-4	SW's	3	bc	65	65	53	8	5	5	3	Tf	4-6	2500	0	*	eyr dm op r bbb bcc bc	bw						
Croydon ...	14.5	-2	SE	4	dd	61	92	59	5	2	-	4-6	10	1500	13.2	-10	S	3	bc	64	75	54	8	5	4	2	2-3	4-6	3000	0	*	edd od dom bcc bcb	bnu						
S. Farnborough ...	12.9	-2	SSW	3	dd	62	92	61	5	2	-	10	10	1000	12.5	+4	SE	4	cbc	64	75	55	8	5	5	3	4	1	7-8	3500	0	*	ed o cd cc zcc cbc	bv2					
Boscombe Down ...	12.5	-2	WS	3	c-bc	67	65	53	8	2	2	4-6	7-8	2800	12.8	+2	SW	3	bc	61	75	53	8	1	5	4	1	7-8	2500	1	*	circd cbcc bcc bbb bw	bv						
Thorney Island ...	13.7	-6	SSW	3	c-r	63	97	67	7	2	-	7-8	10	450	13.5	0	SW's	4	cbc	62	75	55	8	1	7	9	1	7-8	2500	1	*	ed r cbc bcc bc	bc						
Lyminge ...	14.8	-12	S	4	c-bc	68	65	57	7	1	0	9	-	13-9	+2	SW	4	bc	61	97	60	6	5	2	-	4-6	10	1000	1	*	c-bc bcd dm op bmu	bmu							
Manston ...	14.9	-14	S	5	zo	71	92	6	3	1	0	9	-	13-4	-8	SW	4	bc	65	85	59	8	5	7	7	1	9	600	0	*	c2o ecz yz yis	bc							
2 Shoeburyness ...	14.6	-28	S	5	c	71	55	54	7	5	3	2	2-3	9+	4000	13.8	0	SW	3	c	63	92	60	8	5	7	-	2-3	9+	1500	1	*	c cido bcc	bcc					
Felixstowe ...	15.1	-6	SE'S	5	c	66	75	56	7	5	3	-	4-6	9+	5700	13.0	0	SSW	5	c	63	92	60	7	5	-	9+	9+	4000	0	5	c c	bmu						
Gorleston ...	14.4	-8	SSE	4	cq	64	85	59	7	5	-	9	9	2500	12.4	-10	S	3	c	67	75	58	7	5	7	-	7-8	10	2000	0	5	cq c/c	bwb						
Mildenhall ...	12.0	-14	SE	4	c	71	45	61	8	5	7	-	4-6	10	7200	11.5	-2	SW	3	bc	64	85	59	7	5	3	2-3	4-6	2500	1	*	ciracy cyr odod obc	bcb						
Cranwell ...	11.1	-10	SW	4	c/b	59	92	38	6	2	-	9	10	800	10.0	-4	SSW	3	bc	64	65	51	8	2	3	9	23	4-6	2500	1	*	cmpac mcmoc dom agacm	blic						
3 Birmingham ...	10.4	-2	SW	3	bc	66	65	55	8	8	-	4-6	4-6	2500	10.7	0	W'S	2	b-bc	63	65	52	8	2	5	9	4-6	9+	3500	0	5	bc bcc	bcc						
Upper Heyford ...	12.0	-6	WSW	3	bc	62	62	52	8	2	-	8	4-6	4-6	1800	11.3	0	W'S	2	cbc	63	65	52	8	2	4	7-8	2500	0	*	bc bcc	bcc							
4 Ross-on-Wye	10.9	0	SWJ	4	bc	66	55	51	8	1	4	-	4-6	4-6	3500	11.0	+4	SW	4	cbc	63	55	49	8	1	4	7-8	2500	0	*	bc bcc	bcc							
5 Hartland Point ...	11.0	+6	WSW	5	bc	60	85	54	8	2	6	-	2-3	4-6	1500	10.5	-6	W'S	5	cbc	60	75	52	8	2	4	6	1-6	7-8	1800	0	5	bc bcc	bcpr					
Bristol ...	12.0	+2	WSW	3	bc	68	55	50	8	1	-	2	4-6	4-6	2500	11.9	0	N	3	cbc	61	85	55	8	2	6	3	7-8	10	4000	0	*	moddr cbcc bcc cprabc	bubc					
Portland Bill ...	13.4	+4	WSW	4	bc	63	75	56	8	2	-	4-6	4-6	4000	13.8	+2	SW	5	c	60	85	56	8	5	7	-	7-8	10	4000	1	*	cloc cbc	bc						
Plymouth ...	13.7	+4	WSW	4	c-bc	63	75	56	8	2	-	5	1	7-8	2500	13.4	-2	SW	5	c	60	85	54	7	5														



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

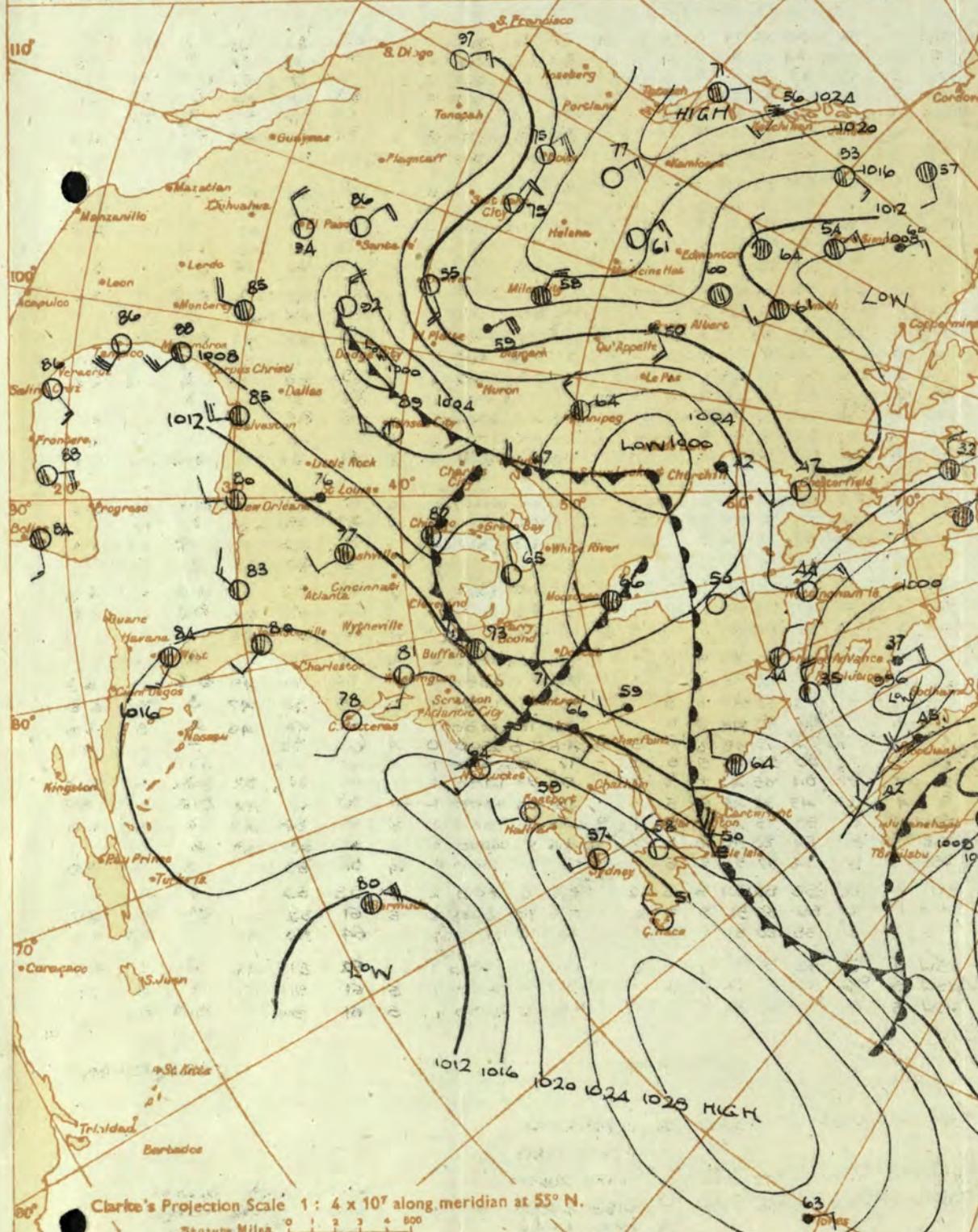
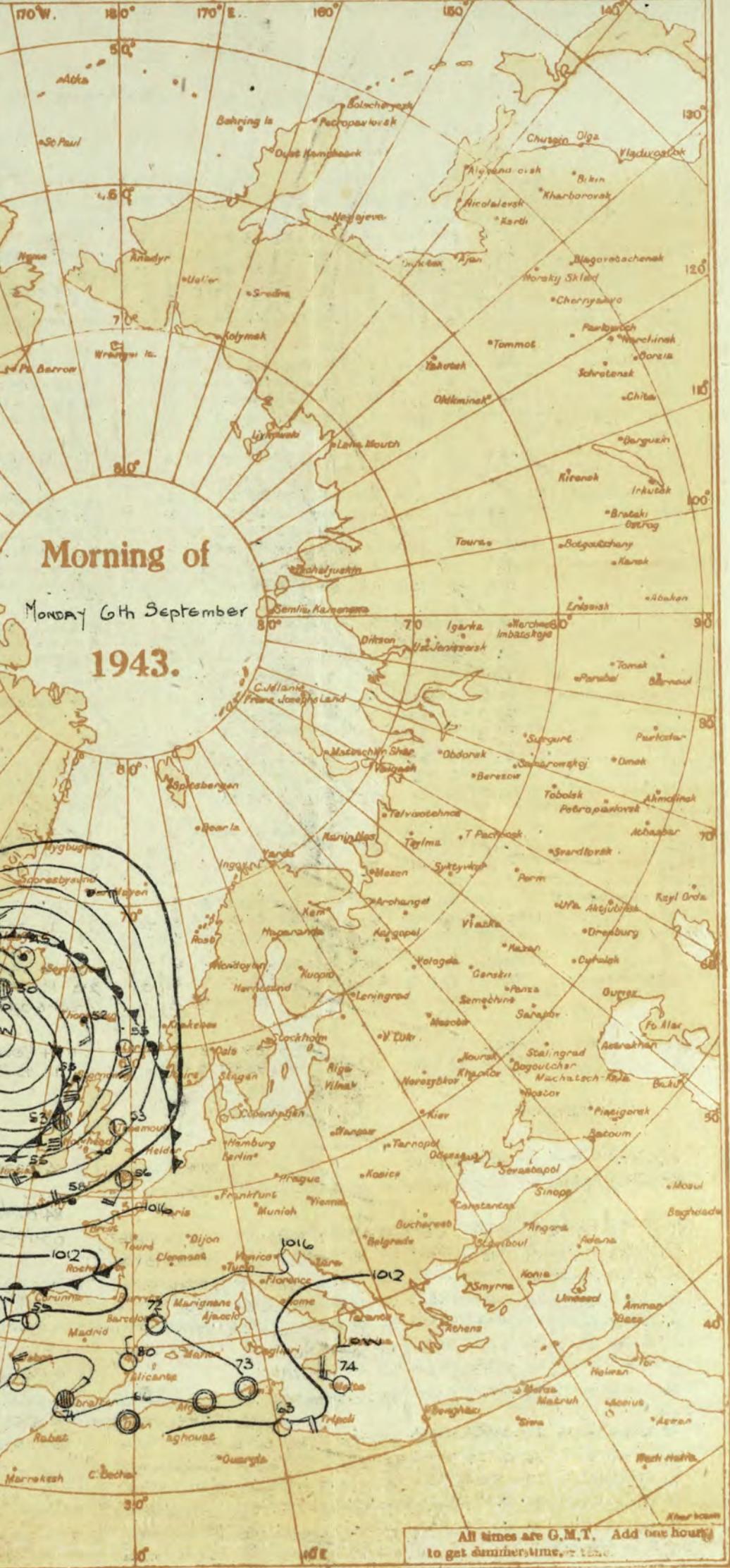
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions of the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows by with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: ○

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS:— ○ Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 cloudy. ○ Sky 4/10 to 6/10 cloudy.
○ Sky 7/10 to 9/10 cloudy. ○ Overcast sky. ● Rain falling. * Snow. △ Sleet. ▲ Hail.

Fog. ☁ Mist. ☁ Thunder. ☀ Thunderstorm. ☂ Slight haze. ☃

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way:

- Warm Front on the Surface
- Warm Front above the ground
- Cold Front on the surface
- Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)

— Warm Occlusion

— Cold Occlusion

— Lines of Frontogenesis

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving. When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

Page 4.
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Monday 6th September 1943
No. 29873

District.	Station.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 6th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 6th September												Past 24 Hours.																	
		Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Temperature.			Rainfall.			Sun-shine.			Sea. 0-9			Max. Day 7h-18h °F.			Min. Night 18h-7h °F.			Min. on Grass °F.			Day 7h-18h mm.			Night 18h-7h mm.			Sh. Hrs.		
		Height above M.S.L. in feet.	Barom. M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Direc.	Force	Westerly.	Temp.	%	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet).	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Direc.	Force	Westerly.	Temp.	%	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet).	Sea. 0-9	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on Grass °F.	Day 7h-18h mm.	Night 18h-7h mm.	Sun-shine Hrs.										
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	b	4	b-bc	57	*	*	*	*	*	*	14.7	+12	WSW	2	b	56	85	51	3	2	4	-	Tr	1	2500	0	*	69	51	35	0.2	Tr	3.1						
	Croydon	290	150	+6	SSW	4	b-bc	56	92	54	7	-	3	0	243	-	15.8	SW	3	b-bc	54	92	52	3	5	4	-	2-3	5000	1	*	71	53	49	Tr	-	2.5						
	S. Farnborough	226	140	+4	SW	3	b	54	92	52	7	5	1	-	Tr	Tr	3000	15.1	+14	WSW	3	e	55	85	51	8	2	4	-	Tr	1	2500	0	*	70	51	42	0.2	-	3.5			
	Boscombe Down	417	141	+4	SSW	2	b	51	92	49	7	-	0	0	-	14.9	+8	SSW	2	b	51	97	50	8	2	-	-	1	1	4000	0	*	69	47	43	3	-	5.1					
	Thorney Island	10	143	+2	SW	2	z	58	85	53	6	2	9	-	2-3	23	2500	15.2	+9	WSW	1	c-bc	59	85	53	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	1500	1	*	68	55	50	2	Tr	*			
	Lympne	283	148	+2	W	2	z	54	97	54	6	5	-	-	2-3	23	3000	15.9	+10	W	2	c-bc	57	92	53	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	5000	0	*	69	51	40	0.1	-	3.2			
	Manston	154	142	+2	SWW	3	b-bc	55	92	52	7	5	-	-	A-6	4-6	4200	15.1	+8	SW	3	b-bc	56	85	52	8	2	7	-	2-3	4-6	2000	1	*	73	51	48	Tr	-	2.7			
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*						
	Felixstowe	12	131	+2	WSW	4	b	53	65	46	7	5	-	-	1	1	4000	13.9	+6	WSW	4	z	56	92	53	6	-	4	-	0	0	3	70	54	50	-	-	3.1					
	Gorleston	5	122	-2	W'S	2	b-bc	59	85	55	7	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	13.0	+6	WSW	2	b	54	92	51	7	-	-	0	0	-	0	67	53	46	0.1	-	0.7					
	Mildenhall	15	122	+2	SW	3	b-bc	57	85	53	8	5	-	-	2-3	2-3	3500	13.2	+10	SW	3	b	54	92	51	7	-	4	-	0	0	0	72	51	43	0.1	-	1.3					
	Cranwell	203	111	+2	SW	3	z	51	92	48	6	5	-	-	Tr	Tr	4000	11.2	+4	SW	3	b-bc	54	92	52	7	-	1	0	2-3	-	0	67	50	45	0.6	-	3.4					
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							
4	Upper Heyford	408	126	+2	SW	2	b	53	92	51	8	5	-	-	Tr	Tr	1700	13.2	+8	SSW	2	b-bc	51	92	49	8	5	7	-	1	2-3	5700	1	*	68	50	43	0.3	-	5.5			
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							
5	Hartland Point	299	108	0	WSW	6	b-bc	58	75	51	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	12.0	+14	W	5	b-bc	56	92	53	8	3	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	1	*	61	55	52	-	4	9.7			
	Bristol	209	131	-2	SW	2	b	53	85	50	7	5	-	-	Tr	Tr	2500	13.8	+6	SW	3	b-bc	54	85	49	8	2	4	-	1	2-3	1500	1	*	69	52	48	2	0.3	6.7			
	Portland Bill	32	144	0	SW	5	c-bc	59	85	55	8	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	14.7	+6	SW	5	c-bc	60	75	50	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	1	*	63	57	52	-	-	9.0			
	Plymouth	86	139	-2	SWW	5	c-bc	58	85	54	8	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	2000	15.0	+8	W'S	1	pr	58	85	54	8	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	2000	0	*	63	57	52	-	-	10.2			
	The Lizard	240	141	+4	W	5	b-bc	57	85	51	8	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	2000	14.6	+6	W	5	b	57	85	51	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	*	65	55	52	-	-	9.3			
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	132	+4	W'S	5	pr	58	75	49	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	14.8	+12	W	5	b	57	75	50	8	3	-	-	4-6	4-6	1200	1	*	65	56	56	0.3	0.1	9.3			
	Guernsey	175	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*							
6	Pembroke	142	101	+4	WSW	7	b-bc	58	97	58	2	8	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	10.6	+6	WSW	6	pr	58	97	58	8	6	3	1	4-6	4-6	2500	0	*</									

SECRET

Tuesday 7 September 1943

No. 29874

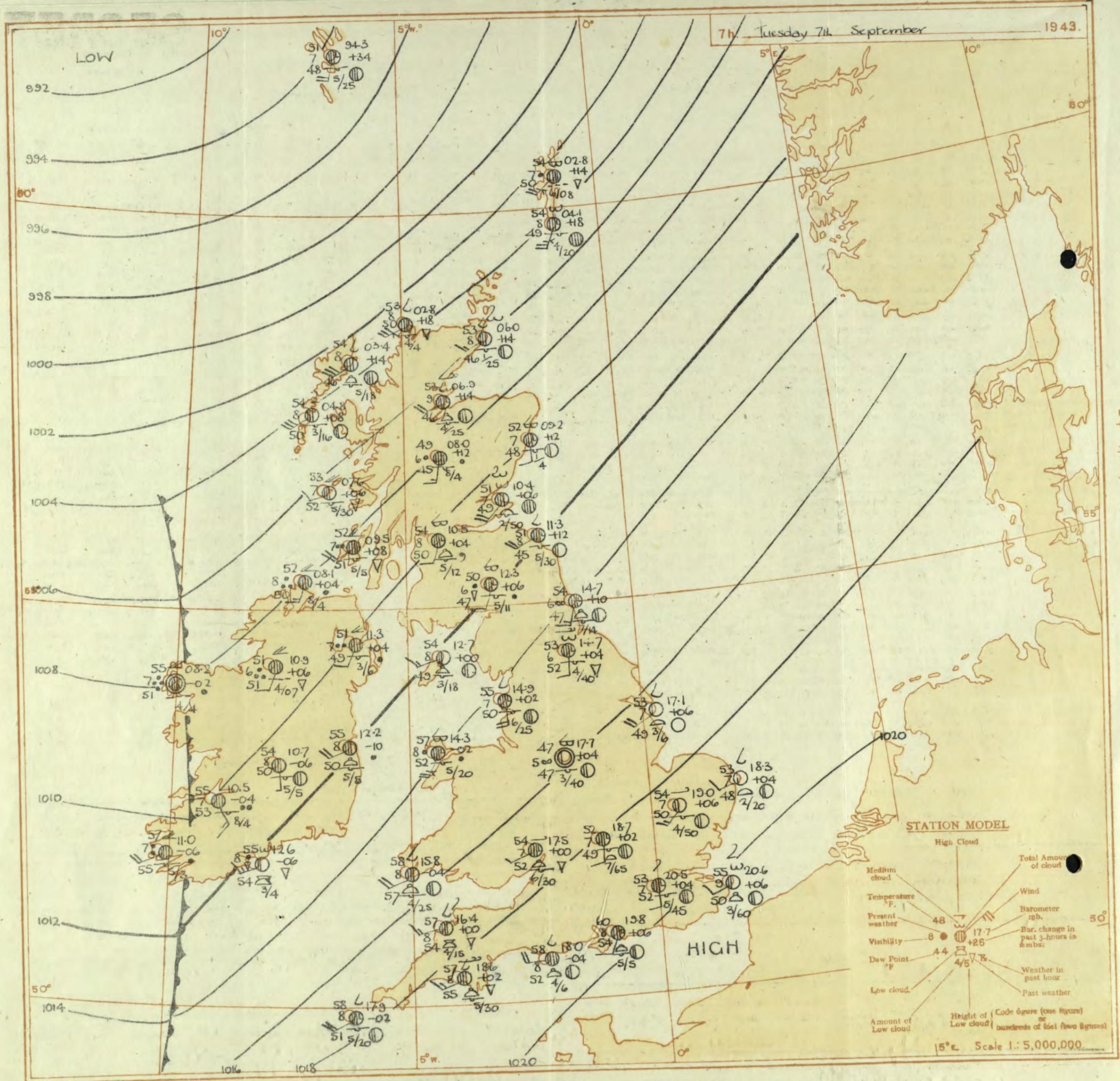
**BRITISH
SECTION**
**THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.**

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 6th September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 6th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Wind.	Cloud.										Cloud.										State of Ground.	Sea.	WEATHER.											
				Form.			Amount.			Height of Base (feet)				Form.			Amount.			Height of Base (feet)																	
				Low.	Med.	High	Low.	Total	0-10	10	0-10	10	10	Low.	Med.	High	Low.	Total	0-10	0-10	10	Low.	Med.	High	Low.	Total	0-10	0-10	10								
(For heights see p. 4.)	(mb.)	(1)	Change in 8 hours.	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)			
1 London (Kew) ...	15.9	+4	WSW	3	bc	67	45	46	8	2	4	-	2-3	4-6	1500	17.1	+12	SW	4	c-pr	61	75	52	8	8	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	0	*	bewbcb	bacybc	bc	bcmow	
Croydon ...	16.8	+2	SW	4	b-bc	67	55	50	9	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	3500	18.0	+12	S	2	b-pr	55	75	52	8	8	6	-	-	4-6	4-6	3500	1	*	baby	bacycpr	cbcb	bwmow
S. Farnborough ...	16.2	+2	WSW	5	bc	68	45	44	8	8	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	17.2	+10	SW	3	c-pr	61	75	54	8	8	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	1	*	babybacy	bacyprob	cbw	bewc	
Boscombe Down ...	16.1	+4	WSW	4	pr	65	55	49	8	2	6	-	4-6	4-6	2000	17.1	+16	WSW	3	b-pr	61	65	49	8	8	6	-	-	4-6	7-8	2800	0	*	bwbcbprob	c	cbcbcbw	bewcicmbo
'Thorney Island ...	16.9	+8	WSW	5	bc	67	65	54	9	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	18.2	+10	SW	4	b-bc	62	75	53	9	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	*	bc	loc	bcc	cwe	
Lymupne ...	17.1	+6	WSW	4	bc	66	55	47	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	3000	18.4	+12	WSW	4	b-bc	61	75	52	8	1	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	0	5	bcb	bacy	bw	bwmwc	
Manston ...	16.3	+10	WSW	3	bc	69	45	46	8	1	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	17.8	+18	SW	4	b	63	55	49	8	4	6	-	-	1	4000	0	*	bwbcb	bacy	bcb	bcb	
2 Pooleburyness ...	16.7	+10	W'S	3	bc	67	45	45	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	17.6	+10	SW	4	bc	64	65	51	8	4	6	-	-	2-3	4-6	4000	0	*	bey	bacy	bcmo	bcmow
Glastonbury ...	15.6	+6	WSW	4	b-bc	63	55	44	7	1	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	16.8	+6	SWS	5	c-pr	65	65	51	7	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	0	5	bcc	occy	ocyc	bcb	
Gorleston ...	13.3	+2	W	2	bc	67	55	48	7	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2000	14.3	+2	WSW	2	b-bc	69	45	46	7	8	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	3	bcc	bacy	bcb	bcb	
Mildenhall ...	14.3	+8	WSW	5	b-bc	67	45	44	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	13.5	+4	SWS	5	c-pr	65	45	45	8	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	5700	0	*	ocby	cycl	cycl	bcbcmo cmbo	
Cranwell ...	12.2	+4	SW	6	b-bc	64	55	46	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	3300	13.7	+10	W	4	c-pr	62	55	47	8	4	-	-	7-8	7-8	3000	0	*	bcb	bacy	bcb	bcb	
3 Birmingham ...	13.7	+8	SW	3	b-bc	61	55	44	8	8	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	14.8	+10	SW	3	b-bc	59	65	46	8	4	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	1	*	bcc	bcb	bcb	bcb	
Upper Heyford ...	14.3	+6	WSW	4	bc	65	55	48	8	2	6	-	2-3	4-6	3000	15.4	+6	WSW	4	b-bc	60	65	49	8	2	6	-	-	2-3	4-6	3000	0	*	bubcc	cpobcy	bc	bbcc
Ross-on-Wye	14.0	+8	WSW	4	bc	63	65	49	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	15.5	+8	SW	4	b-bc	59	75	49	8	8	-	-	4-6	4-6	3000	0	*	bccPbc	cpobcy	bc	pcpc	
5 Hartland Point ...	14.9	+12	W	5	b-bc	59	85	53	8	2	6	-	4-6	7-8	2000	15.7	0	W	5	bc	59	75	52	8	3	6	-	-	4-6	4-6	3000	0	5	bcp	cloc	bcb	bcbpr
Bristol ...	15.8	+10	SW	4	pr	58	85	55	7	8	6	-	7-8	9+	1200	16.7	+6	SW	3	c-pr	58	75	50	8	8	-	-	9+	9+	5000	1	*	bccpr	cpbcbprbcp	bcb	bcc	
Portland Bill ...	17.1	+10	SW	5	b-bc	62	85	57	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	18.0	+6	SW	5	b-bc	61	85	58	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	1	5	bcc	loc	c	cbcp	
Plymouth ...	17.6	+8	W	6	b-bc	61	85	57	8	6	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	17.8	+4	SWS	5	c-pr	60	85	54	8	8	6	-	-	2-3	7-8	2000	0	4	ocby	cycl	cycl	cbcpbc
The Lizard ...	17.8	+12	NW	4	pr	58	92	56	8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	17.9	+2	NNW	4	b-bc	60	75	52	8	2	4	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	4	bccy	cycl	cycl	cbcpbc
Scilly (St. Mary's) ...	17.1	+10	N'S	5	b-bc	64	65	52	8	8	6	-	2-3	2-3	1500	17.9	+6	WSW	4	s/pr	59	75	52	8	8	4	-	-	7-8	9+	1200	0	5	bccpq	bcpoq	bc	bcc
Guernsey ...	17.0	+10	N'S	7	bc	60	97	60	8	8	4	-	4-6	7-8	2500	15.5	+6	WS	6	b-bcq	59	92	57	8	2	4	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	1	4	bcq,ciro	ocq	bcq	bcb
6 Pembroke ...	13.7	+12	N'S	7																																	



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

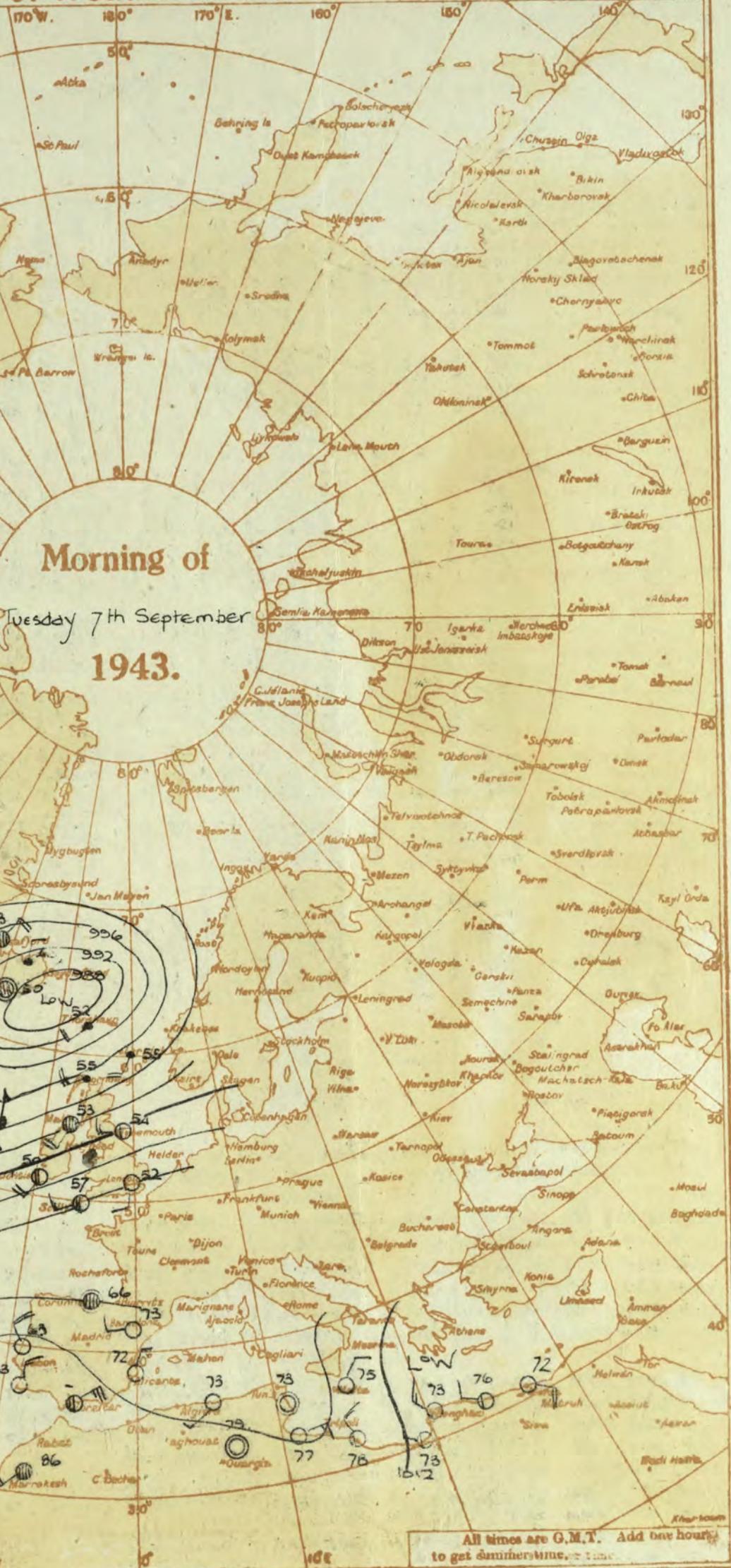
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Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn at intervals of four millibars.
WIND. Arrows by with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol.

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: — Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 clouded. (○) Sky 4/10 to 5/10 clouded.
① Sky 7/10 to 9/10 clouded. ② Overcast sky. ③ Rain falling. * Snow. # Sleet. △ Hail.

Fog. = Thunder. (T) Thunderstorm. K Slight haze. bo

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground
— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.

When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Tuesday 7th September

1943

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

For the 24 hours ending morning of 17th September
Day 7h-18h Kew and Croydon, 9h-18h Kensington
9h-21h other stations except for rainfall which is 9h-18h

Stations	Weather			Atmospheric Pollution Milligrams solid impurity per cubic metre.
	Morning	Afternoon	Night	
... ...	bewcbc	beybc	bccmow	
lyon	bcbeay	beycpo	bwbmoc	
enwich	bbey	bccy	ebcy	
den Square	bc	bc		
nsington	bc	bc		
mpstead	bc	c	c	
				50-1
				3-24
				0-1 67
				Max. 7 in
				Min. 1 hr

Stations.	Temperature			Rainfall		Sun- shine to sunset	Humid- ity % T d
	Day	Night	Min on grass	Day	Night	hrs	
	Max	Min	°F	mm	mm	Yesterday	
W	67	49	34	-	Tr.	7.7	•
lydon	70	51	45	0.2	-	8.1	•
eenwich	72	47	35	-	-	8.2	44
minster	69	51	44	-	-	-	61
gments Park	71	51	42	-	-	-	47
nden Square	70	51	42	-	-	-	60
nsington	71	50	*	Tr	-	-	71
mplestead	69	49	44	-	-	-	72

~~SECRET~~

~~Wednesday 8th September 1943~~

No. 29875

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

~~Wednesday 8th September 1943~~

No. 29875

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 7th September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 7th September.

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Wednesday 8th September 1943

DISTRICTS.		FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T.,	
1 S.E. England			
2 E. England ..	Light northwest to variable winds; fair with considerable bright periods, some fog around dawn, dispersing fairly quickly in the forenoon; rather warm.		
3 E. Midlands...			
4 W. Midlands			
5 S.W. England			
6 South Wales	Light west to southwest wind; fair or fine; rather warm.		
7 North Wales			
8 N.W. England			
9 N. Midlands...			
10 N.E. England	As 1-4		
11 S.E. Scotland			
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man	As 5-8		
13A W. Scotland ...	Moderate southwest winds; local showers at first, more general rain later; rather cool.		
13B N.W. Scotland			
14 Mid Scotland	Light to moderate west to southwest winds; fair apart from a few scattered showers; rather warm.		
15 N.E. Scotland			
16 Orkneys and Shetlands	As 14-15.		
17 N.W. Ireland			
18 N. E. Ireland	As 13 A - B.		
19 S. E. Ireland	As 5-8.		
20 S. W. Ireland	As 13 A-B.		
		GENERAL INFERENCE	
		A ridge of high pressure is building up over the British Isles; weather will be fair or fine apart from some local showers in the West and north; in East and Southeast England and the Midlands there will be some fog around dawn; later some more general rain is expected to spread into West and North Ireland and West and Northwest Scotland; it will be rather cool in the North and Northwest, rather warm elsewhere.	
		FURTHER OUTLOOK	
		Occasional rain in North and Northwest; fair in Southeast.	
		Forecasts issued at 10.30	NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

GENERAL INFERENCE

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Occasional rain in North and northwest; fair in Southeast.

Forecasts issued at 10.30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

TELEOFC

Waddington 18 September
25822

10°

5°W.

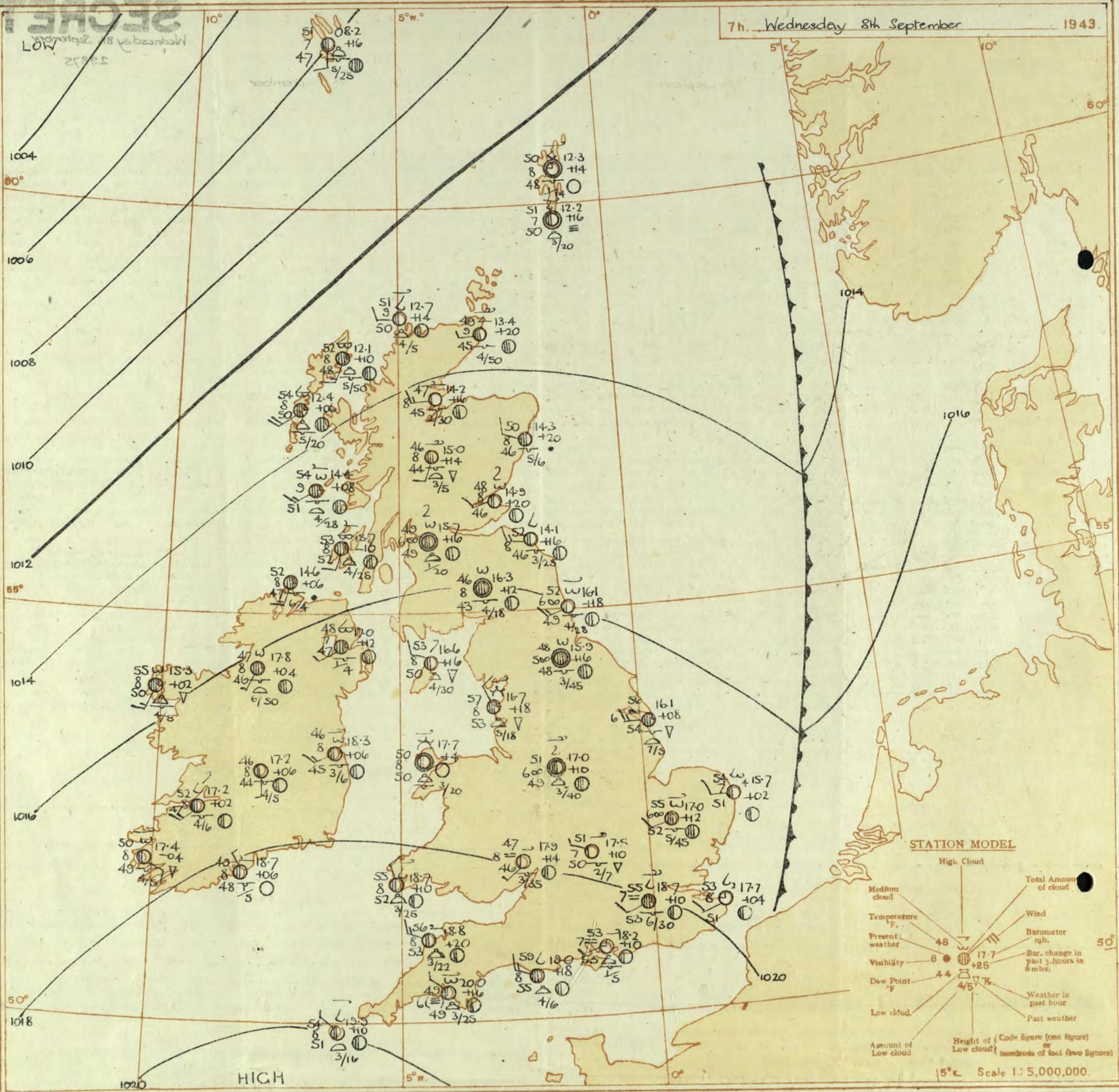
0°

5°E

10°

1943.

7h. Wednesday 8th September



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

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Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

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Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.

Front is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



Morning of

Wednesday 5th September

1943.

Clarke's Projection Scale 1 : 4×10^7 along meridian at 55° N.

Statute Miles 0 1 2 3 4 500

EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.
WIND. Arrow by with. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol:

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.
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Fog. ☁. Mist. = Thunder. (T) Thunderstorm. ☀ Slight haze. ☂

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Page 4. BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 8th September 1943

No. 19875

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

~~SECRET~~

Today 3rd September 1943

No. 29876

Page 2 BRITISH SECTION OF THE

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 3rd September 1943

No. 29876

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Thursday, 9th September 1943

DISTRICTS.	FORECASTS FOR TUESDAY	
1 S.E. England	Moderate easterly winds; fair at first, occasional thundery rain later; rather cool.	16 Orkneys and Shetlands
2 E. England ..		As 4-7
3 E. Midlands ..	Moderate southeast to east wind; fair with some bright periods, but dull night and early morning; rather cool.	17 N.W. Ireland
4 W. Midlands		18 N.E. Ireland
5 S.W. England	Moderate to fresh Southeast to east winds, strong locally on coasts; fair at first, occasional thundery rain later; rather cool.	19 S.E. Ireland
6 South Wales		20 S.W. Ireland
7 North Wales		As 4-7
8 N.W. England	Moderate south to southeast winds; fair with considerable bright periods; rather cool.	GENERAL INFERENCE
9 N. Midlands ..		A depression centred some 400 miles off Southwest Ireland is moving East. Weather will be generally fair at first, but thundery rain will spread to Southern districts of England and Ireland and to Wales; it will be generally rather cool.
10 N.E. England		
11 S.E. Scotland	As 2-3	
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		
13A W. Scotland ..		FURTHER OUTLOOK
13B N.W. Scotland	As 3	Fair in north, unsettled in south.
14 Mid Scotland		
15 N.E. Scotland	As 4-7	
Forecasts issued at 10.30		NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

GENERAL INFERENCE

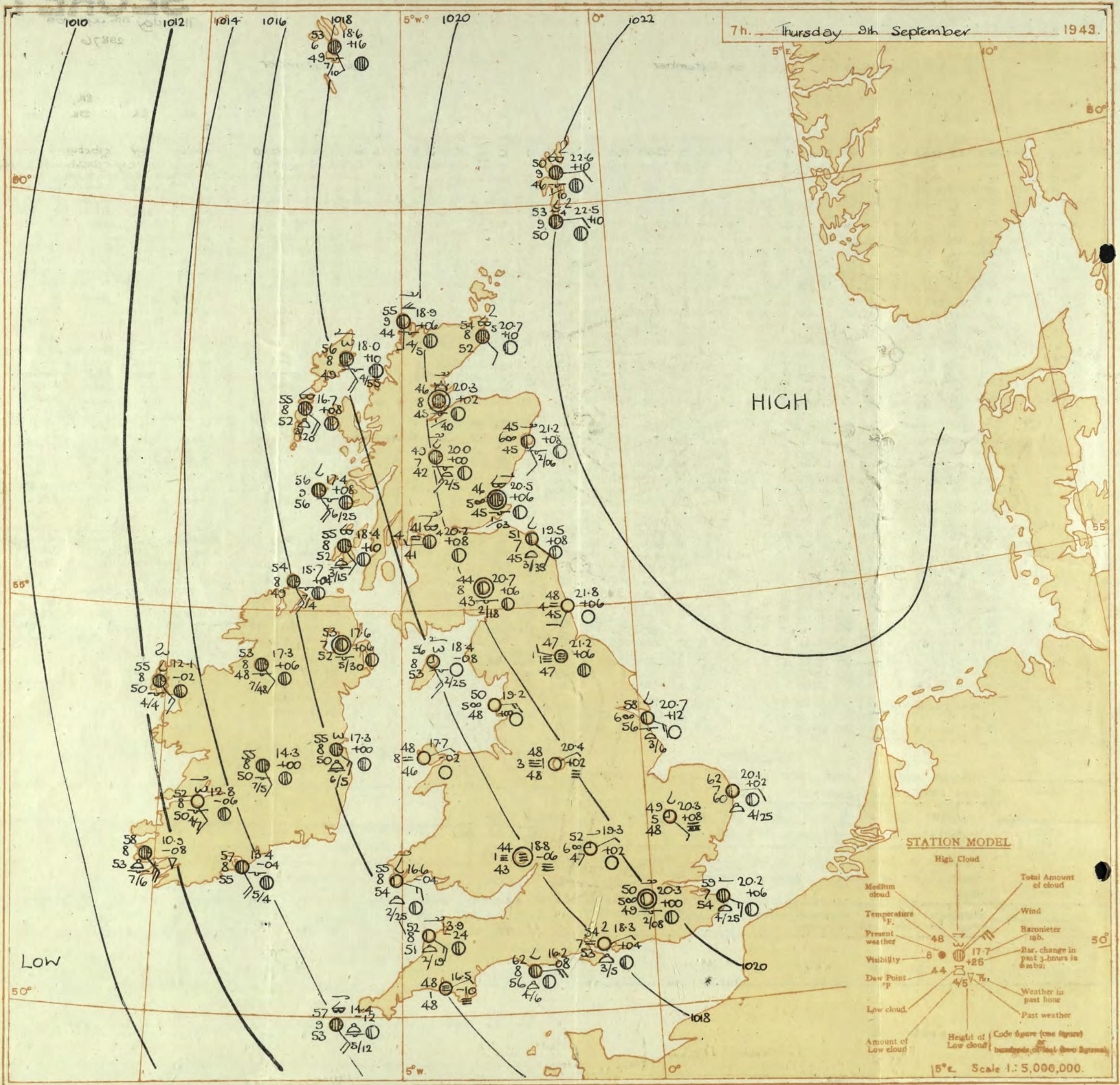
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FURTHER OUTLOOK

Fair in north, unsettled in south.

Forecasts issued at 10.30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

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THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 3rd September 1943
No. 23876

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 3rd September...													OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 3rd September...													PAST 24 HOURS.														
		Height above M.S.L. in feet. mb.	Barom. at M.S.L. (1)	Change in 3 hours. (2)	Wind.			Weather. (5)	Temp. (6)	Humid. (7)	Dew Point. (8)	Visibility. (9)	Cloud.					Illum. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 8 hours. (17)	Wind. (18)	Temp. (21)	Humid. (22)	Dew Point. (23)	Visibility. (24)	Cloud.					State of Sea. (31)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (33)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (34)	Min. on grass °F. (35)	Day 7h-18h mm. (36)	Night 18h-7h mm. (37)	SUN- SHINE 8h. hrs. (38)						
					Dir.	Force. (4)	W.						Form. (10)	Amount. (11)	Height of Base. (feet) (12)	Total (13)	Low. (14)	Med. (15)	High. (16)						Form. (20)	Amount. (21)	Height of Base. (feet) (26)	Low. (27)	Med. (28)	High. (29)	Total (30)	Low. (31)	Med. (32)	High. (33)	Atmospheric Pollution. Milligrams of solid impurity per cubic metre.	Kew 24 hours end 7h. May 1943.						
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	#	*	*	*	*	51	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19.5	+6	E'N	2	b-bf	54	97	53	3	-	-	1	0	2-3	-	0	*	68	47	34	-	Tr	5.9
	Croydon ...	207	207	-2	SSW	1	*	*	20	49	92	47	6	-	-	0	0	0	20.3	0	Zo	50	97	49	5	5	-	2	1	2-3	800	0	*	71	47	46	-	-	6.8			
	S. Farnborough ...	226	197	-6	-	0	*	*	Zo	47	92	45	5	-	-	0	0	0	19.3	+6	-	0	m	47	92	45	4	-	7	4	0	2-3	-	0	*	71	39	31	-	Tr	8.7	
	Boscombe Down ...	417	194	-8	NE'N	1	*	*	b	52	75	46	8	-	-	0	0	0	18.6	-2	E'N	2	Zo	50	85	44	6	-	2	0	4-6	-	0	*	69	45	40	-	-	12.0		
	Thorney Island ...	10	18.9	-8	-	0	*	*	b	47	97	46	7	-	-	0	0	0	18.3	+4	E'N	1	fg	54	97	53	7	2	-	6	2-3	7-8	2500	1	*	71	44	39	-	-	7.9	
	Lyminge ...	283	20.0	-6	-	0	*	*	b	52	92	50	8	-	-	0	0	0	20.0	+2	E	2	bc	57	92	53	7	5	-	4	2-3	4-6	1000	0	*	72	50	*	-	-	8.8	
	Manston ...	154	19.9	-4	ENE	2	*	*	Zo	55	92	53	6	-	-	0	0	0	20.2	+6	ESE	3	bbc	59	85	54	7	1	-	5	4-6	7-8	2500	0	*	68	53	43	-	-	-	
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20.1	+2	SE	3	b-bc	60	85	57	7	1	-	1	2-3	2-3	1000	0	*	71	43	40	-	-	7.7	
	Felixstowe ...	12	20.2	0	N	1	*	*	Zo	55	97	54	6	-	-	0	0	0	20.3	+4	E	3	bc	61	75	54	8	1	-	4-6	4-6	4000	0	2	71	54	56	-	-	7.0		
	Gorleston ...	5	20.1	+2	E'N	2	*	*	b	61	92	58	7	4	-	1	1	2500	20.1	+2	E	2	bc	62	92	60	7	2	-	4-6	4-6	2500	0	3	67	59	55	-	-	8.6		
	Mildenhall ...	15	19.9	+2	SE	1	*	*	Zo	49	92	43	5	-	-	0	0	0	20.3	+8	SE	1	bf	49	97	48	5	4	-	0	TR	-	0	*	71	45	39	-	Tr	8.2		
	Cranwell ...	203	20.4	+2	E's	1	*	*	m	51	97	50	4	-	-	0	0	0	20.5	+6	f-	51	97	50	3	5	-	10	10	400	1	*	69	47	40	-	-	8.8				
3	Birmingham ...	536	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19.3	-2	NE	2	bf	51	85	46	2	-	-	0	0	-	1	*	67	48	32	-	-	-			
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	197	0	-	0	*	*	Zo	52	85	47	6	-	-	0	0	0	19.3	+2	ENE	1	Zo	52	85	47	6	-	-	1	0	TR	-	0	*	67	48	40	-	-	-	
5	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.8	-6	0	*	*	14	97	43	1	-	-	10	10	T150	0	*	68	43	38	-	-	7.0			
6	Hartland Point ...	299	18.2	-6	ESE	3	*	*	b	53	92	50	8	-	-	0	0	0	13.9	-24	ESE	3	b-bc	52	97	51	8	2	-	2	1	2-3	1900	0	3	62	49	47	-	-	11.2	
	Bristol ...	200	20.0	-4	-	0	*	*	Zo	44	95	41	6	-	-	0	0	0	18.6	-4	-	0	Zo	45	97	45	6	-	2	0	2-3	-	0	*	67	42	34	-	-	11.4		
	Portland Bill ...	32	18.5	-10	W	3	*	*	b	59	95	53	3	-	-	0	0	0	16.2	-8	E	4	bbc	62	85	56	8	2	-	4-6	7-8	4000	1	*	62	55	55	-	-	11.0		
	Plymouth ...	86	18.9	-10	ENE	1	*	*	Zo	48	97	48	6	-	-	0	0	0	16.5	-10	NE	1	f+	48	97	48	1	-	-	10	10	T150	0	1	62	48	39	-	-	11.3		
	The Lizard ...	240	18.6	-12	-	0	*	*	b	53	97	52	7	-	-	0	0	0	15																							

~~SECRET~~

Friday 10th September 1943

No. 29877

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Friday 10th September 1943

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T.

FORECASTS FOR THE 27 NOVEMBER 1940	
1 S.E. England	Wind south backing southeast or east light; variable cloud perhaps local thundery rains; fog locally later at night and morning; close.
2 E. England ..	
3 E. Midlands ..	
4 W. Midlands	
5 S.W. England	Light or moderate south or southeast wind; mainly cloudy, occasional rain; close.
6 South Wales	
7 North Wales	
8 N.W. England	Moderate or fresh east wind strong locally at first; dull, light rain; rather cool.
9 N. Midlands ..	
10 N.E. England	
11 S.E. Scotland	
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man	
13A W. Scotland ..	
13B N.W. Scotland	Moderate east wind; fair, high cloud; rather warmer.
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15 N.E. Scotland	
16 Orkneys and Shetlands	A 14-15
17 N. W. Ireland	A 8-13 B
18 N. E. Ireland	
19 S. E. Ireland	A 5-7
20 S. W. Ireland	
GENERAL INFERENCE	
Pressure is high over Scandinavia and low off our southwest coasts; an occlusion about latitude 52° is moving North slowly.	
FURTHER OUTLOOK	
East winds, with much cloud generally, some breaks in south, local rain especially in south	
Forecasts issued at 10.30	
NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2	

GENERAL INFERENCE

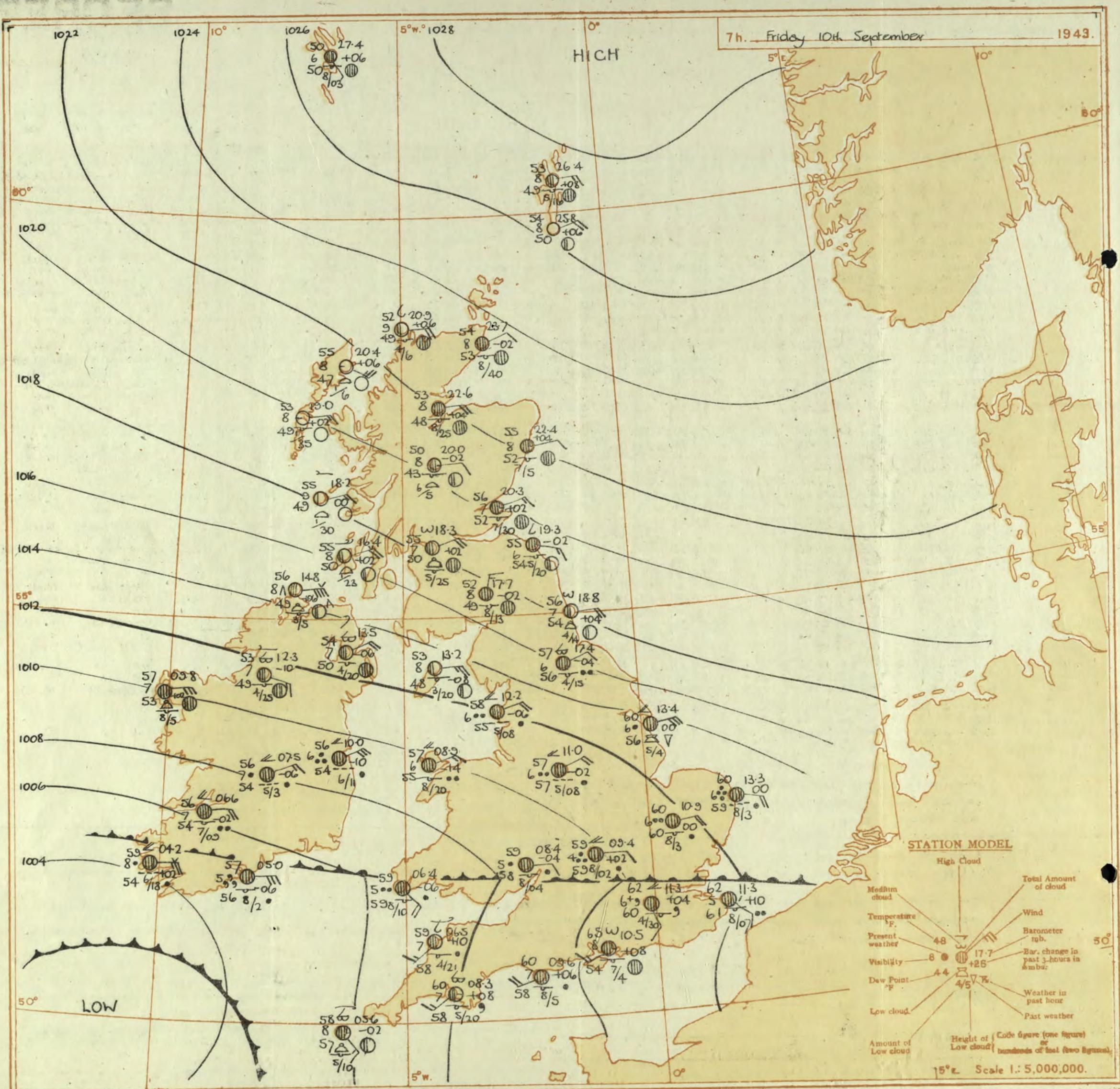
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Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

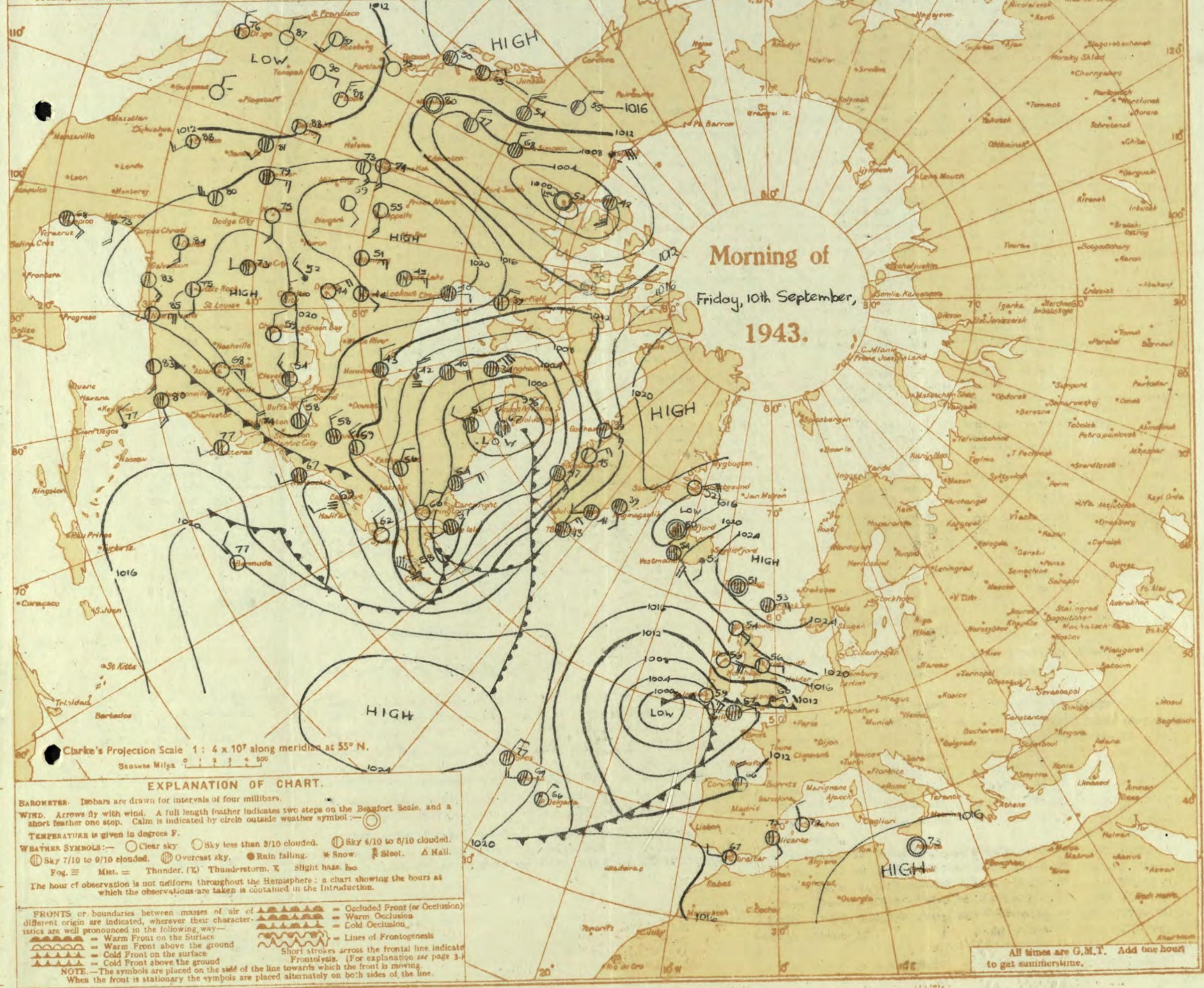
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Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector.' The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion.' Occlusions of the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as 'warm' or 'cold' occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

~~SECRET~~

Saturday 11th September 1943

No 29875

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Saturday 11th September 1943

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Saturday 11th September 1943

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 S.E. England | |
| 2 E. England .. | Light variable or easterly winds; local showers or thunderstorms this afternoon and evening, dying out tonight; much low cloud in eastern parts of area; close. |
| 3 E. Midlands ... | |
| 4 W. Midlands | |
| 5 S.W. England | |
| 6 South Wales | |
| 7 North Wales | |
| 8 N.W. England | |
| 9 N. Midlands ... | Moderate or fresh easterly winds; cloudy with occasional rain; close. |
| 10 N.E. England | |
| 11 S.E. Scotland | |
| 12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man | |
| 13A W. Scotland ... | |
| 13B N.W. Scotland | |
| 14 Mid Scotland | Moderate or fresh easterly winds; mainly cloudy but some bright periods in West; rather cool. |
| 15 N.E. Scotland | |

- 16 Orkneys and Shetlands
 17 N. W. Ireland
 18 N. E. Ireland
 19 S. E. Ireland
 20 S. W. Ireland

AS 13B-15

- 17 N. W. Ireland
 - 18 N. E. Ireland
 - 19 S. E. Ireland
 - 20 S. W. Ireland

0 - 8 - 139

GENERAL INFERENCE

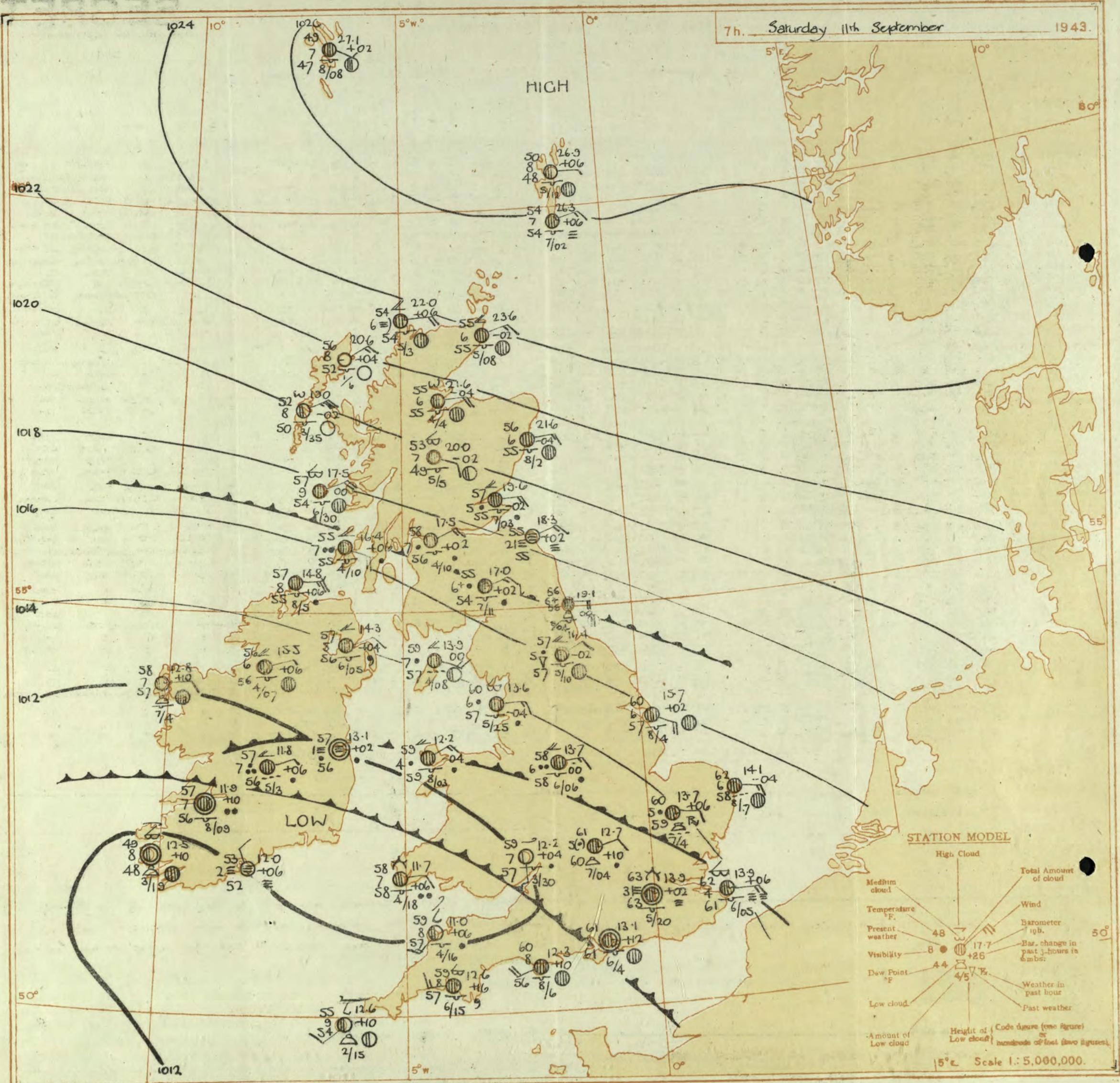
Pressure is high to Northeast and low to Southwest of the British Isles. Weather will be generally unsettled with occasional rain or local thunderstorms in many areas; it will be close except in the extreme North.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

No great change indicated.

Forecasts issued at 10-30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

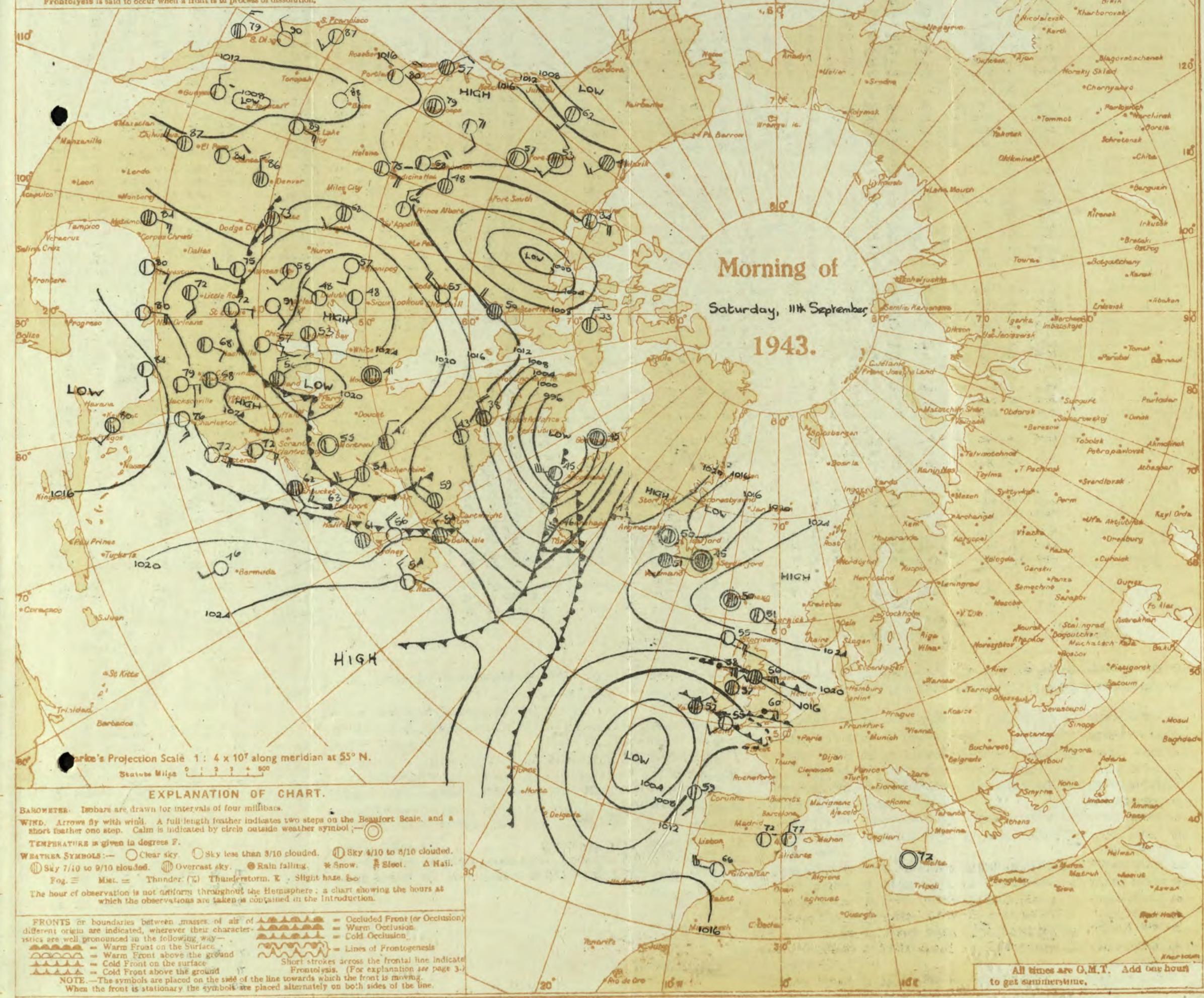
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
 Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.
 Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions are the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Saturday, 11th September 1943
No. 22878

District	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 11th September...												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 11th September...												PAST 24 HOURS.																
		Height above M.S.L. mb. (1)	Barom. at. M.S.L. (2)	Change in 3 hours (3)	Wind.			Wester. (5)	Temp. (6)	Humid. (7)	Dew Point. (8)	Visibility. (9)	Cloud.				Barom. at. M.S.L. (16)	Change in 3 hours (17)	Wind.			Wester. (18)	Temp. (19)	Humid. (20)	Dew Point. (21)	Visibility. (22)	Cloud.				Barom. at. M.S.L. (30)	State of Ground (31)	Sea. (32)	TEMPERATURE.				RAINFALL.				SUM- SHINE 10h. Hrs. (38)
					Direc. (8)	Force. (4)	Wind. (5)						Form. (10)	Amount. (11)	Height of Base (feet). (12)	Low. (13)	Total (14)	High. (15)	Form. (18)	Amount. (19)	Height of Base (feet). (20)	Low. (21)	Total (22)	High. (23)	Form. (24)	Amount. (25)	Height of Base (feet). (26)	Low. (27)	Total (28)	High. (29)	Form. (30)	Amount. (31)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (33)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (34)	Min. on grass °F. (35)	Day 7h-18h mm. (36)	Night 18h-7h mm. (37)					
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	*	*	*	*	61	97	60	4	9	-	-	10	10	700	13.9	13.3	114	E's	2	c	63	92	61	3	5	-	-	9+	2500	1	*	71	61	55	-	13	0.5	
	Croydon ...	290	14.6	+6	E	2	htr	60	97	60	4	9	-	-	10	10	700	13.9	12.9	+2	-	0	cft	63	97	63	3	5	6	-	-	7-8	2000	1	*	73	60	58	0.1	8	1.7	
	S. Farnborough ...	226	12.2	-4	ENE	1	Zo	59	97	59	6	5	-	-	10	10	500	13.0	13.0	+14	SSN	1	Zo	62	92	61	6	5	-	-	9+	1000	0	*	72	59	53	Tr	11	3.7		
	Boscombe Down ...	417	11.2	-10	E'S	4	bc	59	97	58	8	5	3	3	1	4-6	2500	12.7	12.7	+12	-	0	bc	60	97	59	7	5	3	1	2-3	4-6	2000	1	*	68	58	58	7	7	3.1	
	Thorney Island ...	10	11.7	0	ENE	3	Zo	62	97	61	5	5	2	-	4-6	7-8	1500	13.1	13.1	+12	-	0	c	61	97	61	7	5	-	-	9+	1500	1	*	69	58	50	Tr	14	6.2		
	Lymnep ...	283	13.7	+2	NNE	3	Zo	62	97	61	5	5	2	-	7-8	10	4300	13.9	13.9	+8	NE'E	2	m	63	92	61	4	5	-	-	9+	2000	0	*	60	55	55	Tr	-	6.2		
	Manston ...	154	14.2	-2	ESE	3	cft	63	97	61	3	5	7	-	9	10	400	13.9	13.9	+6	E'S	3	m	62	97	61	4	5	7	-	9+	500	0	*	71	61	54	Tr	-	4.6		
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	72	62	57	-	3	4.7	
	Felixstowe ...	12	14.4	-2	E	4	Zo	62	92	60	6	5	-	-	10	10	800	14.3	14.4	+2	E	2	Zo	63	92	61	5	5	-	-	10	10	800	1	*	68	61	59	0.1	0.1	0.0	
	Gorleston ...	5	14.9	-2	ESE	4	C	61	92	59	7	5	-	-	10	10	1500	14.1	14.1	-4	E'S	3	C	62	92	58	6	6	-	-	10	10	1700	1	*	62	61	57	11	3	0.5	
	Mildenhall' ...	15	14.2	+2	ESE	2	Zo	62	92	60	5	5	-	-	10	10	1500	13.7	13.7	+6	ESE	2	ig	60	97	59	5	3	-	-	9+	9+	1500	1	*	68	59	58	1	9	0.5	
	Cranwell' ...	203	14.6	+4	E	3	m	59	97	59	4	5	-	-	10	10	1400	14.2	14.2	+2	E'S	3	Zo	59	97	58	5	5	-	-	10	10	400	1	*	63	58	57	20	3	0.0	
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	65	58	54	3	3	1.4		
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	12.9	+2	E	3	rr	59	97	59	6	5	-	-	10	10	400	12.7	12.7	+10	E'S	2	m	60	97	59	4	5	-	-	10	10	220	1	*	67	59	57	0.6	7	*	
	Ross-on-Wye ...	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	70	58	54	0.4	7	2.8			
5	Hartland Point ...	299	10.1	-2	NE	6	rr	59	97	59	8	5	2	-	4-6	9+	1500	11.0	11.0	+6	SSN	3	bc	59	97	57	8	5	1	4	4-6	1-6	1600	1	*	68	56	54	-	4	1.8	
	Bristol ...	209	11.2	-10	-	0	%	59	97	58	6	5	2	-	7-8	10	1000	12.4	12.4	+10	-	0	bc	58	97	57	7	8	6	1	4-6	4-6	1500	1	*	69	57	51	Tr	11	4.8	
	Portland Bill ...	32	11.0	-4	E	3	b- bc	60	85	46	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	12.3	12.3	+10	SW	4	O	60	85	46	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	1	*	64	57	54	5	1.8		

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Sunday 12th September 1943

No. 29879

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday 12th September 1943

No. 29879

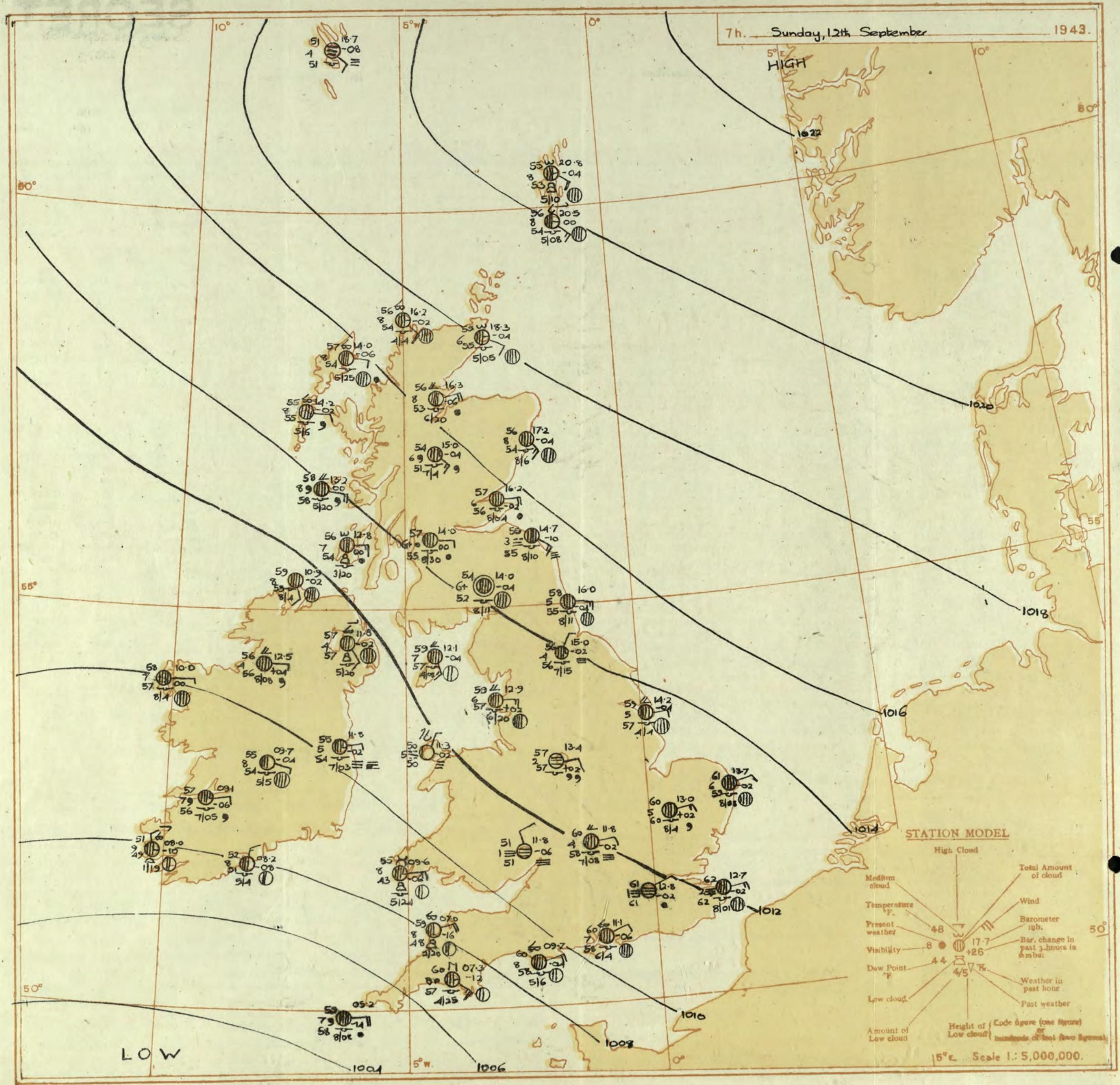
OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 11th September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 11th September.

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Sunday 12th September 1943.

DISTRICTS	FORECASTS FOR	
1 S.E. England	Moderate east winds, fair at first, but much cloud persisting on East coast; thundery rain or thunderstorms spreading from southwest later; close.	As 10-15
2 E. England ..		Light to moderate east winds; fair at first, thundery rain or thunderstorms spreading from South later; close
3 E. Midlands ..		
4 W. Midlands		
5 S.W. England	Moderate to fresh east winds; cloudy with occasional thundery rain or thunderstorms; close.	As 5
6 South Wales		
7 North Wales		
8 N.W. England		
9 N. Midlands ..		
10 N.E. England		
11 S.E. Scotland	Moderate southeast or east winds dull with slight local rain or drizzle; rather cool.	
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		
13A W. Scotland ..		
13B N.W. Scotland		
14 Mid Scotland		
15 N.E. Scotland		
GENERAL INFERENCE		A depression centred off Northwest Spain is moving slowly Northeast. It will be generally unsettled and in most districts it will be close; in Scotland there will be slight local rain or drizzle, but rather general thundery rain or thunderstorms will spread from Southwest over a large part of England, Wales and Southern Ireland.
FURTHER OUTLOOK		Easterly winds; generally cloudy with occasional thundery rain or thunderstorms in most districts.
Forecasts issued at 10.30		NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

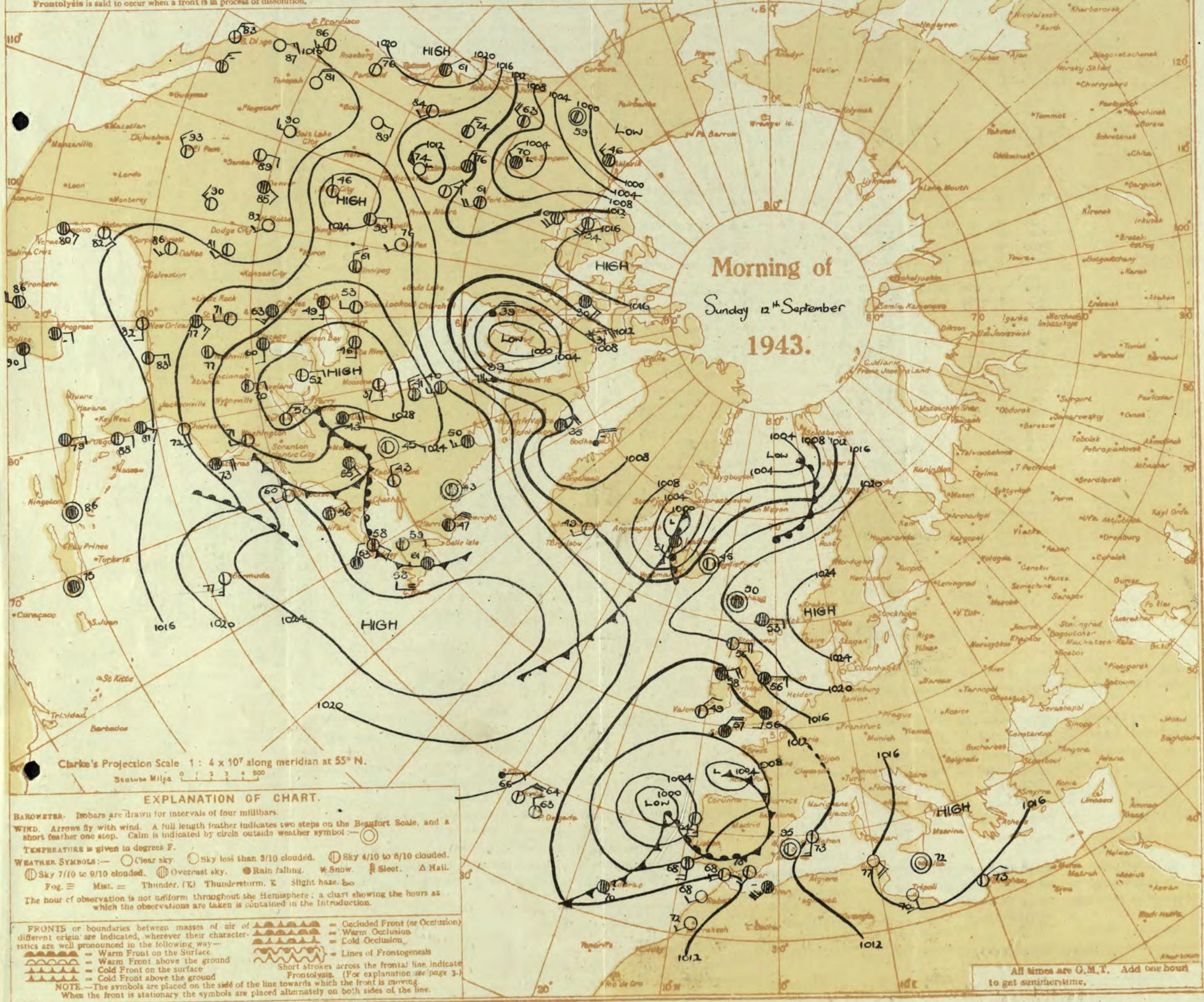
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Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.
Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

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Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

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Sunday 12th September 1943

N 29879

Page 4.
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 12th September....												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 12th September....												PAST 24 HOURS.														
		Height above M.S.L. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. (2)	Change in 3 hours (3)	Wind. Dir. (4)	Force. (5)	Weather. (6)	Temp. (7)	% Humid. (8)	F. Dew Point. (9)	Visibility. (10)	Cloud.			Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 3 hours (17)	Wind. Dir. (18)	Temp. (21)	% Humid. (22)	F. Dew Point. (23)	Visibility. (24)	Cloud.			Height of Sea (feet) (30)	State of Sea. (31)	TEMPERATURE.				RAINFALL.									
												Form. (10)	Amount. (11)	Height of Base (feet). (12)								Form. (26)	Amount. (27)	Low. (28)	Total (29)	High. (30)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (33)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (34)	Min. on Grass 7h-18h °F. (35)	Day mm. (36)	Night 18h-7h mm. (37)									
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	*	*	*	59	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	10	2500	1	*	74	57	47	-	7-4		
	Croydon ...	290	14-3	-2	SSW	1	Zo	56	97	56	6	5	8	-	4-6	7-8	4000	12-8	-2	NE	1	f-	61	97	61	3	-	-	10	10	1500	1	*	77	54	50	Tr	7-2		
	S. Barnborough ...	226	12-6	-12	-	0	Zo	53	97	52	5	-	7	1	0	2-3	-	11-7	0	E'N	2	df	59	97	59	3	5	-	-	10	10	100	1	*	75	51	43	-	Tr	7-8
	Boscombe Down 417	13-0	-6	-	0	F2	54	97	53	6	-	3	6	0	2-8	-	11-9	0	E	3	m	57	97	56	4	5	-	-	10	10	100	1	*	71	52	49	-	Tr	7-1	
	Thorney Island 10	12-6	-10	NE	1	b-be	55	97	54	8	-	3	-	0	9+	-	11-1	-6	NE	2	c	60	92	58	7	5	7	-	9	10	1500	1	*	69	53	47	-	Tr	6-8	
	Lympne ...	283	13-5	-8	N.E	1	b-be	56	97	56	3	-	-	6	0	2-3	-	11-0	-6	N.E	3	f	61	97	60	4	5	-	-	10	10	200	1	*	54	50	-	Tr	6-8	
	Manston ...	154	13-5	-4	-	0	b-e	56	97	56	1	-	7	-	0	4-6	-	12-7	-2	ENE	3	df	62	97	62	2	5	-	-	10	10	100	1	*	73	54	49	-	Tr	4-4
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	10	1500	1	*	71	58	53	-	Tr	6-2
	Felixstowe ...	12	13-9	-10	N.W	1	Zo	62	92	60	5	5	5	-	10	10	800	13-3	+4	NE	2	Zo	63	92	60	5	5	-	-	7-8	9+	800	0	2	69	61	61	-	Tr	0-4
	Gorleston ...	5	13-8	-8	-	0	Zo	61	92	59	6	5	-	10	10	1000	13-7	-2	E'N	2	Zo	61	92	59	6	5	-	-	10	10	800	0	3	63	60	60	0-4	-	0-3	
	Mildenhall ...	15	14-1	-4	-	0	df	61	97	60	3	5	-	10	10	700	13-0	+2	E'N	3	Zo	60	97	60	5	5	-	-	10	10	1500	1	*	69	60	57	Tr	1	2-0	
	Cranwell ...	203	13-8	-6	E'N	2	c-f	59	97	59	3	5	-	9	9	800	13-2	0	E	2	of	58	97	58	3	5	-	-	10	10	700	1	*	64	67	57	Tr	0-1	0-4	
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	10	450	1	*	71	59	44	-	-	5-5
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	13-5	+2	E.NE	1	f3	56	92	55	6	-	-	2	0	2-3	-	11-8	-2	E'N	2	m	60	92	58	4	5	2	-	9+	10	800	0	*	74	55	49	-	Tr	8-1
	Ross-on-Wye 223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10	10	1500	1	*	71	59	45	-	Tr	8-1
5	Hartland Point 299	10-8	-12	E.NE	3	ebc	57	85	51	8	5	4	-	4-6	7-8	2500	07-0	-16	NE	4	ebc	59	65	48	8	2	7	-	7-8	9+	2400	0	4	63	55	53	0-3	-	6-5	
	Bristol ...	200	12-4	-10	-	0	if	51	97	50	5	-	7	2	0	7-8	-	11-4	-2	SE	1	Zo	52	97	52	6	4	7	8	Tr	9+	2500	1	*	72	47	41	-	-	6-5
	Portland Bill ...	32	11-2	-12	N	4	ebc	59	85	55	8	2	4	-	4-6	7-8	1000	09-7	-12	NE	4	c	60	92	58	8	5	7	-	7-8	10	1000	1	4	63	57	57	-	-	8-6
	Plymouth ...	86	10-8	-16	E.N	2	ebc	53	97	53	6	5	-	10	10	700	13-0	-20	E.NE	5	ido	60	85	57	8	5	8	-	4-6	9	2500	0	4	64	52	46	-	Tr	8-6	
	The Lizard ...	240	09-8	-16	E	4	ebc	57	92	55	7	5	3	-	7-8	7-8	2000	05-3	-14	E	4	ido	59	92	58	7	5	-	-	10	10	800	1	4	67	56	56	0-5	0-5	8-3

~~SECRET~~
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Monday 15th September 1943

No. 29880

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Monday 13th September 1943

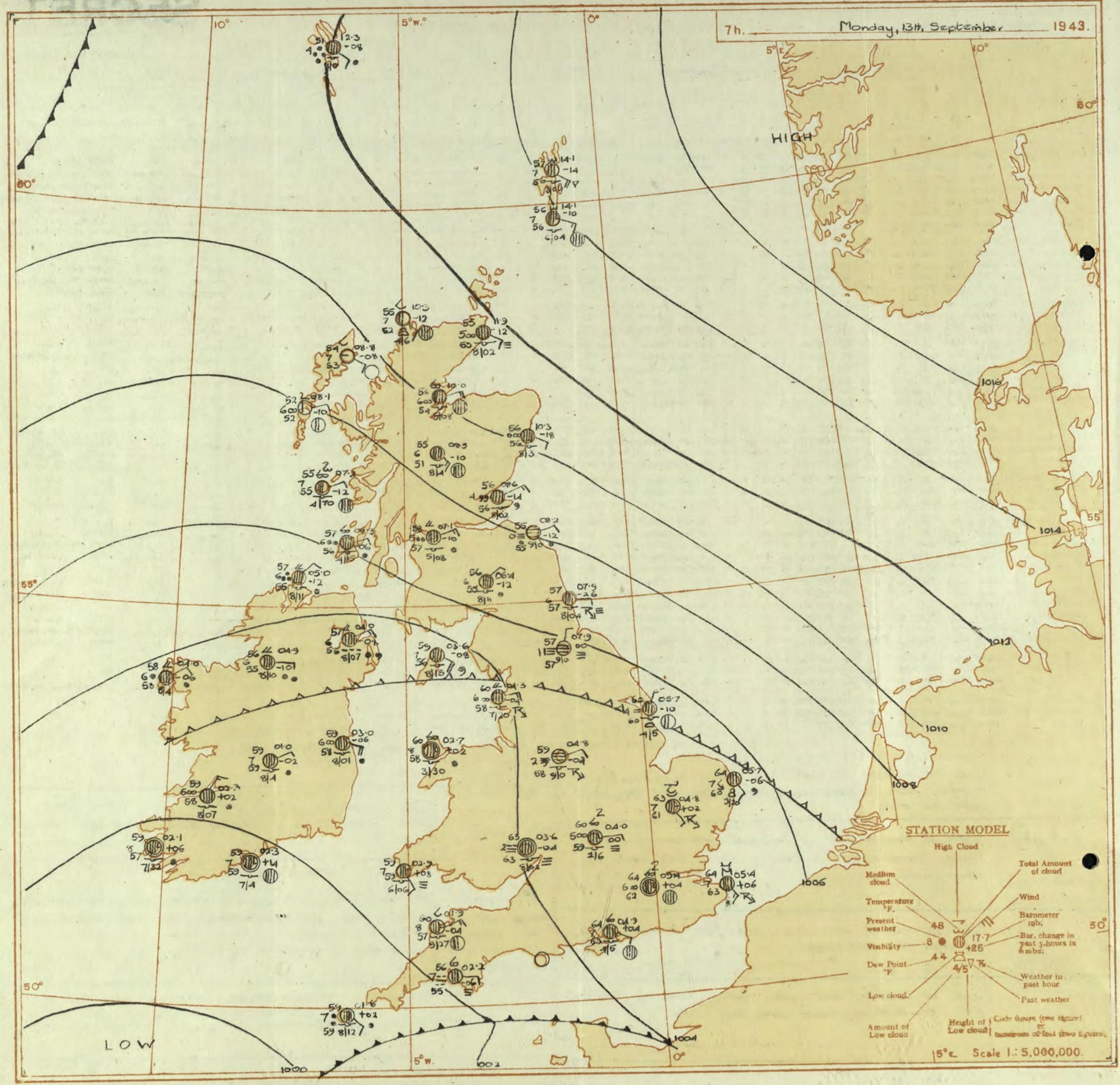
DISTRICTS.		FORECASTS FOR THE	
1 S.E. England	Light or moderate southeast wind veering slowly; cloudy; thundery rains or local thunderstorms; local coast fog; rather warm and close	16 Orkneys and Shetlands	As 9-11
2 E. England ..		17 N.W. Ireland	
3 E. Midlands ..		18 N.E. Ireland	
4 W. Midlands		19 S.E. Ireland	
5 S.W. England		20 S.W. Ireland	
6 South Wales	Light or moderate east or southeast wind veering slowly; cloudy; thunderstorms or thundery rains; local coast fog; rather warm and close.	GENERAL INFERENCE	
7 North Wales		A depression over the Bay of Biscay is moving slowly north-northeast; there will be thundery rains or thunderstorms in most districts; fog will occur near the East coast.	
8 N.W. England			
9 N. Midlands ..	Light or moderate east wind; dull; local thundery rains		
10 N.E. England	fog near East coast; cool.		
11 S.E. Scotland			
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man	Light or moderate east wind; cloudy; thundery rains and local thunderstorms; rather warm and close.	FURTHER OUTLOOK	
13A W. Scotland ..		Local thunderstorms or thundery rains.	
13B N.W. Scotland			
14 Mid Scotland			
15 N.E. Scotland	As 9-11	Forecasts issued at 10.30 NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2	

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Local thunderstorms or thundery rains.

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NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Geological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

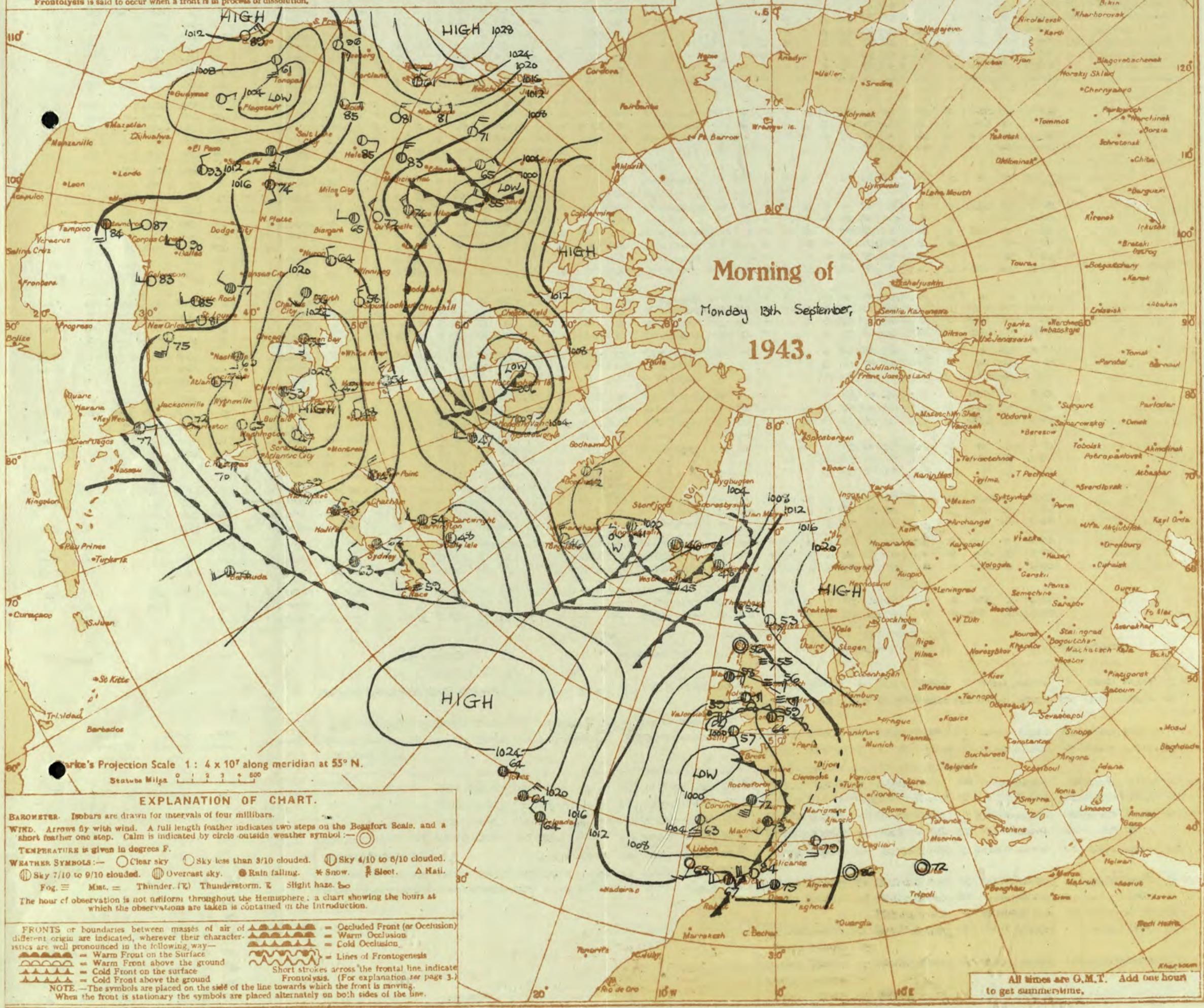
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin,¹ and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin.² During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbol widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: —

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS:— (○) Clear sky (○) Sky less than 3/10 clouded. (□) Sky 4/10 to 6/10 clouded.

(□) Sky 7/10 to 9/10 clouded. (■) Overcast sky. (●) Rain falling. * Snow. # Sleet. △ Hail.

Fog. = Mist. = Thunder. (T) Thunderstorm. S Slight haze. ☀

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground
▲ Cold Front on the surface
▲ Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion

— Lines of Frontogenesis
Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.
When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Monday, 13th September 1943
No. 22280

District.	Stations.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 13 th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 13 th September												Past 24 Hours																																			
		Height above M.S.L. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (2)	Wind.		Distr. (3)	Force (4)	Weekday (5)	Temp. °F. (6)	% Humid. (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visibility. 0-6 (9)	Cloud.				Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (16)	Change in 8 hours. (17)	Wind.		Distr. (18)	Force (19)	Weather. (20)	Temp. °F. (21)	% Humid. (22)	Dew Point. °F. (23)	Visibility. 0-9 (24)	Cloud.				Height of base (feet) (25)	Stat. of ground (26)	Sea. (27)	Temperature.		Rainfall.		Sun- shine 12 h. hrs. (28)																						
													Form.						Amount.			Height of base (feet) (10)		Low. (11)			Med. (12)		High. (13)					Form.																											
																			Low. (18)			Med. (19)		High. (20)																																					
													Cloud.						Low. (21)			Med. (22)		High. (23)					Cloud.																																
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	*	*	*	*	64	97	64	6	-	6	2	0	34	-	048	+4	E'N	1	CF	63	97	62	3	5	1	-	4-6	10	2500	1	*	71	61	53	Tr	19	1.0																				
	Croydon	290	063	-10	E	1	L	64	97	64	6	-	6	2	0	34	-	054	+4	-	0	20	64	92	62	6	-	7	6	0	34	-	1	*	73	61	57	-	4	2.2																					
	S. Farnborough	226	046	-10	E	2	Zo	64	92	62	5	-	7	-	0	7-8	-	044	-6	SSE	3	C	62	97	51	6	5	2	-	2-3	10	2000	1	*	75	59	52	Tr	1	2.4																					
	Boscombe Down	417	045	-4	-	0	F _g	63	97	62	5	-	6	5	0	2-3	-	045	0	ESE	1	Zc	59	97	59	6	5	8	8	7-8	10	4000	1	*	73	58	55	0.1	2	3.2																					
	Thorney Island	10	050	-5	-	0	b-bc	65	85	60	7	-	3	4	0	2-3	-	049	+4	E'S	1	C	64	97	63	7	5	7	-	4-6	10	2500	1	*	78	60	54	-	1	*																					
	Lympne	283	059	-8	NW	2	?TLR	64	97	63	5	9	-	7-8	10	700	054	+6	E'S	3	Zo	65	97	63	6	5	7	7	1-6	10	4500	0	2	74	61	58	-	6	15.3																						
	Manston	154	062	-2	NNW	2	tLc	65	92	64	5	9	-	3	7-8	10	4000	054	+6	SE	3	C	65	92	63	7	-	8	7	0	10	-	1	*	66	62	61	Tr	9	2.9																					
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	062	+8	SE	1	?TLR	63	97	62	7	-	3	-	0	34	-	1	*	66	58	54	-	22	0.0																				
	Felixstowe	12	083	+2	SSW	6	tLr	64	92	62	5	9	-	3	10	800	062	+14	ESE	2	C	64	92	61	7	-	7	-	0	34	-	1	*	65	61	59	-	11	0.0																						
	Gorleston	5	100	-12	ESE	3	Zo	63	92	61	5	5	-	9	5	1500	057	-6	SE'S	2	L	64	85	60	7	2	8	2-3	7-8	2000	1	2	63	61	58	-	5	0.0																							
	Mildenhall	15	073	-6	SE	3	tLc	63	97	63	3	5	-	7-8	10	500	048	+2	SE'S	1	C	63	97	61	7	-	5	8	0	5	-	1	*	71	60	55	-	5	1.6																						
	Cranwell	203	061	-24	-	0	tLr	60	97	59	1	5	-	10	10	150	054	-4	0	OF	61	97	61	1	5	-	-	10	10	150	1	*	64	58	59	Tr	8	0.0																							
3	Birmingham	536	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	048	-2	ESE	1	f	61	97	61	2	-	-	-	10	10	1500	1	*	67	60	56	Tr	10	1.1																					
4	Upper Heyford	408	048	-6	E	2	?/f	63	92	61	4	8	3	-	7-8	9	2000	040	0	E	1	Zo	60	97	59	5	5	7	6	1	34	1000	0	*	71	57	54	0.1	6	*																					
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	036	-4	0	of	63	97	62	2	5	-	-	10	10	200	1	*	69	61	59	Tr	31	1.9																						
5	Hartland Point	299	023	+6	WSW	4	c	61	97	61	7	5	2	-	9	10	1500	013	-4	ENE	3	c	60	92	57	8	5	4	-	7-8	9	2700	1	4	67	57	55</td																								

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Tuesday 14th September 1943

No. 29881

Page 1
**BRITISH
SECTION**

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Tuesday, 14th September 1943

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Tuesday 14th September 1943

DISTRICTS.		FORECAST FOR 11.2.27. NOON, COMMENCING		
1 S.E. England		Light or moderate south wind veering northwest;	16 Orkneys and Shetlands	As 12-15.
2 E. England ..		thundery rain, local thunderstorms at first, fair later	17 N. W. Ireland	Moderate northwest wind backing later; bright
3 E. Midlands ...		becoming cooler.	18 N. E. Ireland	intervals; showers; cool.
4 W. Midlands			19 S. E. Ireland	
5 S.W. England			20 S. W. Ireland	
6 South Wales			GENERAL INFERENCE	
7 North Wales		Moderate south wind veering northwest; thundery rains	A complex depression is centred to north of the British Isles and	
8 N.W. England		and local thunderstorms at first; bright intervals and	associated troughs are crossing the British Isles. There will be	
9 N. Midlands ...		local showers later; cool.	occasional rain and local thunderstorms in most districts.	
10 N.E. England			FURTHER OUTLOOK	
11 S.E. Scotland			Rain in the West of the British Isles spreading east.	
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man				
13A W. Scotland ...		Moderate west to northwest wind; bright intervals;		
13B N.W. Scotland		showers; local thunder; cool.		
14 Mid Scotland				
15 N.E. Scotland			Forecasts issued at 0300	
NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2				

GENERAL INFERENCE

A complex depression is centred to north of the British Isles and associated troughs are crossing the British Isles. There will be occasional rain and local thunderstorms in most districts.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Din in the West of the British Isles spreading east.

Forecasts issued at 03e

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director,
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

T28072

10°

5°

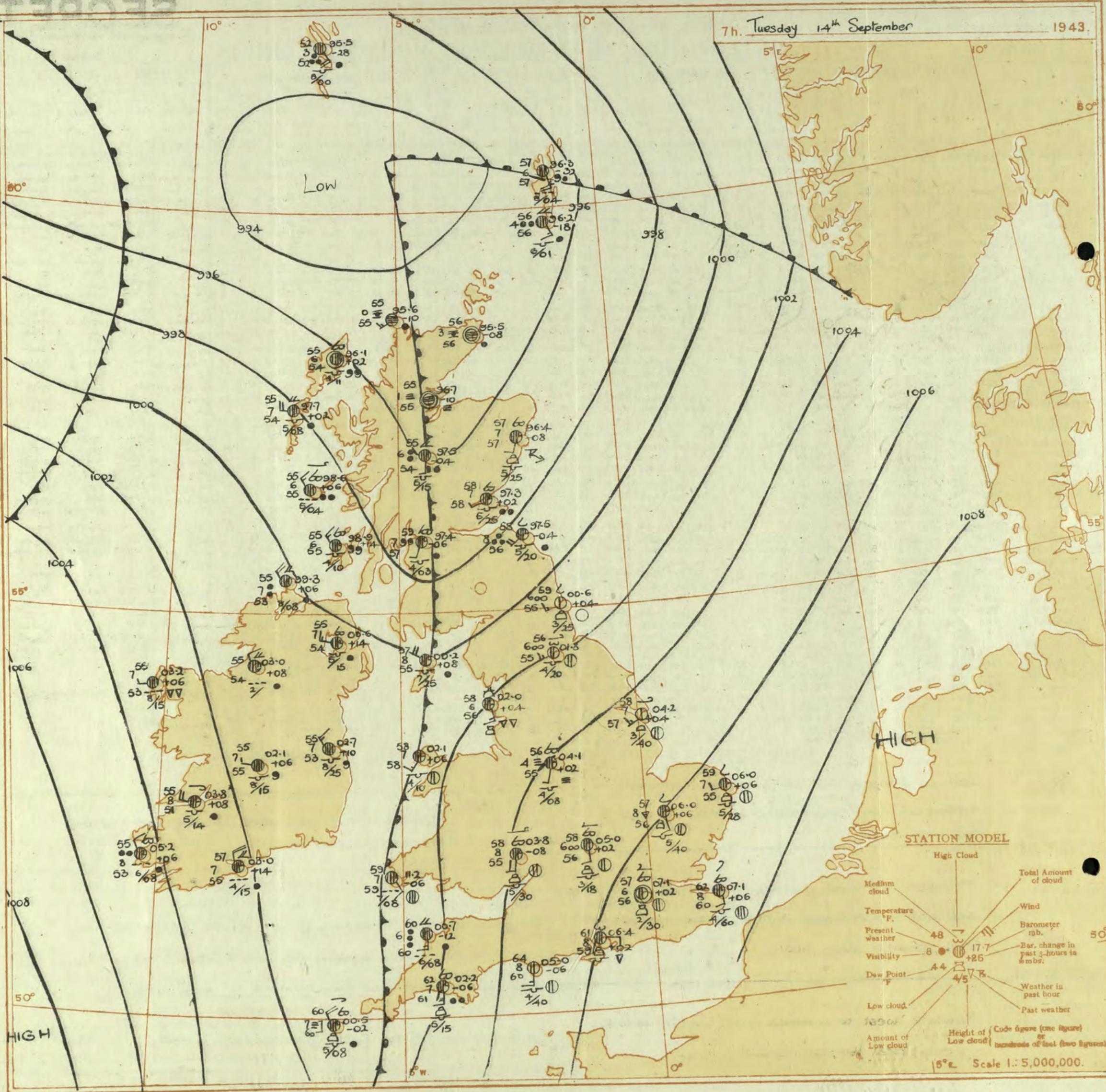
0°

5°

10°

1943

7h. Tuesday 14th September



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

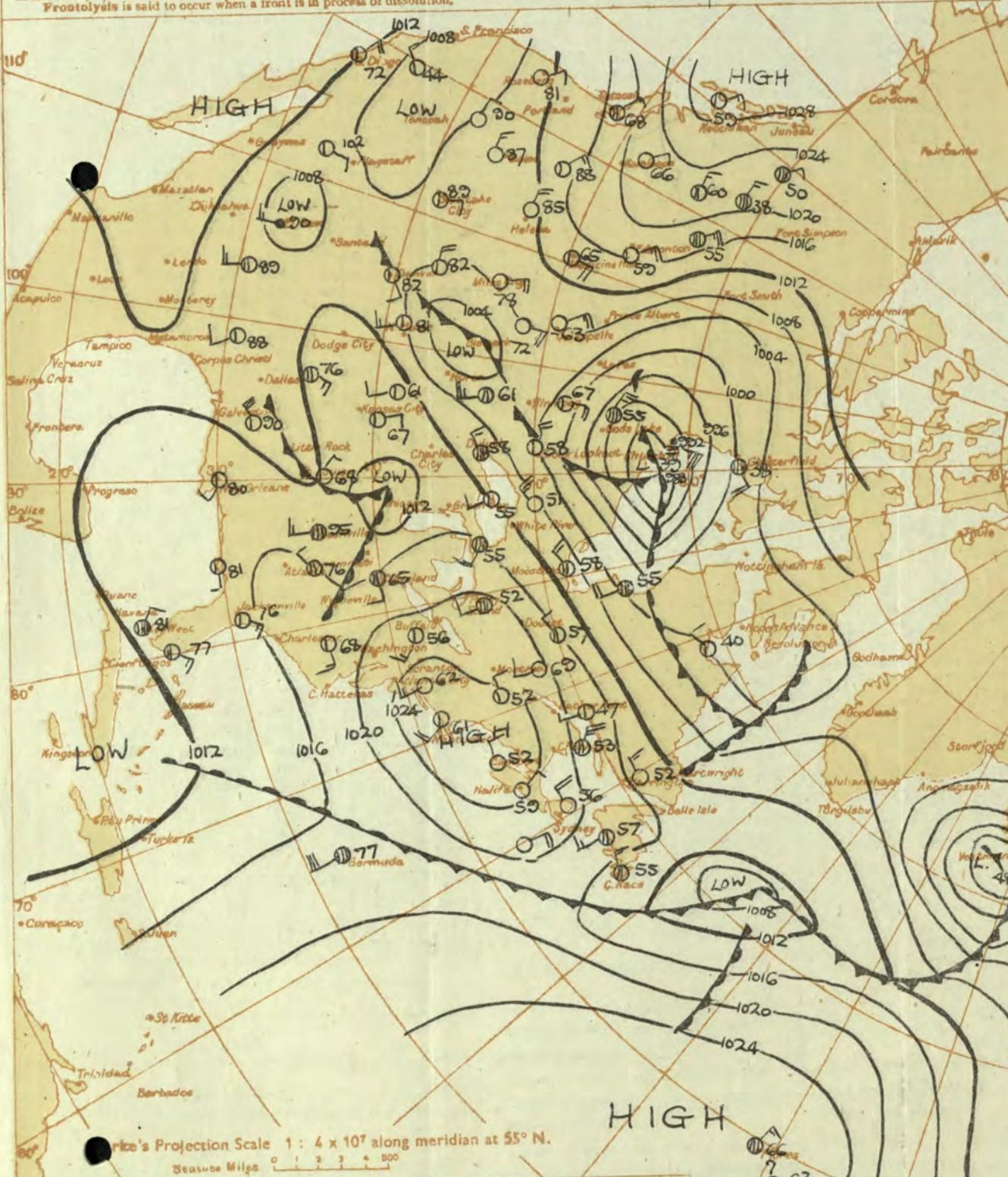
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol.

TEMPERATURE. is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS. — Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 cloudy. (○) Sky 3/10 to 6/10 cloudy.

○ Sky 7/10 to 9/10 cloudy. (○) Overcast sky. ● Rain falling. * Snow. ♫ Sleet. △ Hail.

Fog. ☁ Mist. ☀ Thunder. (%) Thunderstorm. ☮ Slight haze.

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere: a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground
— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

NOTE. The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.
When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion
— Lines of Frontogenesis

— Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

All Times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Tuesday 14th September 1943
No. 22.281

District.	Station.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 14th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 14th September												Past 24 Hours														
		Height above M.S.L. in feet. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. (2)	Change in 3 hours. (3)	Wind.		Weather. (5)	Temp. (6)	% Humid. (7)	Dew Point. (8)	Visibility. (9)	Cloud.			Marcom. at M.S.L. (10)	Change in 3 hours. (11)	Wind.		Temp. (19)	% Humid. (20)	Dew Point. (21)	Visibility. (22)	Cloud.			State of Sea. (23)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (24)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (25)	Min. on Grass °F. (26)	Temperature.		Rainfall.		Sun-shine Hrs. (31)						
					Dir. (8)	Force. (4)						Low. (12)	Total. (13)	Med. (14)	High. (15)		Dir. (18)	Force. (19)	Low. (21)			Med. (22)	High. (23)	Low. (24)	Med. (25)	High. (26)	Low. (27)	Total. (28)	0-10 (29)	0-10 (30)	Sea Ground. (31)	0-9 (32)	0-9 (33)	0-9 (34)	0-9 (35)	0-9 (36)	0-9 (37)			
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	S	3	b	59	92	57	7	*	5	3	-	*	Tr	14	5000	071	-2	0	59	97	58	5	3	-	1	1	2-3	2500	1	*	72	55	45	0-6	Tr	1-8
	Croydon	290	074	+6	S	3	b	59	92	57	7	*	5	3	-	*	Tr	14	5000	071	-2	0	57	97	56	6	3	7	1	4-6	3000	0	*	76	55	51	0-1	Tr	2-7	
	S. Farnborough	226	064	+2	S'E	1	b-bc	57	85	54	8	-	4	3	0	2-3	-	062	+2	SSE	2	c-bc	59	97	59	5	8	7	-	4-6	7-8	800	1	*	74	56	47	1	5	3-6
	Boscombe Down	417	062	+2	ESE	1	fj	54	97	54	6	-	3	-	0	2-3	-	056	+2	SE	2	z	58	97	58	6	2	3	-	4-6	7-8	2500	1	*	73	53	47	(Tr)	1	6-7
	Thorney Island	10	067	-2	ESE	1	z	59	97	58	5	5	7	-	Tr	2-3	2500	064	+2	E	2	fj	61	92	58	8	5	3	4-6	7-8	3000	1	*	72	56	50	9	Tr	*	
	Lympne	283	074	+4	DSW	1	b	60	97	59	6	-	4	9	0	7-8	-	077	+8	SSE	2	c	52	92	60	8	5	7	10	10	400	1	*	71	57	57	1	0-3	1-8	
	Manston	154	063	+2	SSW	3	b-bc	60	85	56	7	-	3	-	0	4-6	-	071	+6	SSE	2	c	52	92	60	8	5	7	6	4-6	9+	6000	0	*	73	58	53	1	0-6	1-4
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	S	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	SE	2	c-bc	63	92	60	8	8	9	-	2-3	7-8	1000	1	*	75	59	51	0-3	-	2-7
	Felixstowe	12	063	+6	SW'S	2	b	62	85	58	7	-	7	-	0	Tr	-	073	+8	SSE	2	c-bc	62	92	60	7	8	7	5	4-6	7-8	5700	0	2	72	58	52	Tr	Tr	-
	Gorleston	5	047	+4	SW'	2	b-bc	62	85	59	7	-	8	-	0	2-3	-	060	+6	WSW	2	c	59	85	55	7	8	A	-	7-8	9	2800	1	2	70	57	51	0-3	-	1-7
	Mildenhall	15	051	+4	SSW	3	b	60	85	57	8	-	1	0	Tr	-	060	+6	SSE	2	PR	57	92	56	8	4	2	7-8	9	4000	1	*	76	55	49	Tr	Tr	1-9		
	Cranwell	203	039	+6	W'S	3	b	58	97	56	7	-	-	0	0	-	043	+12	SW	2	z	58	92	56	6	2	D	1	Tr	4-6	3000	0	*	72	55	52	0-4	-	1-7	
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	S	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	SE	2	b	57	75	49	7	5	9	-	1	4-6	1000	1	*	72	55	49	0-5	-	2-1	
4	Upper Heyford	408	051	+6	SW'S	1	b	57	92	55	7	5	-	1	1	4000	050	+2	SSE	2	z	58	92	56	6	8	7	5	2-3	7-8	1800	0	*	74	55	51	0-1	-	3-1	
5	Hartland Point	299	032	-4	S	3	c	59	92	57	8	2	-	7	2-3	2500	007	-12	S	3	r	60	97	60	6	2	-	9	10	800	1	3	66	58	56	7	23	4-3		
	Bristol	209	053	+2	S	2	b-bc	56	92	54	8	-	3	-	0	7-8	-	049	-2	ESE	2	c-bc	57	97	55	8	5	3	-	7-8	7-8	5700	1	*	74	53	47	0-3	-	5-6
	Portland Bill	32	065	+6	SW	3	c	68	85	60	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	050	-6	S	3	b	64	85	61	8	5	3	-	4-6	4-6	4000	1	1	65	60	51	15	0-3	7-0
	Plymouth	86	042	-8	SE	3	c	59	97	59	8	5	5	-	4-6	9+	2500	072	-6	S	3	c	62	97	61	7	8	7	-	7-8	9+	1500	1	2	63	56	51	15	0-3	7-0
	The Lizard	240	029	-10	ESE	4	c	61	85	58	8	5	2	-	7-8	9+	2000	006	0	SE	6	c-bc	60	97	60	6	5	3	-	7-8	7-8	1500	1	4	66	59	51	8	12	4-9
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	017	-6	SSE	3	c	60																																

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Wednesday 15th September 1943

No 29.882

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 15th September 1943

No 29.882

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 14th September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 14th September.

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Wednesday, 15th September, 1943

GENERAL INFERENCE

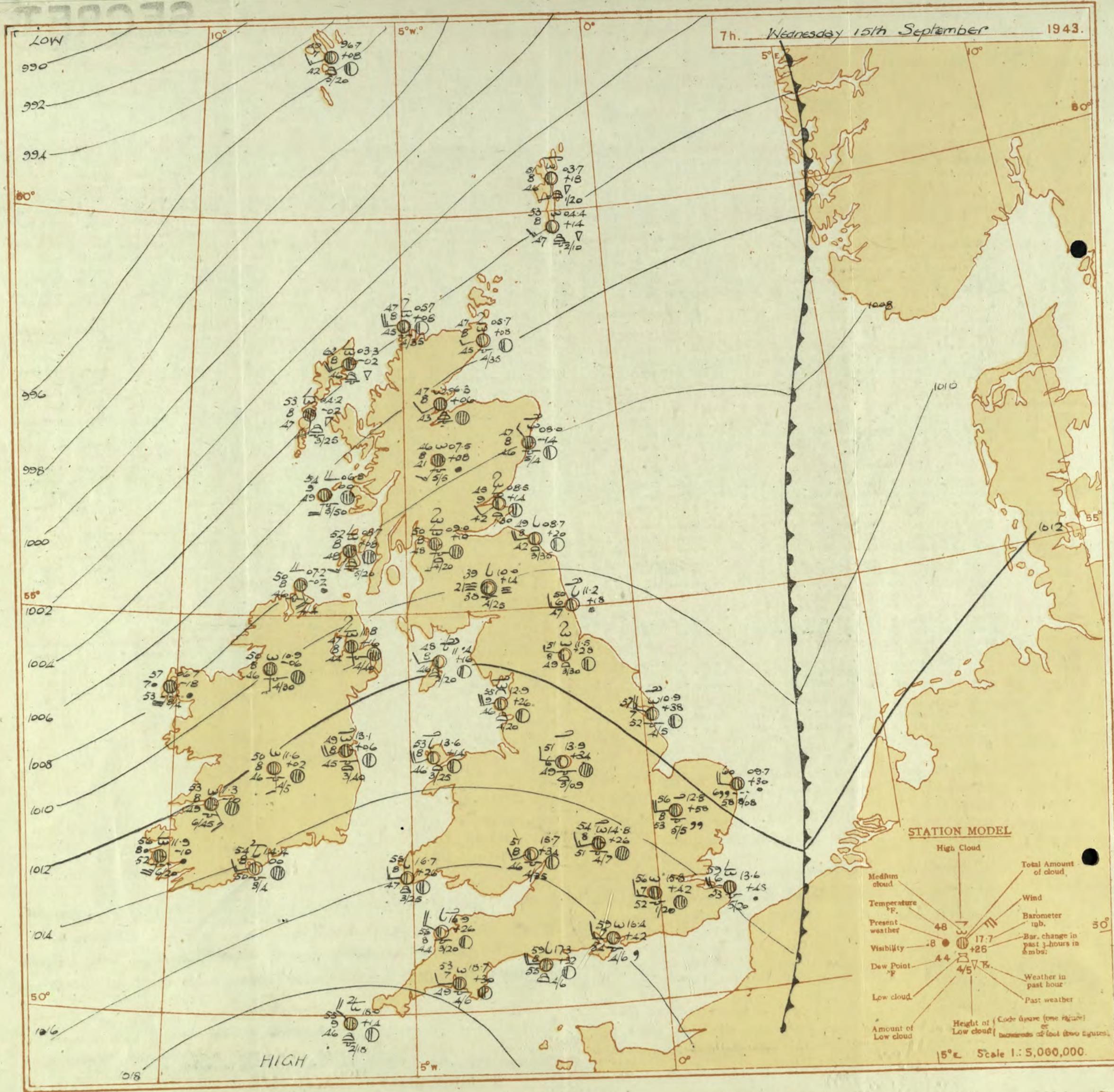
A ridge of high pressure is crossing the British Isles. A depression north west of Ireland is moving east northeast and associated fronts will cross the British Isles. Weather will be fair at first over England and Wales but rain will spread from the West later, although amounts in the South will be small.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Bright intervals and showers in the North at first followed by occasional rain; fair in the South. Gale warning in operation in districts, 13a, 13b 17 (part of) 18, Issued 0245 15th September. In districts 15, 16 Issued 1130 15th September.

Forecasts issued at 1030 NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director,
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).

Conclusion.—The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in its advance is often very unstable, and it may bring with it a series of showers and thunderstorms.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions—the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts—are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution. 1008

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THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday, 15th September 1943

No. 29882-

District.	Stations.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 15th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 15th September												Past 24 Hours.															
		Height above M.S.L. in feet.	Barom. at mb.	Wind.			Weather:	Temp. °F.	Humid. %	Dew Point. °F.	Visiblity, 0-9 feet	Cloud.				Barom. at mb.	Change in 3 hours,	Wind.	Temp. °F.	Humid. %	Dew Point. °F.	Visiblity, 0-9 feet	Cloud.				Height of Base (feet)	Sea 0-0	Temperature.				Rainfall.				Sun- shine hr.				
				Dir.	Force (0-12)	W.					Form.	Amount	Height of Base (feet)	Low	0-10	Total	Med.	High					Form.	Amount	Low	0-10	Total	Med.	High	Sea.	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on Sea Ground °F.	Day 7h-18h mm.	Night 18h-7h mm.						
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	*	*	c/d	60	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.7	+40	NNW	2	b/c	57	85	51	6	5	3	-	2-3	4-6	2500	1	*	71	57	53	1	5.8	
	Croydon	290	06.3	+18	S	5	c/d	60	97	59	7	6	-	-	9	10	700	15.8	+42	W	3	c-bc	56	85	52	7	5	3	-	Tr	7-8	2000	1	*	73	57	54	0.3	0.6		
	S. Farnborough	226	06.7	+46	NW	4	z	59	92	57	6	5	-	-	10	10	900	16.2	+44	W's	3	b-bc	56	92	53	7	-	7	-	0	2-3	-	0	*	71	55	50	0.2	2		
	Boscombe Down	417	08.9	+56	NW	3	z	56	92	54	6	5	2	-	9	10	2000	16.7	+36	NNW	3	c-bc	53	85	51	7	-	3	-	0	7-8	-	0	*	70	52	50	0.5	2		
	Thorney Island	10	07.8	+54	WN	5	id	61	85	58	8	5	3	-	4-6	9+1600	16.4	+42	W'N	3	c	59	85	54	7	5	3	-	4-6	9	4000	0	3	71	57	55	0.3	Tr			
	Lymnpo	283	06.8	+2	SSW	7	ur	61	85	56	6	5	-	-	10	10	1100	14.7	+42	W'N	3	z	57	85	53	6	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	0	3	69	57	56	Tr	0.1	5.3	
	Manston	184	06.5	+4	SSW	7	ur	61	85	57	7	5	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	1700	13.6	+48	W	4	z	59	75	53	6	5	7	-	7-8	10	2000	1	*	72	57	53	-	3	4.8
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14.3	+24	W	4	c-bc	59	75	52	7	5	3	-	4-6	7-8	4000	1	*	69	58	56	3	1	7.6
	Felixstowe	12	05.9	-2	SSE	5	c	63	85	57	7	5	-	-	9	9	2600	13.0	+56	W	5	c/d	58	85	54	6	5	-	-	94	94	1500	1	5	69	58	57	0.2	6		
	Gorlestone	5	05.5	-4	SWH	3	l	62	85	58	7	4	-	-	0	2-3	-	0.9	+30	NNW	4	c-bc	60	92	56	6	6	-	-	10	10	800	1	4	66	58	55	0.6	6.0		
	Mildenhall	15	05.1	+6	SE'E	1	c	61	85	57	8	5	-	-	10	10	2500	12.8	+58	W'N	4	c	56	85	53	8	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	2500	1	*	74	56	53	1	9.0		
	Cranwell	203	05.3	+4	NW	2	z	59	97	58	6	5	-	-	10	10	1500	12.6	+44	W'N	3	z	54	85	50	6	-	3	2	0	2-3	0	*	75	53	50	Tr	0.3	6.7		
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.1	+36	W	3	z	52	85	48	6	-	4	-	0	1	-	1	*	71	51	47	Tr	3	6.6	
4	Upper Hayford	408	06.4	+32	NNW	4	id	57	92	55	6	6	-	-	10	10	200	14.8	+26	W'S	3	c	54	85	51	8	5	-	-	4-6	9+	5700	1	*	72	53	50	2	30	*	
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.7	+34	SW	2	b/c	51	85	46	8	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	3500	1	*	71	51	46	2	7	5.3	
5	Hartland Point	299	12.1	+30	NW	4	c	58	85	52	8	2	3	-	1	94	2500	16.9	+26	NNW	4	b/c	56	65	44	8	5	4	1	-	2-3	4-6	2000	1	4	60	55	52	3.4	-	0.4
	Bristol	209	10.1	+10	NW	4	z	57	92	55	6	3	-	-	0	94	-	16.4	+32	NNW	3	c-bc	55	75	48	7	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	5700	1	*	71	53	50	3	5	6.1	
	Portland Bill	32	08.7	+2	SW	5	c	60	85	56	7	5	-	-	9	9	4000	17.3	+32	W	4	c	59	85	55	8	2	4	-	4-6	9	4000	1	5	65	56	56	0.4	10		
	Plymouth	86	13.0	+32	NW	4	c	58	92	56	8	5	-	-	10	10	5800	18.7	+30	W	2	c-bc	53	85	49	7	5	3	-	4-6	7-8	2500	1	2	63	52	42	12	0.2	0.0	
	The Lizard	240	14.4	+24	NW	4	b-bc	58	85	54	8	4	-	-	1	2-3	2500	18.0	+18	W	4	c-bc	55	75	47	8	5	5	-	7-8	7-8	1800	1	3	6/	52	42	2	-	0.5	
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	15																																						

~~SECRET~~

Thursday 16th September 1943

No. 29883

Page 4 BRITISH SECTION

**THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.**

Thursday 16th September 1943

No. 29883

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 15th September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 15th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

DISTRICTS.

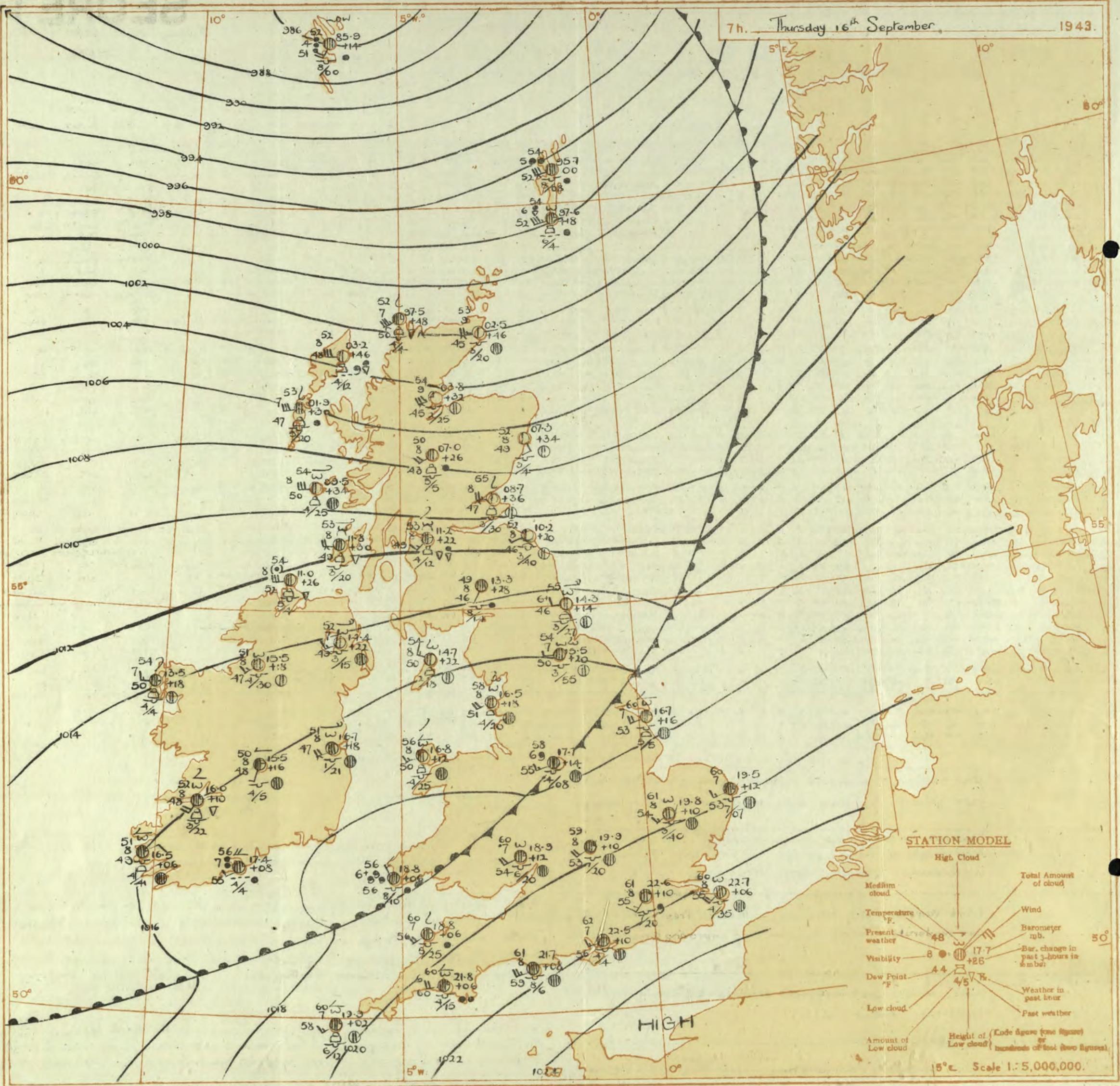
FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Thursday, 16th September 1942.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 S.E. England | Wind southwest moderate or fresh; cloudy, slight local drizzle, more general light rain near end of period; rather close. | As 13b - 15 |
| 2 E. England .. | | As 11 - 13a .. |
| 3 E. Midlands .. | | |
| 4 W. Midlands | Moderate or fresh southwest wind veering west later; cloudy, local drizzle at first, a period of rain later followed by improvement spreading east; rather close. | |
| 5 S.W. England | | Wind variable, light becoming west, moderate; dull, rainy, then variable cloud, showers rather cool. |
| 6 South Wales | | |
| 7 North Wales | | |
| 8 N.W. England | Wind variable, light, becoming southwest, fresh locally, veering and moderating later; dull, some rain, improving tomorrow; rather cool. | |
| 9 N. Midlands .. | | |
| 10 N.E. England | | |
| 11 S.E. Scotland | | |
| 12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man | Wind mainly southwest, light or moderate; cloudy, occasional local rain; rather cool. | |
| 13A W. Scotland .. | | |
| 13B N.W. Scotland ↓ | | |
| 14 Mid Scotland | Wind southwest, fresh or strong, moderating; variable cloud, local showers, occasional rain later; rather cool. | |
| 15 N.E. Scotland ↓ | | |
| 16 Orkneys and ↓ Shetlands | | |
| 17 N. W. Ireland | | |
| 18 N. E. Ireland | | |
| 19 S. E. Ireland | | |
| 20 S. W. Ireland | | |
| GENERAL INFERENCE | | |
| A deep depression near the Faroes will move north and begin to fill up whilst a minor disturbance will move northeast south of Ireland. Weather will be mainly dry though cloudy in the Southeast but there will be a period of rain in other parts of England and Wales and perhaps the extreme south of Scotland. Further north conditions will be showery. | | |
| FURTHER OUTLOOK | | |
| Wind veering west to northwest temporarily; showers in the North becoming fair in the South after a short period of light rain. Gale warning in operation in districts 13b(part of) issued at 0745 g.m.t. 15-9-43. Indistricts 15(part of) and 16. Issued 1230g.m.t. 15-9-43 | | |
| Forecasts issued at 1030 | | |
| NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2 | | |

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Wind veering west to northwest temporarily; showers in the North becoming fair in the South after a short period of light rain. Gale warning in operation in districts 13b(part of) issued at 0745G.m.t. 15-9-43. In districts 15(part of) and 16. Issued 1230G.m.t 15-9-43

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

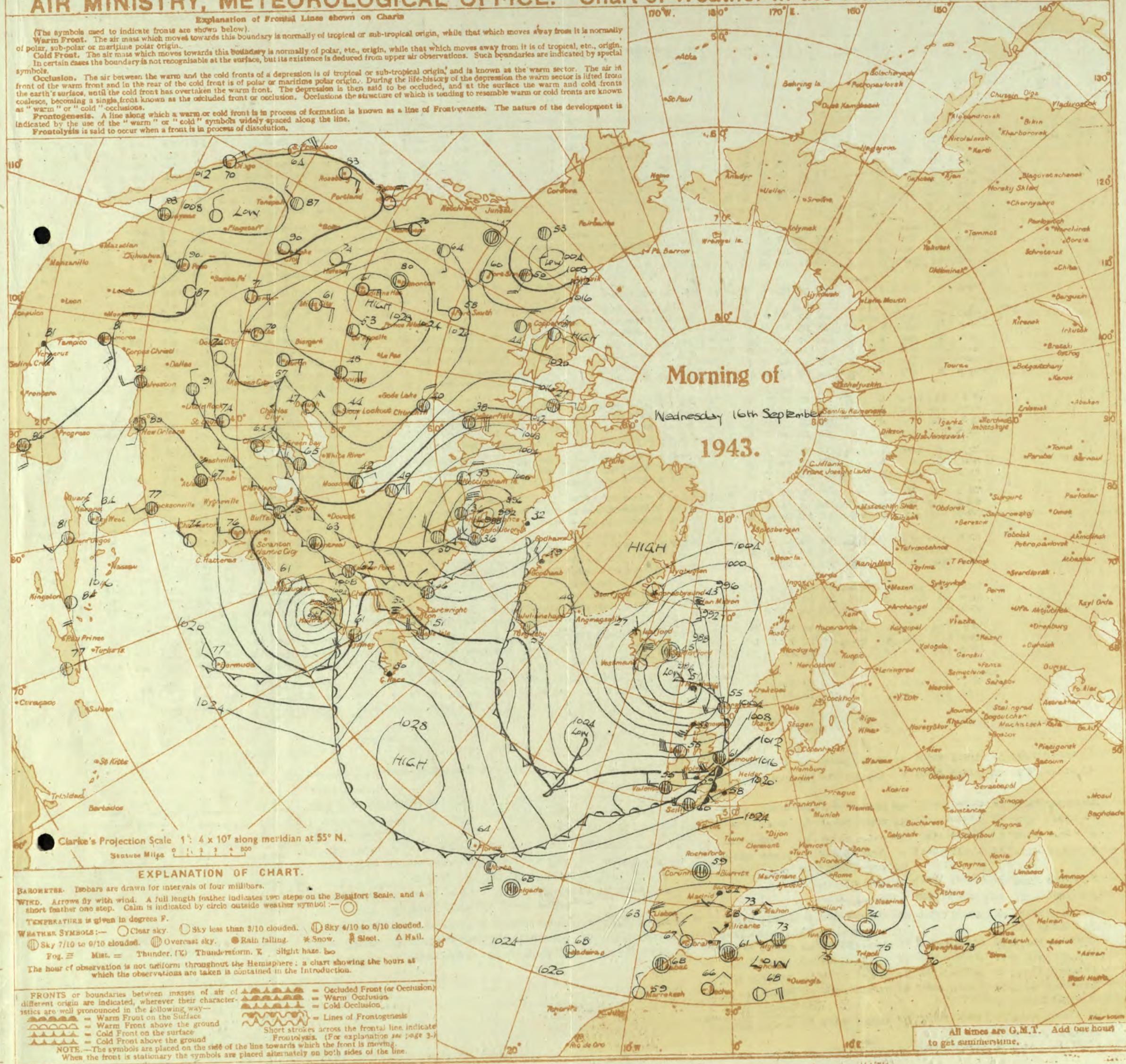
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



Page 4.
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 16th September 1943

No. 29883

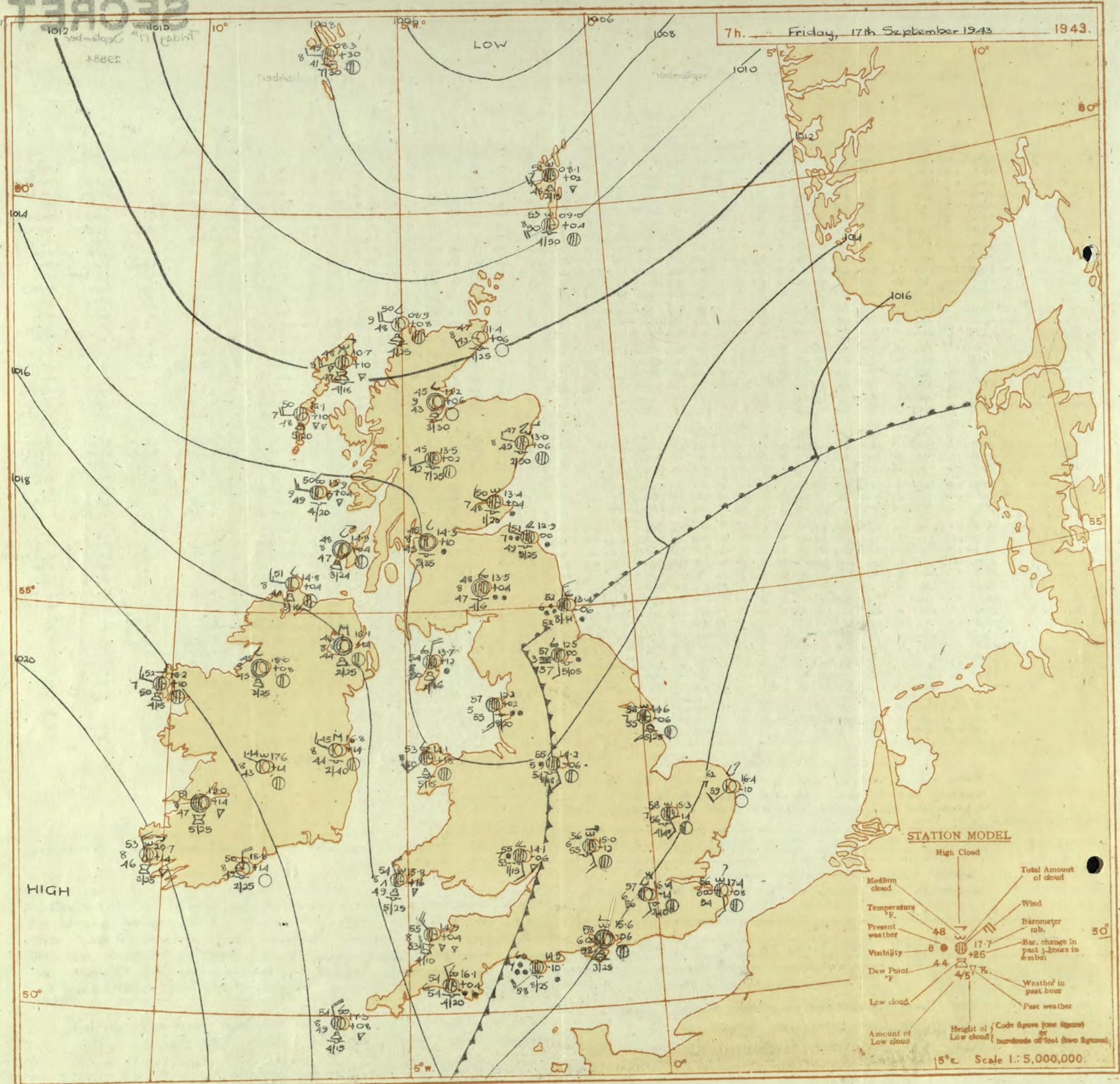
District.	Station.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 16th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 16th September												Past 24 Hours.																					
		Height above M.S.L. in feet.	Barom. mb.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.			Wearher.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visability.	Cloud.				Barom. mb.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.			Wearher.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visability.	Cloud.				Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet).	State of Sea.	Temperature.				Rainfall.				Sun-shine 15th.				
					Dir.	0-18	Force.						(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			Dir.	0-12	Force.					(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	*	*	*	*	60	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21.7	+12	SW'W	3	c	61	75	55	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	2500	1	*	66	59	53	-	-	7.1
	Croydon ...	290	21.8	+2	SW	2	id	58	85	54	7	5	-	-	10	10	2000	22.6	+10	SW	3	c	61	85	55	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	2000	0	*	68	57	54	-	-	Tr							
	S. Farnborough ...	226	21.0	+2	SW	3	c	59	85	54	8	5	-	-	10	10	3400	21.9	+12	SW'S	2	c	60	85	55	7	5	-	-	9+	9+	2500	0	*	67	57	51	-	-	8.0							
	Boscombe Down ...	417	20.5	0	SSW	3	c	58	92	55	7	5	2	-	9	10	2700	21.3	+10	SW	4	c	59	85	55	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	2000	0	*	64	56	55	-	-	6.2							
	Thorney Island ...	10	21.6	-2	SWS	4	c	62	85	57	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	2600	22.5	+10	SW'W	3	c	62	85	56	7	5	-	-	4-6	10	1500	0	*	67	62	54	-	-	1.3							
	Lyminge ...	283	22.5	-2	SW	3	bc	57	85	52	7	2	3	5	4-6	4-6	3000	23.0	+6	SW	4	c	60	85	55	7	5	-	-	9	9	1500	0	*	53	47	-	-	-	1.3							
	Manston ...	154	22.1	+2	SW'S	3	c	57	85	52	8	5	3	-	4-6	9	4500	22.7	+6	SW'S	4	c-bc	60	85	55	8	5	3	-	4-6	7-8	3500	0	*	69	54	50	-	-	6.8							
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21.9	+10	SW	4	c	61	85	56	8	5	-	-	7-8	9+	5700	1	*	70	56	50	-	-	7.5
	Felixstowe ...	12	20.5	-4	SSW	5	c	60	75	53	7	-	3	-	0	9	-	21.6	+10	SW'W	4	c	61	85	55	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	0	*	69	57	54	-	-	7.5							
	Gorleston ...	5	18.3	0	SW	4	c	57	85	51	7	5	-	-	10	10	1500	19.5	+12	SW'W	3	c	60	85	53	7	5	-	-	9+	9+	700	0	*	66	55	52	-	-	7.0							
	Mildenhall ...	15	18.4	-6	SSW	4	c	59	75	52	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	3500	19.8	+10	SSW	3	c	61	75	54	8	5	3	-	2-3	4-6	4000	0	*	67	55	53	-	-	9.9							
	Cranwell ...	203	16.0	+2	SW'S	6	z	58	85	53	6	5	7	-	4-6	10	2000	17.4	+12	SW	5	z	59	85	55	6	5	3	1	1	4-6	4000	0	*	63	56	54	-	-	8.2							
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	16.7	+14	SW	3	c	59	85	54	7	5	-	-	10	10	1500	1	*	61	56	54	-	-	6.4
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	18.6	0	SW'W	3	c	59	85	50	7	5	-	-	10	10	1800	19.9	+10	SW'S	4	c	60	85	54	7	5	3	-	9	9+	2000	1	*	63	57	56	-	-	3.7							
	Ross-on-Wye ...	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.9	+12	SW	4	c	60	85	54	7	5	3	-	9	9+	2000	1	*	62	58	56	-	-	3.7
5	Hartland Point ...	209	18.0	+2	WSW	6	c	60	92	57	7	5	-	-	9+	9+	2500	18.8	+6	SW	4	c	60	85	56	7	5	4	-	7-8	9	2500	1	*	60	59	57	-	0.1	5.3							
	Bristol ...	209	19.3	+2	SSW	5	c	59	75	53	8	5	-	-	9+	9+	2400	20.5	+10	SW'S	3	c	59	85	54	8	5	-	-	9	9	4000	1	*	63	59	55	-	-	2.4							
	Portland Bill ...	32	21.2	+6	SW	5	c	60	92	59	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	21.7	+8	SW	5	c	61	92	59	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	1	*	61	58	-	-	-	0.1							
	Plymouth ...	86	21.5	+4	WSW	5	c	61	92	59	8	5	-	-	7-8	9	2000	21.8	+6	WSW	4	c/b	60	97	60	6	5	7	=	4-6	9	1500	1	*	62	59	57	-	-	3.4							
	The Lizard ...	240	20.9	+2	SW	5	c	59	85	54	7	5	-	-	9+	9+	1500	21.0	+9	SW'S	3	c	60	92	57	7	7	3	-	7-8	7-8	2000	0														

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Friday, 17th September 1943

- 1943.



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

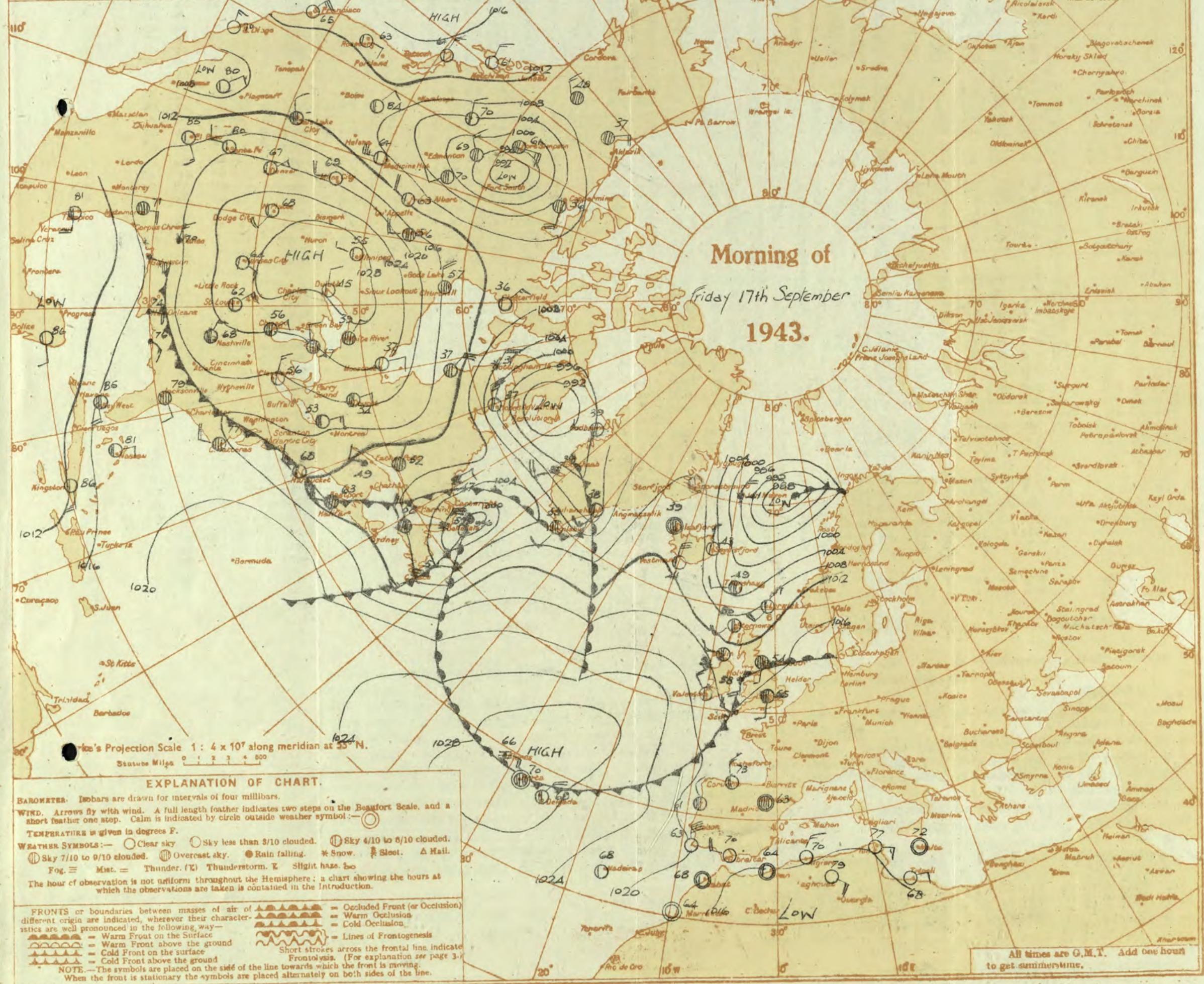
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THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Friday 17th September 1943

No. 29934

District.	Station.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 17th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 17th September												Past 24 Hours.																				
		Height above M.S.L. in feet.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.		Weather.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility	Cloud.				Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility	Cloud.				Height of Base (feet).	Sea. State Ground.	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on Grass °F.	Day mm.	Night 16h-7h mm.	Sun-shine 16th h.												
					0-12	Force						(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	S	2	c	57	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	3	2-3	2-3	3600	15-2	-12	S'E	i	z ₀	57	97	56	6	5	3	4	1	2-3	4000	1	*	65	53	42	Tr	-	0-3	
	Croydon ...	290	13-5	-20	S	2	c	55	97	54	7	5	3	2	2-3	2	3600	16-4	-14	S'E	2	bc	57	97	56	6	5	4	6	1	4-6	4000	0	*	67	55	52	-	1-0	1-0						
	S. Farnborough ...	226	12-1	-18	SSE	1	z ₀	55	97	54	6	5	3	2	1	5	4000	15-1	-14	S'E	2	z ₀	56	97	55	5	-	8	4	0	7-8	-	0	66	54	47	Tr	-	1-3							
	Boscombe Down ...	417	17-7	-16	S'E	2	c	57	97	56	8	5	-	7	7-8	10	2000	15-3	-2	S'W	1	c	56	97	56	7	-	3	6	0	94	-	0	65	50	49	Tr	-	0-3							
	Thorney Island ...	10	18-0	-20	SE'E	2	c	61	92	59	8	5	3	-	7-8	27	3000	15-6	-6	-	0	z ₀	58	97	58	6	8	3	5	2-3	4-6	2500	0	*	67	53	46	-	Tr	-	3-3					
	Lymnpe ...	283	19-6	-20	ESE	3	bc	57	92	55	7	-	-	-	0	0	-	16-3	-8	SSE	1	z ₀	59	92	56	6	-	7	4	0	4-6	-	0	2	53	49	-	-	3-3	-						
	Manston ...	154	19-5	-20	SE'S	4	z ₀	58	92	55	6	-	3	-	0	9	-	17-4	-8	S'E	2	z ₀	56	92	54	6	-	3	4	0	4-6	-	0	67	54	47	Tr	-	2-3							
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Felixstowe ...	12	19-4	-24	SSE	3	c	62	85	57	7	-	3	-	0	9	-	16-6	-14	S'E	3	bc	61	92	58	7	-	3	1	0	4-6	-	1	*	70	58	50	-	-	2-7						
	Gorleston ...	5	19-6	-16	SW'W	2	c-bc	57	92	55	7	-	-	8	0	7-8	-	16-4	-18	SSE	3	b-bc	62	85	57	7	5	-	-	2-3	-	0	3	69	52	52	-	Tr	6-7							
	Mildenhall ...	15	17-7	-22	S'E	3	z ₀	57	92	55	6	-	3	2	0	7-8	-	15-3	-14	S'E'S	2	c	58	92	56	7	5	3	9	4-6	24	4000	0	*	68	56	51	-	-	3-3						
	Cranwell ...	203	16-0	-16	SSW	4	z ₀	57	97	55	6	-	7	-	0	24	-	14-0	-10	S'W	3	z ₀	56	92	54	6	7	7	6	1	9	3000	0	*	66	55	53	-	1	7						
3	Birmingham ...	536	*	*	S	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	17-8	-12	S	2	c	59	97	54	7	-	4	7	0	94	-	14-5	-2	SW	2	r,r	54	92	52	7	6	2	-	7-8	10	1500	1	*	63	54	50	Tr	-	0-5						
5	Ross-on-Wye ...	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
5	Hartland Point ...	299	12-1	-12	SW	4	c/pr	60	92	57	7	5	2	-	7-8	10	800	14-3	+4	NW	4	c/pr	55	92	53	8	3	4	-	4-6	9	1000	1	*	62	54	53	1	5	0-1						
	Bristol ...	209	17-0	-16	S	1	c	58	92	55	8	5	7	-	7-8	10	1500	15-7	+2	SSW	1	d,d	53	97	53	6	-	2	-	10	10	800	1	*	68	53	52	0-1	2	3-2						
	Portland Bill ...	32	17-0	-18	SW	3	c	60	92	58	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	14-5	-10	SW	4	fr	60	92	58	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	*	68	58	-	0-4	*	*						
	Plymouth ...	86	16-3	-18	S'W	4	c	60	97	60	7	5	-	-	7-8	10	1500	16-1	+4	NW'W	2	c/r	54	97	54	6	5	7	-	4-6	24	2000	1	*	61	54	53	3	0-1							
	The Lizard ...	240	15-9	-14	W	4	d,d	55	97	54	6	5	-	-	10	10	800	16-3	+4	NW	4	c-bc	54	85	50	5	3	3	-	7-8	8	2000	1	*	60	54	54	2	0-0							
	Scilly (St. Mary's) ...	183	16-1	+6	NW'N	5	r,o	55	92	53	7	3	-	-	24	1200	17-3																													

~~SECRET~~

Saturday 13th September 1943

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

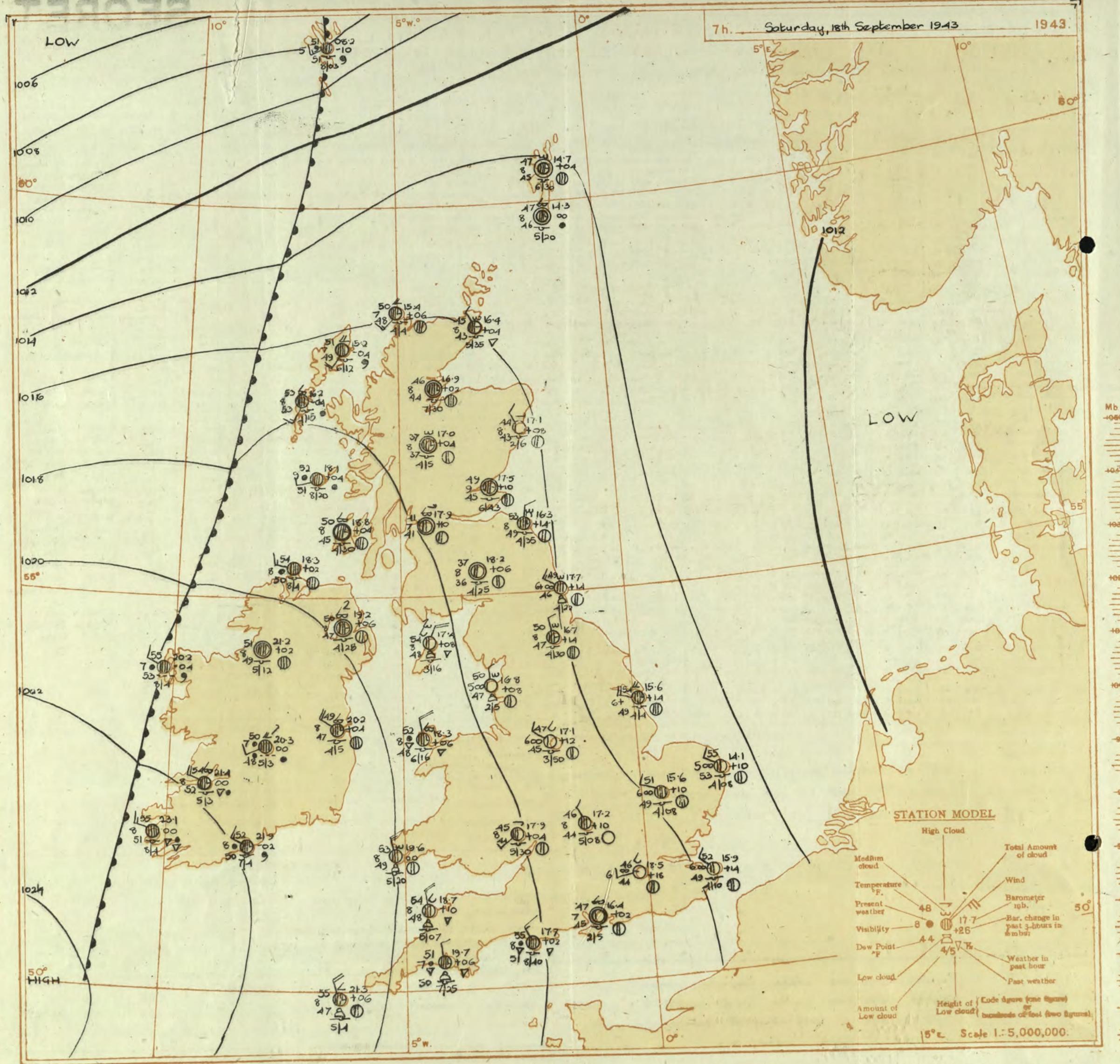
No.

PAST 24 HOURS.

District	Station.	Observations at 13h. G.M.T. 17th September												Observations at 18h. G.M.T. 17th September												Past 24 Hours.																																																																									
		Wind.				Cloud.								Wind.				Cloud.								Weather.																																																																									
		Barom. at M.S.L.		Change in 8 hours.		Dir.		0-12		Weather.		Temp. °F.		Humid.		Dew Point. °F.		Form.			Amount.			Height of Base (feet)		Barom. at M.S.L.		Change in 8 hours.			Dir.			Wind.		Temp. °F.		Humid.		Dew Point. °F.		Visibilit.			Form.			Amount.			Height of Base (feet)		State of Ground.	Sea.	7h.-13h. 17th	13h.-18h. 17th	18h.-19h. 18th	1h.-7h. 18th																																									
		(For heights see p. 4.)		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)		(8)		(9)			(10)			(11)			(12)			(13)			(14)			(15)		(16)		(17)			(18)			(19)		(20)		(21)		(22)		(23)		(24)			(25)			(26)			(27)			(28)			(29)			(30)		(31)		(32)		(33)		(34)		(35)		(36)		(37)		(38)		(39)		(40)		(41)	
1	London (Kew)	14.1	-12	W	2	c	65	65	53	8	3	7	-	5	94	4000	14.1	+4	w'n	2	3	55	85	53	6	3	7	-	tr	10	2500	1	*	mwbcc	cm	cbcmo	cbcmow	cbcmobcmow	cbcmow	cbcmobcmow	bwmw																																																										
	Croydon	14.8	-10	W's	3	c	66	65	54	8	5	3	-	2.5	94	2500	14.2	+4	w'w	2	3	59	85	53	6	5	7	-	9	94	6500	0	*	bemge	c	cmo	cbcmob	bwbmw																																																													
	S. Farnborough	14.2	-4	WNW	1	c	62	65	52	8	8	7	-	2.3	10	1800	14.2	0	w'n	1	c	60	75	55	8	3	7	-	7.8	94	3000	0	*	cmo	cmo	cciro	cbcmow	bwmow																																																													
	Boscombe Down	15.1	-6	WSW	1	sd	59	85	54	8	5	7	-	7.8	94	2000	15.2	+6	NNW	2	0	58	75	51	8	4	6	2	4.6	9	2000	0	*	ccicdc	ccdc	ccdc	cbcmow	bwmow																																																													
	Thorney Island	14.6	-6	W	2	c	65	75	61	8	5	7	-	4.6	94	2500	14.8	0	w'n	1	c	60	85	54	8	8	7	-	2.3	7.8	3000	0	*	ccbc	ccbc	ccdc	cbcmow	bwmow																																																													
	Lymnpe	15.2	-6	SSW	3	rr	59	92	57	1	-	2	-	10	10	800	14.1	-4	SSW	2	3	60	92	58	6	2	7	-	2.3	10	1200	1	*	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
	Manston	14.8	-4	SV	2	rc	62	25	57	6	5	2	-	2.3	10	4000	13.9	-2	s'w	2	3	61	85	56	7	5	7	-	2.3	10	6000	1	*	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
2	Shoeburyness	15.0	-10	SSE	2	c	65	75	50	8	5	7	-	4.6	10	5700	14.0	-2	-	0	5700	14.0	+2	sw	2	3	65	85	58	6	5	7	-	4.6	10	2500	1	*	bem	cm	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																								
	Felixstowe	14.7	-12	SW	1	z	66	75	59	6	-	7	-	0	10	5700	14.0	+2	sw	2	3	65	85	58	6	5	7	-	3	10	1500	0	*	cmo	cmo	cbc	cbc	cmo																																																													
	Gorleston	14.9	-4	SSW	2	c	63	92	61	6	5	5	-	10	10	2500	12.8	-10	sw'	3	4	63	85	59	7	5	7	-	7.8	10	1500	0	*	cbc	cbc	ccyc	cmo	cmo																																																													
	Mildenhall	13.4	-12	SWW	3	c	67	65	53	7	5	7	-	2.3	94	4000	15.7	+10	NNW	2	0	50	85	55	7	5	7	-	4.6	94	4200	0	*	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
	Cranwell	13.5	-2	W's	2	c	61	75	53	8	8	5	-	10	10	4000	13.6	+8	w'n	3	57	83	53	6	5	7	-	7.8	94	3500	0	*	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																														
3	Birmingham	14.6	0	NW	3	o	56	85	51	6	6	2	-	9	10	1500	15.1	+8	NW	3	z	55	65	43	6	5	7	-	4.6	7.8	2500	1	*	omr	omr	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
	Upper Heyford	14.1	-8	W's	1	yd	60	75	51	8	5	2	-	4.6	10	2600	14.7	+6	NW	3	56	85	52	6	9	2	-	7.8	9	2600	1	*	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																														
	Ross-on-Wye	14.9	+4	NW	3	c	59	85	52	2	7	3	-	94	94	3000	15.9	+10	NW	2	54	85	50	9	8	-	3	4.6	4.6	3000	1	*	repc	repc	bbz	bbz	bbz																																																														
5	Hartland Point	17.4	+14	NNW	4	bcjp	56	75	49	8	2	6	-	4.6	4.6	2000	18.1	+8	NW	4	bc	56	75	47	8	2	6	-	4.6	4.6	2000	1	4	cbc	bc	cpri	cpri	cpri																																																													
	Bristol	15.1	0	NW	2	c	61	75	53	8	3	2	-	4.6	94	4000	16.1	+14	NW	3	c	56	75	48	8	3	6	-	7.8	3	4000	1	*	odmg	odmg	ccpr	ccpr	ccpr																																																													
	Portland Bill	15.5	-2	NW	3	c	61	85	54	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	16.5	+6	NW	4	cbc	60	85	54	8	2	-	7.8	7.8	4000	1	4	oc	oc	cpri	cpri	cpri																																																														
	Plymouth	17.2	+4	NNW	5	c-bc	60	75	53	8	2	6	-	4.6	7.8	2500	18.4	+10	NNW	4	br-bc	57	75	45	2	7	-	-	2.3	2.3	3000	1	3	c	c	bc	bc	bc																																																													
	The Lizard	18.3	+10	NW	5	bc	59	75	49	8	2	-	-	4.6	4.6	2500	19.5	+6	NW	5	bc	55	75	46	8	2	-	-	4.6	4.6	2500	1	4	bcabc	bcabc	bcabc	bcabc	bcabc																																																													
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	19.6	+12	NNW	5	bc	61	55	50	8	8	6	-	4.6	4.6	18000	20.6	+6	NNW	5	bc	56	75	47	8	8	6	-	3	4.6	4.6	10000	1	1	bc	bc	cpri	cpri	cpri																																																												
	Guernsey	14.6	+12	NNW	5	bc	61	55	50	8	8	6	-	4.6	4.6	18000	20.6	+6	NNW	4	cbc	57	97	57	8	9	6	-	4.6	7.8	2500	0	3	bc	bc	cpri	cpri	cpri																																																													
6	Pembroke	18.2	+6	NNW	4	bc	58	75	49	8	2	-	-	4.6	4.6	2500	18.4	+2	NW	4	cbc	56	75	49	8	2	6	-	4.6	7.8	2500	1	3	cpri	cpri	cpri	cpri	cpri																																																													
7	Holyhead (Valley)	16.7	+6	NNW	4	bc	57	25	53	8	8	3	-	4.6	7.8	2000	17.2	+2	NW	4	bc	56	75	49	8	3	-	-	2.3	2.3	2500	1	*	ccir	ccir	bcpr	bcpr	bcpr																																																													
8	Chester (Sealand)	15.0	+8	NNN	6	cbc	58	75	48	8	8	3	-	4.6	7.8	2500	15.8	+8	NNN	3	bc	57	75	46	8	3	-	-	7.8	7.8	2500	1	*	ccir	ccir	ccir	ccir	ccir																																																													
	Manchester	14.0	+4	NNW	4	c	56	85	51	8	5	7	-	7.8	10	2000	15.2	+10	NNN	3	pr	55	75	47	7	2	6	-	7.8	10	1500	1	2	bc	bc	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
10	Spurn Head	13.1	-12	WSW	3	bc	67	65	55	7	7	3	-	4.6	4.6	2500	13.3	0	NW	3	bc	59	85	54	6	5	2	-	7.8	10	1500	1	2	adm	adm	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																													
	Catterick (Sc.)	14.0	+8	N	2	id	53	97	53	4	5	5	-	10	10	600	14.7	+8	NNW	2	50	97	50	7	5	7	-	7.8	10	3800	1	2	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																														
	Tynemouth	14.7	0	N	3	rr	52	97	51	6	-	2	-	10	10	1400	15.1	+4	NNW	2	52	92	51	6	-	2	-	10	10	1600	1	2	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo	cmo																																																														
11	St. Abba Head	14.3	+10	NNW	3	z	51	54	55	6	5	2	-	7.8	9	2000	16.7	+12	NNW	3	pr	53	92	50	9	8	-	-	7.8	7.8	2000	1	4	ccrm	ccrm	ccrm	ccrm	ccrm																																																													
	Leuchars	13.7	-4	NNW	2	bc	60	65	47	8	1	3	-	2.3	4.6	3000	13.5	+4	NNW	3	c	59	75	49	9	1	4	-	9	94	3500	0	*	bcpr	bcpr																																																																

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T. Saturday 18th September 1943

DISTRICTS.		FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T.		
1	S.E. England	Light or moderate north or northwest winds, backing southwesterly; local showers and bright intervals at first; cloudy with occasional slight rain later; rather cold.	16	Orkneys and Shetlands
2	E. England ..		17	N. W. Ireland
3	E. Midlands ...		18	N. E. Ireland
4	W. Midlands		19	S. E. Ireland
5	S.W. England		20	S. W. Ireland
6	South Wales		AS 12-15	
7	North Wales		Moderate to fresh west to southwest winds; cloudy with rain at times; rather cold.	
8	N.W. England			
9	N. Midlands ...			
10	N.E. England			
11	S.E. Scotland			
12	S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man			
13A	W. Scotland ...	Moderate southwest winds, freshening, reaching gale in exposed places later in the West and North; some bright periods in East at first but mainly cloudy with rain at times; rather cold.	GENERAL INFERENCE	
13B	N.W. Scotland		A ridge of high pressure is moving eastwards across Great Britain and will be followed by troughs of low pressure, associated with a deepening depression near Iceland; there will be bright intervals in most parts of Great Britain at first, but some local showers; cloudy conditions with rain at times, mainly slight in the South, will spread from west to all districts; southwesterly winds will freshen to gale on the northwest seaboard; it will be generally rather cold.	
14	Mid Scotland		FURTHER OUTLOOK	
15	N.E. Scotland		Unsettled westerly type persisting with rain at times in most districts.	
Forecasts issued at 10.30			NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2	



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions—the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts—are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbol widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Saturday 18th September 1943
No. 29885

District:	Station:	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 18 th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 18 th September												Past 24 Hours											
		Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Temperature.			Rainfall.			Sun-shine														
		Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet)	Direc.	Force	Wind.	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet)	Direc.	Force	Wind.	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet)	Sea.	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on Grass 7h-7h °F.	Day mm.	Night 18h-7h mm.	18h-7h %														
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	WSW	2	b	52	50 85 47 5	1	WSW	2	b	155	112	W	20	50 85 17 6	-	-	0 0	-	1	*	65	18	34	-	Tr	1.2							
	Croydon	290	16.6	+6	NNN	1	b	50	85 47 5	-	NNN	1	b	185	+18	WSW	2	50 92 44 6	-	-	0 0	-	1	*	67	45	40	-	Tr	2.5							
	S. Farnborough	226	16.6	+6	NN	1	b	47	92 45 7	-	NN	1	b	17.6	+10	WN	1	52 97 43 8	5	4	-	Tr	1	4000	0	*	68	43	36	-	Tr	2.6					
	Boscombe Down	417	17.5	+6	NN	2	b	45	97 45 6	-	NN	2	b	18.1	+2	NN	2	44 92 43 6	-	-	0 23	-	0	*	63	42	40	-	Tr	2.3							
	Thorney Island	10	16.4	+6	NNN	3	b	50	92 48 6	-	NNN	2	b	16.4	+2	NNN	2	47 85 45 7	5	7	-	1 23	2500	0	*	66	45	38	-	Tr	*						
	Lyminge	283	14.6	-2	NNN	3	b	54	85 50 5	-	NNN	2	b	16.7	+14	NNN	2	46 97 46 4	-	-	0 0	-	1	*	45	41	0.4	0.0	Tr	0.0							
	Manston	154	15.1	+6	NN	3	b	57	92 54 6	5	NN	2	b	10	10	1200	15.9	+14	NNN	2	52 92 49 6	5	-	-	4 6	4 6	1000	0	*	65	51	50	1	Tr	0.0		
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
	Felixstowe	12	14.4	0	NN	3	c	58	85 53 7	5	NN	2	b	10	10	2200	15.4	+10	NNN	2	52 92 49 5	5	-	-	0 0	-	1	*	66	46	43	7	Tr	1.0			
	Gorleston	5	13.1	-2	NW	2	b	56	92 54 6	-	NN	2	b	9	2-3	-	14.1	+10	NNN	2	55 92 53 5	5	-	-	4 6	4 6	800	0	2	67	54	52	-	Tr	3.6		
	Mildenhall	15	14.6	+6	NN	2	b	52	92 50 5	5	NN	2	b	9	3+	2000	15.6	+10	NNN	2	51 92 49 6	5	-	-	4 6	10	800	0	*	69	49	49	-	Tr	4.0		
	Cranwell	203	14.7	0	NN	2	b	52	85 48 6	5	NN	2	b	7.8	7.8	2500	16.0	+10	NN	2	50 97 49 6	5	7	-	4 6	7.8	3000	0	*	66	49	45	-	Tr	2.6		
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	b	56	92 44 7	-	NN	2	b	17.2	+6	NW	2	50 92 47 6	5	-	-	4 6	4 6	2500	1	*	59	47	40	-	Tr	1.1					
4	Ross-on-Wye	408	16.2	+4	NW	2	b	46	92 44 7	-	NN	1	b	17.2	+10	NNN	1	54 97 44 8	5	-	-	7.8	7.8	800	0	*	60	43	37	1	-	1.5					
5	Hartland Point	299	18.1	-4	NW	3	pr	52	91 52 7	8	NN	2	b	16.8	+10	NNN	4	54 85 48 8	8	4	-	7.8	7.8	700	1	4	58	51	49	-	7	6.6					
	Bristol	200	17.5	-2	-	0	b	44	92 42 6	-	NN	1	b	18.1	+6	-	0	48 97 47 6	5	7	-	2 3	3	4500	1	*	63	41	33	3	-	1.3					
	Portland Bill	32	17.5	+6	NN	4	b	54	75 48 8	-	NN	3	b	17.7	+2	NN	3	55 85 51 8	5	-	-	10 10	4000	1	*	61	54	38	-	8	7.5						
	Plymouth	86	13.2	-2	ENE	1	pr	47	97 47 7	3	NN	2	b	14.6	+6	NNN	2	51 92 50 7	8	-	-	3 4	3	2500	1	*	61	46	38	-	Tr	3.6					
	The Lizard	240	20.3	-4	NW	3	c	54	85 50 7	5	NN	4	b	15.0	+4	NNN	4	53 75 45 8	8	6	-	4 6	4 6	2000	0	*	61	50	38	-	Tr	10.1					
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	20.7	-2	NN	5	pr	55	85 50 6	8	NN	4	b	15.0	+2	NNN	4	55 75 47 8	8	1	-	7.8	9	1500	1	4	61	53	0.3	0.6	Tr	10.1					
	Guernsey	175	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			
6	Pembroke	142	18.1	+4	NW	4	pr	51	75 47 8	8	NN	2	b	9	3+	2500	19.6	0	NNN	3	53 85 49 8	8	3	-	7.8	7.8	2000	1	*	59	51	49	3	Tr	8.7		
7	Holyhead (Valley)	32	17.8	+2	NNW	6	pr	53	85 49 7	8	NN	4	b	9	10	2000	18.3	+6	NN	4	52 85 48 8	8	5	7	-	3	9	1600	1	*	59	50	47	0.6	5	*	
8	Chester (Sealand)	16	16.1	-4	NNW	2	pr	52	92 50 7	8	NN	2	b	7.8	5	2000	17.1	+10	NN	2	51 92 48 7	8	3	-	4 6	3	2500	1	*	61	48	38	Tr	5.2			
	Manchester	230	16.0	+2	NNW	4	pr	51	97 50 7	2	NN	2	b	9	3+	3000	17.1	+12	NN	2	50 97 49 5	5	5	-	4 6	7.8	3000	1	*	60	47	42	0.3	0.4	*		
10	Spurn Head	29	14.4	+6	NW	4	b	50	97 53 6	5	NN	4	b	7.8	10	1500	15.6	+14	NNN	4	54 85 49 6	5	2	-	4 6	34	1500	0	2	68	52	45	0.1	0.0	Tr		
	Catterick (Sc.)	192	15.1	+2	NN	1	c	50	92 48 7	5	NN	1	b	9	3	4																					

~~SECRET~~

January 1943 September 1943

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

No. 23236.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, Q.M.

Sunday 19th September 1913

DISTRICTS.		FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12		
1 S.E. England			18 Orkneys and Shetlands	As 12-15
2 E. England ..		Light variable winds; mainly fine, but fog developing extensively tonight, dispersing in forenoon; rather cold.	17 N.W. Ireland	Moderate or fresh westerly wind; mainly cloudy with slight local rain; rather cold.
3 E. Midlands...			18 N.E. Ireland	
4 W. Midlands			19 S.E. Ireland	
5 S.W. England		Light westerly winds; mainly cloudy, slight local rain; rather cold.	20 S.W. Ireland	
6 South Wales				
7 North Wales				
8 N.W. England				
9 N. Midlands...				
10 N.E. England				
11 S.E. Scotland				
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		Fresh to strong westerly winds, gale at times in North; mainly cloudy with rain at times, some bright intervals later; rather cold.		
13A W. Scotland ...				
13B N.W. Scotland				
14 Mid Scotland				
15 N.E. Scotland				
GENERAL INFERENCE				
A depression is centred east of Ireland and secondaries will cross Scotland; an extension of the Azores anticyclone will persist over our Southeastern districts, giving mainly fine quiet weather, but with much fog night and morning; in other districts there will be rain at times with westerly winds, reaching gale force at times in the North; it will be generally rather cold.				
FURTHER OUTLOOK				
Unsettled westerly type over most of the country, but probably continuing mainly fair in the Southeast.				
Forecasts issued at 10.30				
NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2				

GENERAL INFERENCE

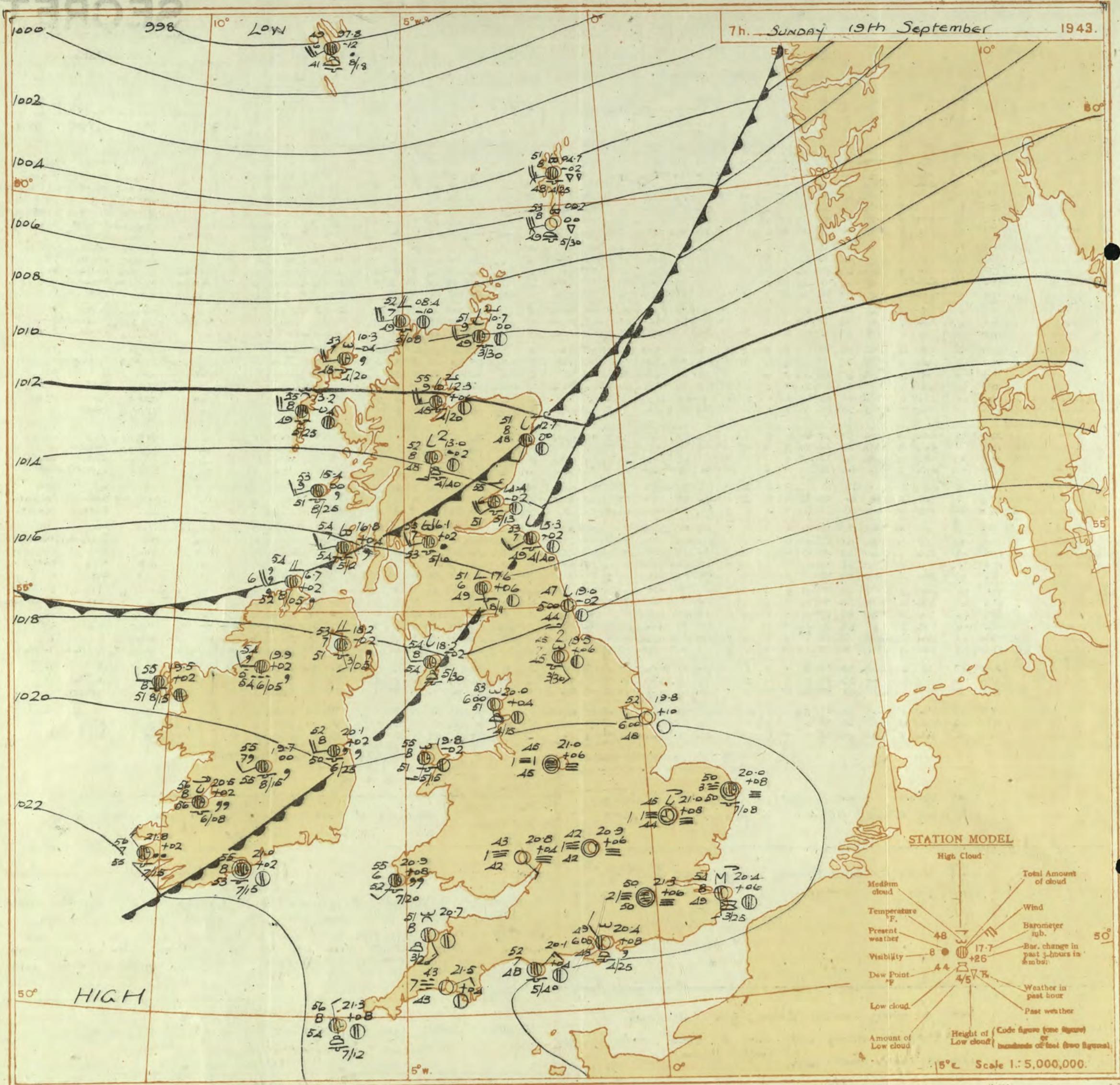
A depression is centred east of Ireland and secondaries will cross Scotland; an extension of the Azores anticyclone will persist over our southeastern districts, giving mainly fine quiet weather, but with much fog night and morning; in other districts there will be rain at times with westerly winds, reaching gale force at times in the North; it will be generally rather cold.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Unsettled westerly type over most of the country, but probably continuing mainly fair in the Southeast.

Forecasts issued at 10.30

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

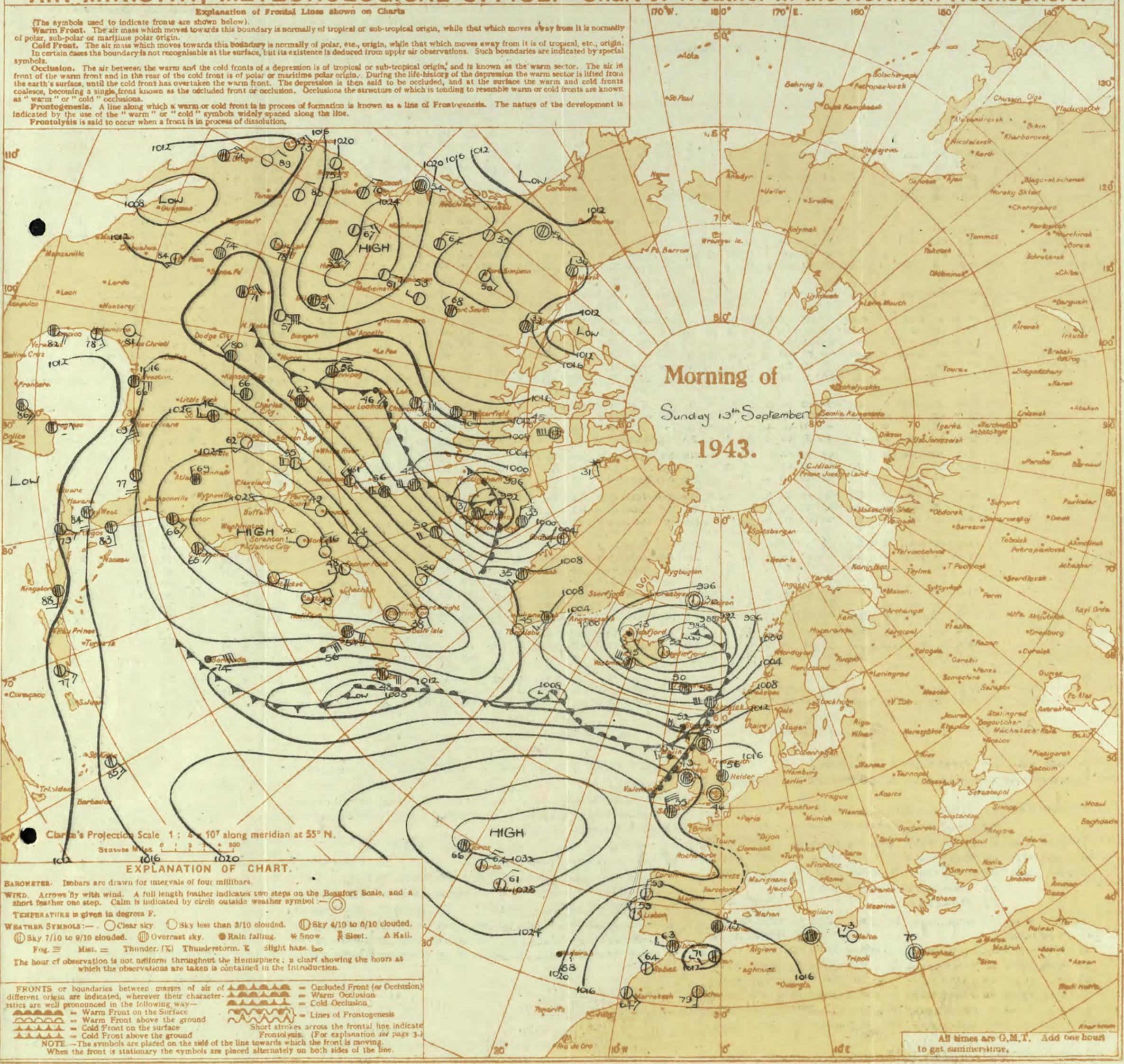
Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday, 19th September 1943
No. 22846

District.	Stations.	Observations at 1 hr. G.M.T. 18th September												Observations at 7 hr. G.M.T. 19th September												Past 24 Hours																								
		Height above M.S.L., in feet.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.		Dens.	Force	Weather.	Temp. °F.	Humid. % F.	Dew Point. °F.	Visiblity.	Cloud.			Form.	Amount.	Height of Base, (feet).	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.		Dens.	Force	Weather.	Temp. °F.	Humid. % F.	Dew Point. °F.	Visiblity.	Cloud.			Form.	Amount.	Height of Base, (feet).	State of Ground.	Sea.	Temperature.		Rainfall.		Sun- shine 18h hrs. (38)							
					0-10	10-20								Low.	Med.	High.						0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	Low.	Med.	High.			0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on grass °F.	Day 7h-18h mm.
1	London (Kew) ...	18	*	*	*	*	*	*	m	43	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	63	46	34	-	Tr	8.1	
	Croydon ...	290	20.2	+2	-	0	m	46	32	44	4	-	-	-	0	6	-	21.3	+6	-	0	50	37	50	2	-	-	10	10	150	1	*	64	45	40	-	0.4	9.2												
	S. Farnborough ...	226	19.8	+6	WNN	1	Zo	46	32	44	5	-	7	1	0	2-3	-	21.0	+6	SWN	1	48	37	47	4	5	-	-	10	10	300	0	*	65	43	34	-	-	8.4											
	Beacombe Down ...	417	20.0	+4	NW	1	b	46	37	45	7	-	-	0	0	-	21.0	+6	SW	1	48	37	48	2	-	-	-	10	10	150	1	*	43	43	41	-	7.0	6.8												
	Thorney Island ...	10	19.4	+6	-	0	b	46	32	44	5	-	3	0	7-8	-	20.4	+8	NW	2	Zo	43	37	48	6	7	3	-	4-6	4-6	2500	1	*	45	46	40	-	1	7.5											
	Lyminge ...	283	20.0	+6	SW	1	Zo	46	32	44	5	-	3	0	7-8	-	21.0	+8	b-bc	54	35	45	50	8	2	6	3	1	2-3	2-3	2000	1	*	46	38	-	-	1	7.5											
	Manston ...	184	19.7	+10	SWN	1	Zo	49	32	47	6	-	3	-	0	Tr	-	20.4	+6	s	1	bc	54	35	49	8	3	8	3	2-3	4-6	2500	0	*	48	42	-	-	9.3											
2	Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	63	46	34	-	Tr	8.1
	Felixstowe ...	12	19.2	+6	N	1	b	52	37	52	7	-	-	-	0	0	-	20.8	+10	NNN	2	Zo	50	37	49	5	5	-	-	3+	3+	2500	1	*	65	48	44	-	0.2	1.0										
	Gorleston ...	5	18.2	+10	-	0	Zo	53	32	49	6	-	-	-	0	0	-	20.0	+8	-	0	c	50	37	50	3	5	-	-	3+	3+	300	1	*	63	48	44	-	-	4.4										
	Mildenhall ...	15	19.4	+6	-	0	F	45	37	45	1	-	-	-	10	10	150	+8	0	bF	45	37	44	1	-	4	1	0	1	-	0	*	43	43	36	-	-	2.5												
	Cranwell ...	203	19.5	+4	NW	1	Zo	51	32	50	6	5	-	-	9	9	1600	+12	NW	2	cbc	45	37	45	2	-	3	-	0	7-8	-	0	*	60	44	37	-	-	3.5											
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	58	44	28	-	-	1.8
4	Upper Heyford ...	408	20.1	+10	NNW	1	m	47	37	46	4	-	-	-	0	0	-	20.9	+6	-	0	b	49	37	49	4	4	-	-	0	0	-	2	*	60	41	38	-	-	1.0										
	Ross-on-Wye ...	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	62	42	37	-	-	1.0
8	Hartland Point ...	299	20.3	0	NNE	3	b-bc	53	35	48	8	2	1	-	1	2-3	2500	+20	SE	3	bc	51	32	48	8	2	6	-	2-3	4-6	2000	1	2	57	49	46	-	-	1.1											
	Bristol ...	200	20.3	+6	N	1	b-bc	50	37	49	6	-	3	2	0	7-8	-	21.5	+10	-	0	Zo	47	37	46	6	5	-	-	3+	3+	3000	1	*	61	42	33	-	-	5.6										
	Portland Bill ...	32	19.5	+6	N	3	c	54	35	50	8	5	4	-	7-8	10	4000	+20	NE	3	b-bc	52	35	48	7	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	1	4	60	43	38	-	-	1.9											
	Plymouth ...	86	21.3	0	NNN	1	Zo	49	37	49	6	-	4	2	0																																			

SECRET

MONDAY 20th September 1943

No. 29887

BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

13th September

14th September

15th September

16th September

17th September

18th September

19th September

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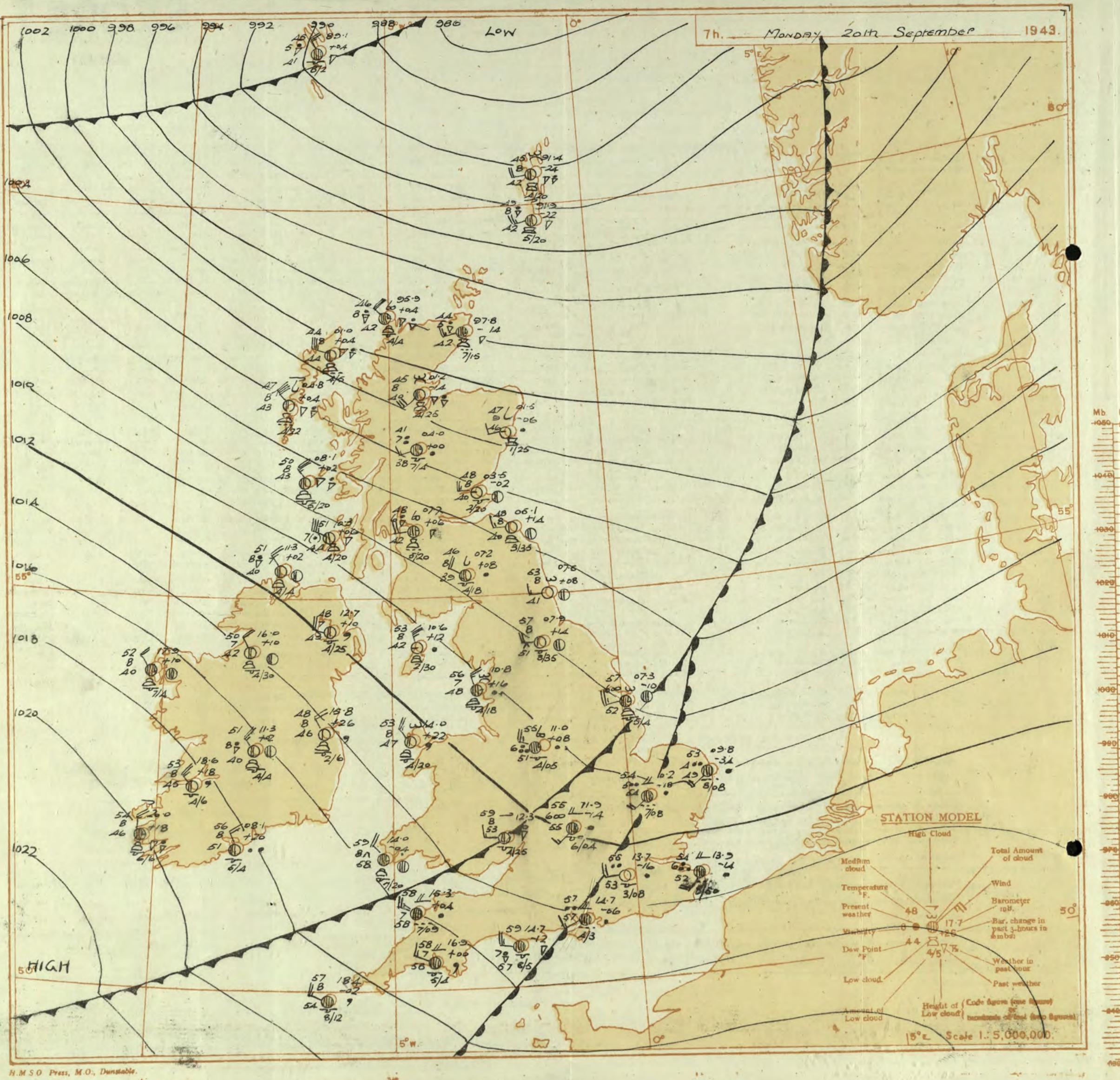
13th April

14th April

15th April

16th April

17



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).

Warin Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

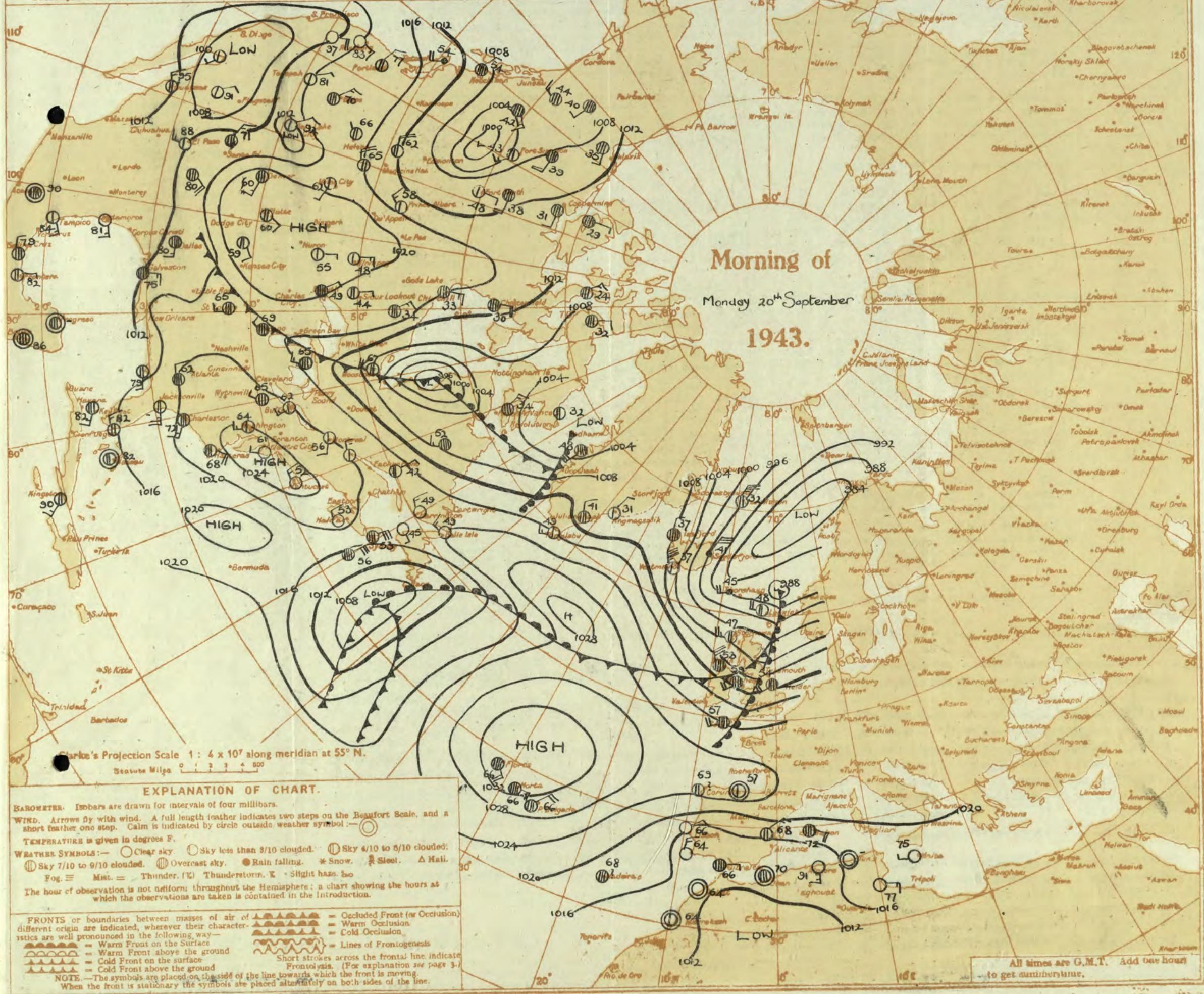
of polar, sub-polar or *márgenes*, which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is no longer capable of developing.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

MONDAY 20th September 1943

No. 28887

DISTRICT.	STATION.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 20th September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 20th September												PAST 24 HOURS.														
		Wind.			Cloud.						Wind.			Cloud.						TEMPERATURE.				RAINFALL.				SUN-SHINE												
		Height above M.S.L. in feet.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Dir.	Force 0-12	Weather.	Temp.	%	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Low.	High.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet).	Dir.	Force 0-12	Weather.	Temp.	%	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Low.	Med.	Total 0-10	Sea. 0-9	Max. Day 7h-18h °F.	Min. Night 18h-7h °F.	Min. on Grass 7h mm.	Day 18h-7h mm.	Night 18h-7h mm.	Hrs. (38)						
1	London (Kew)	18	17.7	-14	SW	3	z	52	*	5	*	*	*	*	12.8	-10	SW	2	ld	55	92	53	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	*	64	52	41	-	Tr	5.0			
	Croydon	290	17.7	-14	SW'S	2	z	50	92	48	5	-	3	-	0	3000	13.7	-16	W'S	1	55	92	53	6	5	-	-	23	10	800	1	*	65	49	46	-	0.5	4.2		
	S. Farnborough	226	16.6	-14	SW'S	2	0	z	52	85	49	6	1	7	-	2.3	97	3000	13.1	-10	W'S	1	55	97	55	7	6	2	-	97	10	600	1	*	66	50	50	-	1	5.1
	Boscombe Down	417	17.4	-14	-	-	b	49	97	49	5	5	2	-	4.6	10	4000	14.2	-10	W'S	1	55	97	55	7	5	2	-	9	10	1000	1	*	65	47	42	-	1	7.1	
	Thorney Island	10	17.5	-10	W	1	z	48	97	47	7	-	1	-	0	4.6	-	14.7	-6	WSW	3	57	97	57	7	6	2	-	4.6	10	800	1	*	67	44	39	Tr	3	*	
	Lymne	283	17.5	-14	WSW	2	z	50	92	47	7	-	1	0	T	-	13.2	-28	WSW	3	52	97	51	5	5	2	-	1.6	10	1800	1	*	4*	18	41	-	1	9.4		
	Manston	154	17.5	-10	SW	3	z	49	92	46	6	2	-	1	1	2500	13.9	-14	SW	4	51	92	52	6	6	2	-	10	10	5000	1	*	47	42	-	10	10.5			
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	68	52	43	-	2	5.5					
	Felixstowe	12	16.7	-14	SE	3	z	54	33	50	6	-	-	-	0	0	-	12.1	-22	W'S	4	54	97	53	6	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	4	67	52	49	-	1	4.9	
	Gorleston	5	15.3	-26	SW	2	b	51	92	49	7	-	-	-	0	0	-	0.9	-34	SW	4	52	92	49	1	6	-	-	10	10	800	1	3	65	50	45	-	2	9.5	
	Mildenhall	15	14.7	-28	SW'S	1	m	51	92	49	4	-	1	-	0	T	-	10.2	-18	SW'W	1	54	97	54	5	6	2	-	9	10	800	1	*	68	51	45	-	2	6.9	
	Cranwell	203	13.0	-26	SW	3	m	51	92	49	4	-	5	-	0	7.8	-	0.9	-6	WSW	4	55	97	55	6	5	7	-	7.8	9	800	1	*	66	48	45	-	1	8.4	
3	Birmingham	635	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	63	51	44	-	0.2	10.1						
4	Upper Heyford	408	15.8	-14	WSW	1	m	49	92	48	4	-	7	-	0	9	-	11.9	-14	SW	3	57	97	55	6	5	2	-	9	10	400	1	*	64	47	42	-	0.5	*	
4	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	65	50	47	-	0.5	8.0						
5	Hartland Point	299	16.3	-18	NW	5	c/r	57	97	57	7	6	2	-	4.6	10	1500	15.3	+4	WNW	5	58	97	58	7	6	2	-	9	10	900	1	3	50	56	55	-	5	7.1	
	Bristol	200	16.4	-20	WSW	3	z	54	92	51	6	5	-	-	9	9	3100	13.7	-6	WNW	4	59	92	56	7	6	2	-	7.8	10	600	1	*	65	51	37	-	3	9.0	
	Portland Bill	32	17.3	-6	SW	1	c	58	85	54	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	14.7	-12	W	5	59	92	57	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	1	1	60	57	*	-	0.2	*	
	Plymouth	86	18.5	-8	WNW	3	c	57	97	57	7	5	-	-	7.8	9	2000	16.9	0	WNW	3	58	97	58	7	5	2	-	7.8	10	1200	1	3	61	54	44	-	1	9.2	
	The Lizard	240	19.5	-10	WNW	4	pr	56	97	55	6	5	-	-	10	10	1000	18.2	+2	WNW	4	57	97	57	6	5	-	-	10	10	800	1	4	61	55	*	-	1	1.9	
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	19.6	-10	W'S	1	w	57	97	57	6	5	-	-	7.8	10	800	18.4	-2	WNW	5	57	92	54	8	5	-	-	10	10	2000	1	4	65	55	*	-	Tr	3.2	
6	Pembroke	142	16.2	-8	W	5	c	59	97	57	8	8	2	-	4.6	10	1500	14.0	-4	NW	4	59	97	56	8	8	-	-	9	10	2000	1	3	61	55	50	0.3	2	3.4	
7	Holyhead (Valley)	32	12.7	-26	WSW	4	c/d	59	97	57	7	5	2	-	9	10	1900	14.0	+22	WNW	5	53	53	54	8	8	3	-	4.6	4.6	2000	1	3	63	53	53	Tr	1	*	
8	Chester (Sealand)	16	11.8	-26	SW	3	c/r	57	92	54																														

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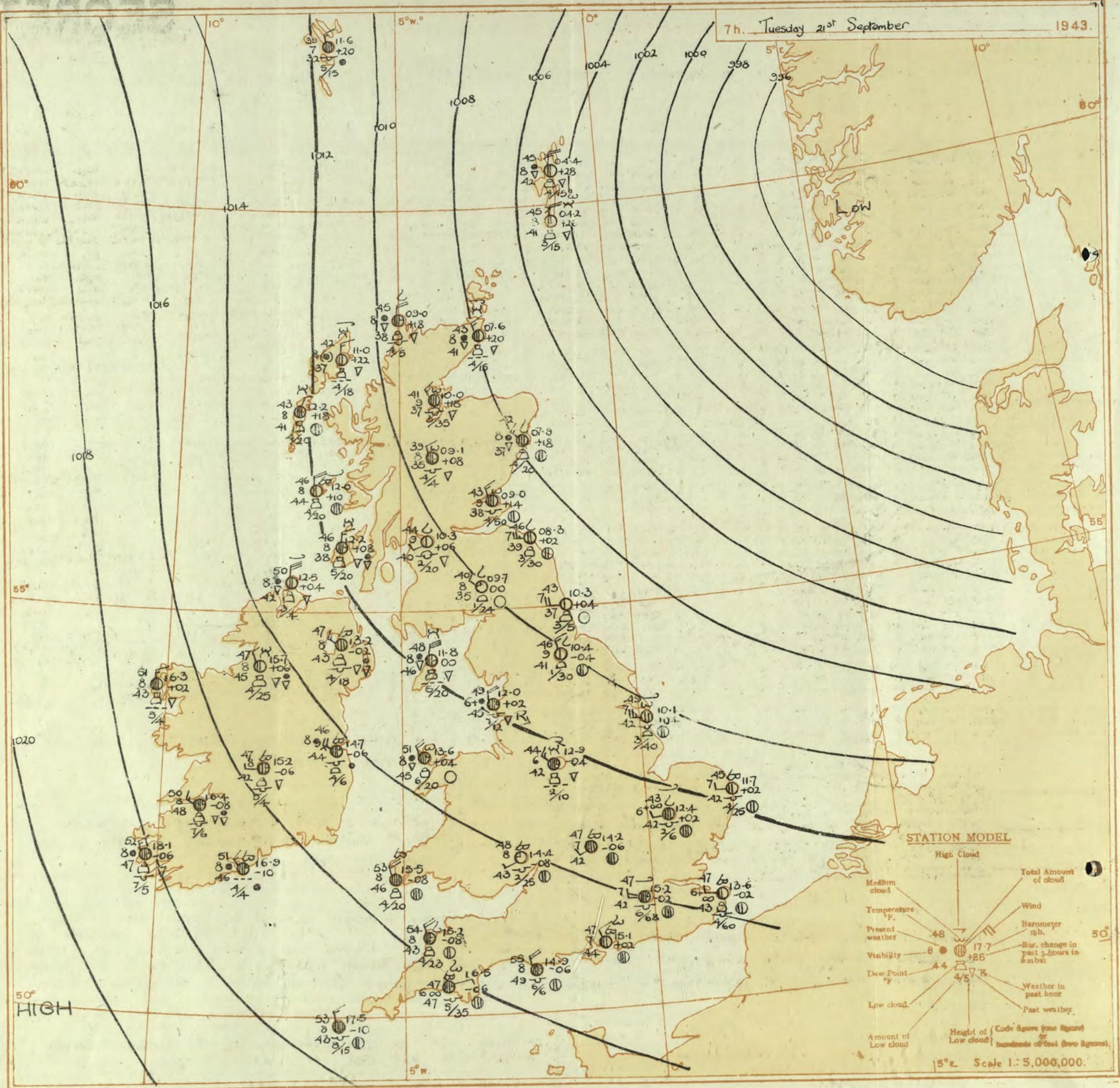
Tuesday 21st September 1943

No. 22282

Page 2
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 20th September.OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 20th September.

PAST 24 HOURS.

District	Stations (For heights see p. 4.)	Barom. at M.S.L. (1)	Change in 8 hours. (2)	Wind. Dir. (3)	Force (4)	Weather. (5)	Temp. °F. (6)	Humid. % (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visability. 0-9 (9)	Cloud.						Barom. at M.S.L. (10)	Change in 8 hours. (11)	Wind. Dir. (12)	Force (13)	Weather. (14)	Temp. °F. (15)	Humid. % (16)	Cloud.						Barom. at M.S.L. (17)	Change in 8 hours. (18)	Wind. Dir. (19)	Force (20)	Weather. (21)	Temp. °F. (22)	Humid. % (23)	Dew Point. °F. (24)	Visability. 0-9 (25)	Low. (26)	Med. (27)	High. (28)	Total 0-10 (29)	Height of Base (feet) (30)	State of Ground. (31)	Weather.			
											Form.			Amount.						Form.			Amount.						Form.			Amount.																
											Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.																	
1 London (Kew) ...	14.0 +12 WNW 3 bc 63 65 49 7 8 3 - 1-6 1-6 1500 14.7 +6 NN 2 bc 59 55 40 7 5 - 1 2-3 1-6 2500 1 * cmorbc bcy b2ow bbccmow	14.6 +6 W'N 3 c 64 75 57 7 5 4 - 9 9+ 1400 15.7 +10 NN'N 4 Z 60 55 42 6 4 8 1 4-6 7-8 2000 0 * crfsm,cmcb bcyzoy bbcb	14.2 +8 NNN 3 c/f 62 76 53 7 7 7 - 3 9+ 1600 16.4 +10 NNN 2 b-bc 59 55 43 8 5 4 1 1-2 3500 0 * crisc bcyzb bbcbw bucwbcw	15.1 +4 W'N 4 c-bc 61 75 52 8 8 - 4-6 7-8 2000 16.2 +6 NN'W 2 b 55 65 42 8 4 - 1 Tr 1 4000 0 * cido bcyzb bbcbw bucwbcw	14.3 +2 W 3 c 67 75 58 8 5 - 10 10 2500 15.4 +2 N'N 3 b 59 65 48 8 1 4 - Tr 1 4000 0 * cmodoc bcyzb bbcbw bucwbcw	13.4 -2 W 3 c 65 75 57 7 1 7 - 7-8 9+ 1500 14.5 +2 NNN 1 Z 58 85 52 6 1 4 - 2-3 4-6 2000 0 * cmircmo bcyzb bbcbw bucwbcw	12.8 -4 W's 4 Zo 64 75 56 6 5 9 - 7-8 9+ 1400 13.0 +8 NN 4 GBC 60 55 42 7 5 - 7-8 7-8 2500 0 * crfrc,cmo bcyzb bbcbw bucwbcw	1	20 th	20 th	1h. 21 st	1h. 21 st	21 st																																			
2 Shoeburyness ...	13.8 +2 NW 3 cbc 61 76 51 8 8 - - 7-8 7-8 1500 13.9 +4 NN 2 bc 57 55 42 7 7 4 - 2-3 4-6 4000 1 * crn cbc bcc cmwoc	12.3 +2 WNW 4 c 61 75 51 8 5 7 - 7-8 9 2500 14.1 +14 W'N 4 bcjp 59 45 40 8 - 4 0 1-6 - 0 4 2 cmodoc bbybmybc bcc	10.8 +10 N'N 4 c 60 57 59 7 8 - - 9 9 1700 11.6 +2 NNN 3 bc 58 85 53 7 5 - 3 2-3 4-6 1500 0 * crdcb bcbc bcc	12.4 +14 WNW 5 b-bc 62 55 45 8 1 - 2-3 2-3 2500 13.5 +6 N'N 4 b-bc 55 65 44 8 5 4 1 Tr 2-3 2500 1 * cramobey bcyzb bcc	12.3 +16 WNW 4 Zo 60 55 42 6 2 - 7-8 7-8 2500 13.3 +8 NN 5 bc 54 65 43 7 4 - 4-6 1-6 3500 0 * bcyzb bcc	1	20 th	20 th	1h. 21 st	1h. 21 st	21 st																																					
3 Birmingham ...	14.8 +4 NNN 4 b-bc 58 45 48 8 1 - - 2-3 2-3 2500 15.5 0 NNN 3 GBC 54 55 39 7 5 - 7-8 7-8 4000 1 * opabc bcc bcc	13.5 +6 NNN 5 bc 62 65 48 8 2 - - 4-6 4-6 2800 15.1 +8 NN'N 3 c-bc 54 65 41 9 4 - 6 4-6 7-8 4500 0 * cirac bcc	15.5 +2 WNW 4 b 60 45 41 8 1 - 1 1 3500 16.3 +4 N 2 b 54 65 41 8 4 - 1 1 1 3500 1 * bccbc bcc	1	20 th	20 th	1h. 21 st	1h. 21 st	21 st																																							
4 Ross-on-Wye																																																
5 Hartland Point	17.9 +14 NNN 5 c-bc 56 85 50 8 2 6 - 4-6 7-8 1500 18.5 +2 NNN 4 GBC 56 65 45 8 1 - 5 4-6 7-8 3000 1 * irabc bcc bcc	16.0 +16 NN 3 bc 60 65 49 8 2 6 - 2-3 4-6 3000 16.8 +6 NN'N 3 b-bc 53 55 39 8 4 - 5 1 2-3 4000 1 * cridoc bbybmybc c	16.2 +6 W 5 c 62 92 60 8 2 4 - 4-6 9 4000 17.1 +4 NW 4 GBC 58 85 54 8 2 - 7-8 7-8 4000 1 * cc bcc	18.1 +4 WNW 4 c 60 85 56 8 7 2 - 9 9+ 1500 18.8 +2 NW 4 bc 56 75 48 8 5 3 2 2-3 4-6 2500 1 * cido bcc	18.8 +6 WNW 3 c/f 68 97 68 7 5 - 10 10 1000 19.1 0 NW 2 GBC 56 85 50 8 2 6 - 7-8 7-8 2500 1 * cidoabc bcc	20.1 +10 N 4 c/f 58 92 55 8 5 - 9 10 1200 20.4 +4 NNN 4 c 56 75 46 8 5 - 5 7-8 9 1500 1 * cpoidoc c	1	20 th	20 th	1h. 21 st	1h. 21 st	21 st																																				
6 Pembroke ...	18.8 +14 NNN 4 bc 58 65 46 8 2 6 - 4-6 4-6 2500 18.4 0 NW 3 bc 56 65 45 8 8 6 1 4-6 4-6 2500 0 * cq,prbc bcc bcc	7 Holyhead (Valley) ...	16.0 +2 NWW 5 bc 58 55 43 8 1 - 1 4-6 4-6 2500 16.1 +2 NW 6 GBC 55 65 43 8 8 6 1 4-6 7-8 3000 1 * bcy bcc	8 Chester (Sealand) ...	14.6 +10 NNN 5 bc 56 55 42 8 2 - 4-6 4-6 2500 14.7 +2 N'N 3 GBC 52 75 44 8 2 6 1 4-6 4-6 2500 0 * cmobey bccpr,zo bccpr,pm	8 Manchester ...	13.5 +10 NN 5 bc 57 65 43 8 2 - 4-6 4-6 2500 14.6 +6 NNN 4 GBC 53 75 44 6 2 6 3 4-6 9 2500 1 * cirabc bccpr,pm	1	20 th	20 th	1h. 21 st	1h. 21 st	21 st																																			
10 Spurn Head ...	11.5 +14 NNN 6 b-cq 59 55 41 7 2 3 - 4-6 4-6 2500 11.3 +2 N 6 b-bcq 56 65 43 7 2 - 2-3 2-3 2500 0 * bcq bcq bc	10.1 +4 WNW 4 bc 58 65 46 8 7 - 4-6 4-6 3500 11.4 +6 N 3 b-cpr 52 75 45 8 8 6 - 4-6 4-6 3000 0 * bcpr bcpr b	10.5 +6 N 6 b-cq 58 45 40 7 2 - 2-3 2-3 2500 09.8 15 N 6 b-bcq 55 55 40 7 2 - 1 2-3 2500 0 * bcq bcq bc	11 St. Abbs Head	0.4.7 +4 W 6 b-bc 53 55 39 8 1 4 - 2-3 2-3 4000 07.1 +6 NNN 5 c-bc 53 65 40 8 5 6 - 4-6 7-8 3500 0 * bc bcc	12 Leuchars ...	0.5.3 +20 W 7 c-bc 58 45 39 8 5 - 7-8 7-8 2500 07.5 +14 N 6 bcjp 53 65 42 8 8 4 - 4-6 4-6 2500 0 * cybcyp bcjp bccvlu	12 Renfrew (Abbots I.)	0.9.0 +12 W 5 c-bc 55 65 42 8 8 - 7-8 7-8 1800 10.1 +6 N 5 pr 51 85 45 7 8 - 7-8 7-8 1800 1 * cpabcprbc bcjp,prbc bccp,ob	12 Eakdalemuir ...	0.8.6 +10 WNW 5 bc 54 55 38 8 8 - 4-6 4-6 2400 09.9 -2 N'N 3 bc 47 75 39 8 7 - 4-6 4-6 2500 1 * cpabcprbc bcjp,prbc bccp,ob	12 Point of Ayre ...	13.3 +6 NNN 6 b-bcjp 57 66 46 8 3 6 - 2-3 2-3 2000 13.5 +4 NNN 6 b-bc 54 75 47 8 3 - 2-3 2-3 2500 0 * bbbcbt bpr,b	13 Tiree ...	11.3 +12 NNN 7 b-cpr 54 85 49 8 3 2 - 4-6 4-6 2000 12.1 +4 NNN 6 b-cpr 50 85 49 8 9 6 - 7-8 9 1500 1 * cpabcprbc cbccpr bcc	13 Stornoway ...	0.6.5 +34 NW 6 b-cpr 52 75 43 8 9 - 7-8 7-8 1800 07.3 +6 NWW 5 b-cpr 47 92 45 8 9 6 7-8 7-8 1200 1 * cpr cpr	15 Dalwhinnie ...	0.6.0 +16 W 3 pr 47 76 40 7 5 - 9 9 2500 08.2 +6 NW 3 pr 44 85 39 7 5 - 9+ 9+ 1500 1 * bcpabcprbc bcpabcprbc	15 Aberdeen ...	0.2.3 +18 WNW 6 c 55 66 40 9 1 - 9 9 2500 05.6 +20 NW 5 GBC 50 56 33 8 2 - 9 1 7-8 2500 1 * bcpabcprbc bcpabcprbc	15 Wick ...	0.9.9 +16 NW 6 c/f 51 85 47 8 9 - 9 9 1500 03.8 +10 NW 7 GBC 47 85 43 8 9 - 5 7-8 7-8 2500 0 * cprabcprabc abcprabcprabc	16 Sumburgh ...	0.5.6 -14 WNW 6 pr 49 85 45 7 6 - 3 4-6 9 1500 05.9 +46 NWW 7 prs 49 85 44 7 9 3 - 9 9+ 1000 2 4 * cprabcprabc prsabcprabc	17 Blackness Point	19.9 +6 NW 5 pr 55 75 47 7 6 - 9+ 9+ 1500 19.8 -2 NN 4 %pr 50 85 46 8 5 - 9+ 9+ 1500 1 * pr pr pr	18 Malin Head ...	14.1 +12 NWW 7 pr 52 75 44 8 2 - 4-6 4-6 1500 14.1 0 NN 7 pr 51																			



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

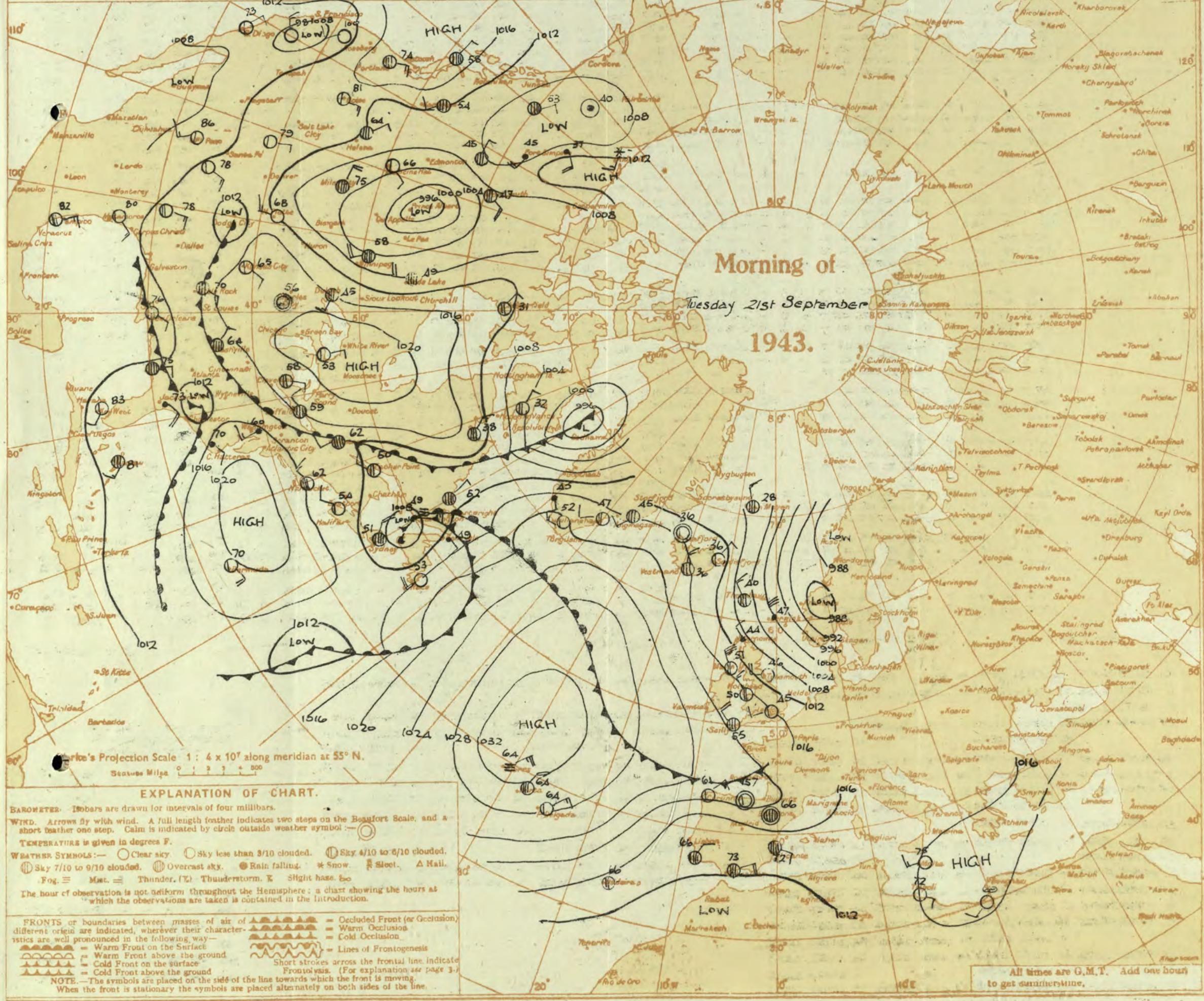
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Tuesday, 21st September 1943

No. 22588

DISTRICT.	STATION.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 21st September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 21st September												PAST 24 HOURS.																		
		Height above sea level in feet.			Barom. M.S.L.			Wind.			Weather.			Cloud.			Height above sea level in feet.			Wind.			Weather.			Cloud.			Temperature.			Rainfall.												
		mb. (1)	Change in 24 hours. (2)	Dir. (3)	Force. (4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	Dir. (17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)					
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	2	b-bc	45	85	42	7	-	-	1	0	243	7	14.1	-2	WSW	1	Zo	48	85	43	6	5	-	-	9+ 9t	2500	1	*	64	44	39	Tr	4.2							
	Croydon	290	16.3	-2	W'N	2	b	45	85	41	5	-	-	0	Tr	-	15.2	-2	W	2	c	47	85	42	7	5	-	1	3	9+ 9t	6800	0	*	69	43	37	01	3.0						
	S. Farnborough	226	15.5	-2	W'N	2	b	45	85	42	8	-	-	0	Tr	-	14.3	-2	WNW	2	c	48	85	44	7	5	7	-	7-8 9t	5000	0	*	65	44	32	Tr	5.7							
	Bosecombe Down	417	16.5	-8	W'N	2	b	45	85	42	8	-	-	0	Tr	-	15.3	-4	W	2	c	47	85	43	8	-	0	9	-	0	*	63	43	39	0.2	5.1								
	Thorney Island	10	16.1	-2	W'N	2	b	46	92	43	7	-	-	0	Tr	-	15.1	+2	NW	2	c-bc	47	85	44	7	-	7	9	0	7-8	+	0	69	44	38	0.2	Tr							
	Lymne	283	15.3	-2	NNW	2	zo	45	85	41	6	-	-	3	-	0	Tr	-	14.3	-2	NW	2	c-bc	45	92	42	7	5	3	-	2-3 7-8	6800	0	2	*	42	36	1	-	2.9				
	Manston	154	14.4	-2	NW	3	b	52	65	42	7	-	-	0	0	-	13.6	-2	WNW	2	Zo	47	85	43	6	8	7	-	4-6 4-6	6000	0	*	64	43	40	2	-	2.5						
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Felixstowe	12	14.0	-2	W'S	4	b-bc	51	75	45	7	1	7	-	1	2-3 4000	13.1	+2	WSW	3	c	49	85	44	7	-	7	2	0	9	-	0	4	65	46	41	0.6	-	3.1					
	Gorleston	5	11.8	-4	WNW	3	c-bc	47	85	44	7	-	-	4	-	0	7-8	-	11.7	+2	W'N	2	bc	45	85	42	7	5	7	-	4-6 4-6	2500	0	2	61	45	40	0.5	-	4.4				
	Mildenhead	15	13.5	-8	W'S	2	c-bc	48	85	44	7	5	3	-	4-6 7-8 4000	12.4	+2	WSW	2	Zo	43	87	42	6	5	4	1	1	7-8	4000	0	*	63	42	38	-	-	4.3						
	Cranwell	203	12.8	-6	WNW	2	zo	46	92	45	6	5	-	Tr	Tr	4000	11.3	-4	WNW	3	c-bc	44	92	43	7	5	3	1	2-3 7-8	3000	1	*	60	44	40	-	-	8.1						
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
4	Upper Heyford	408	15.1	-6	W	2	c-bc	45	85	41	7	-	-	6	0	7-8	-	13.5	-2	W	3	Zo	46	85	42	6	5	7	-	7-8	9t	4000	1	*	60	45	38	Tr	-	0.2	6.5			
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
5	Hartland Point	299	17.1	-8	NW	4	b-bc	55	75	47	8	1	-	-	2-3 2-3	2500	15.2	-8	NW	4	c	54	65	43	8	2	4	-	4-6 3	2300	1	4	58	53	51	0.3	-	4.9						
	Bristol	200	16.0	-6	NNW	2	zo	40	85	45	6	5	3	-	4-6 7-8 4000	15.0	-6	NW	2	c	49	85	45	7	-	7	-	0	9t	-	1	62	44	40	0.3	-	5.5							
	Portland Bill	32	17.1	-6	NW	4	c	55	85	51	8	5	4	-	7-8 5	4000	14.9	-6	NW	4	c	55	85	49	8	5	-	-	9	9	4000	1	*	62	51	*	-	-	3.3					
	Plymouth	86	17.7	-14	E	1	zo	45	97	45	6	4	3	[1]	4-6 7-8 4000	16.5	-6	ENE	1	Zo	47	87	47	6	5	7	9	7-8	9t	3500	0	1	61	44	35	1	-	3.3						
	The Lizard	240	18.8	-16	NW	2	c-bc	52	85	47	8	5	3	-	7-8 7-8 1500	17.0	-8	NNW	2	c	52	85	46	8	5	-	-	9t	9t	1500	0	3	61	56	*	0.5	-	1.9						
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	17.6	-8	NW'N	4	c	55	85	45	8	8	3	-	7-8 9t	1500	17.5	-10	NW	3	c	53	65	43	8	5	-	-	10	10	1500	1	3	61	53	*	0.3	-	3.0					
	Guernsey	175	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
6	Pembroke	142	17.5	-6	NW'N	4	bc	54	75	46	8	1	3	-	2-3 4-6 4000	15.5	-8	NW	4	c	53	85	46	8	2	7	-	4-6 10	2000	0	2	59	51	*	Tr	-	7.							

SECRET

Wednesday 22nd September 1943

N29889

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

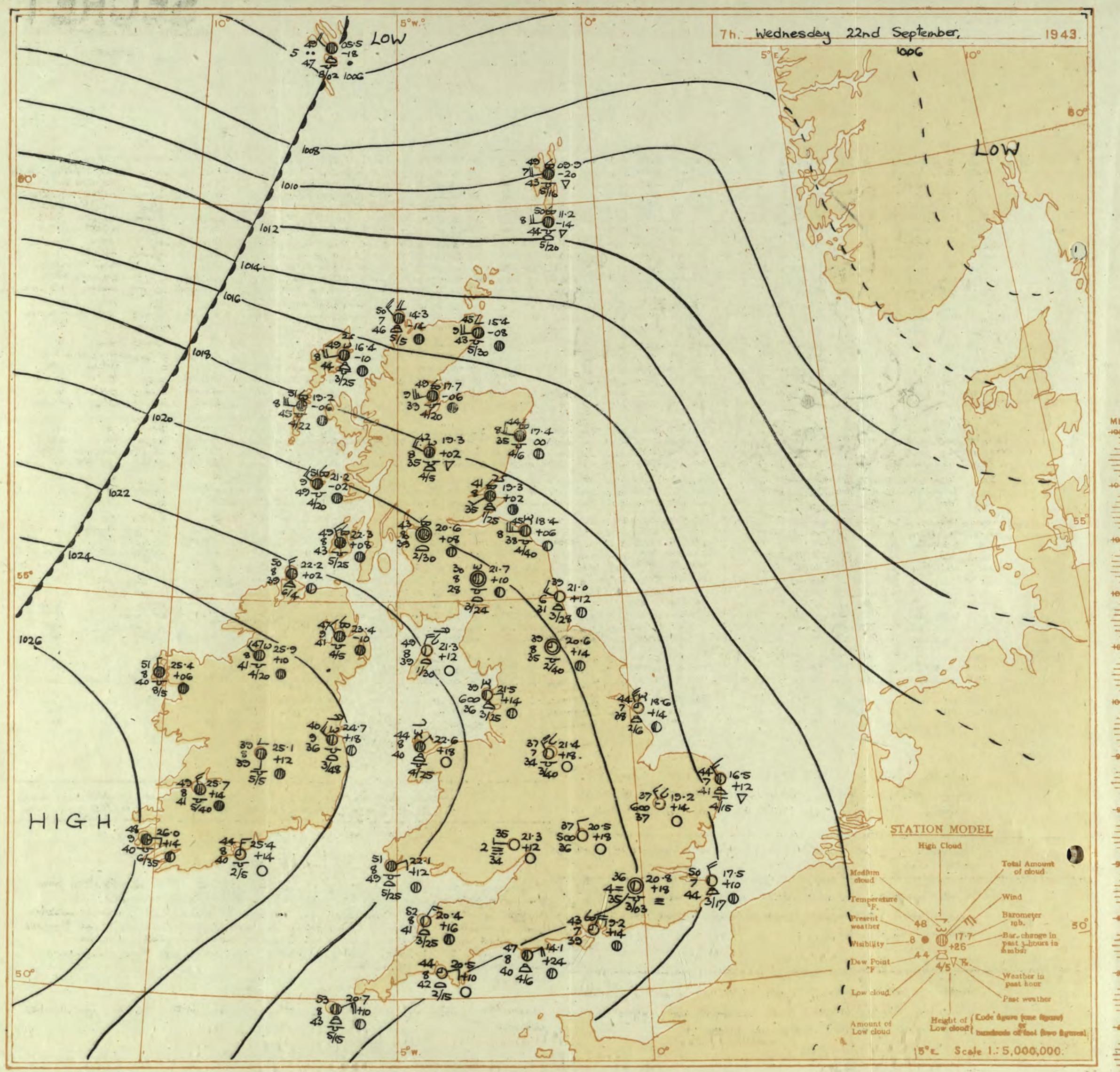
1000 hrs

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 21st September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 21st September

PAST 24 HOURS

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Barom. M.S.L. (For heights see p. 4.)	Change in 8 hours. (1)	Cloud.												Cloud.												WEATHER.																																										
				Wind.			Weather. (5)	Temp. °F. (6)	% Humid. (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visibiliy. 0-9 (9)	Form. (10)			Amount. (11) (12) (13)			Height of Base (feet) (14) (15)			Wind.			Wind. (18)			Weather. (20)			Temp. (21)			Humid. (22)			Dew Point. (23)			Visibiliy. (24)			Form. (25)			Amount. (26) (27)			Height of Base (feet) (28) (29)			State of Ground. (30) (31)			Sea. (32)			7h-13h. (33)			13h-18h. (34)			18h-21h. (35)			1h-7h. (36)				
				Dir. (2)	Force. (4)	0-12									Dir. (18)	Force. (10)	Wind. (20)	% Med. (21)	% High. (22)	Low. (23)	Total. (24)	0-10. (25)	10-20. (26)	20-30. (27)	Total. (28)	0-10. (29)	10-20. (30)	20-30. (31)	0-9. (32)	0-9. (33)	0-9. (34)	0-9. (35)	0-9. (36)	0-9. (37)	0-9. (38)	0-9. (39)	0-9. (40)	0-9. (41)	0-9. (42)																															
1 London (Kew) ...	13.8 0 NNN 2	10 55 55 40 8	8 2 - 4-6 10 1500 14.2 +G	N 2	z0	54 65 43 6	5 - 4-6 4-6 2500	0	* 20 CiC 43 6	bcbmow b70X	Croydon ...	14.7 +2 N'N 3	10 55 65 43 6	5 1 - 2-3 10 2000 14.8 +G	N 2	bc 52 75 44 6	5 - 5 2-3 4-6 4000	0	* CzOCiC 43 6	b2mbfwbfcwmcx	S. Farnborough ...	14.1 0 NWW 3	10 54 65 43 8	5 2 - 1 10 2000 14.4 +2	N 1	bc 52 75 46 8	4 - 7 4-2-3 4-6 2500	0	* CiC 43 6	bcbmow bmofmxf	Boscombe Down ...	14.7 -2 N 1	10 52 85 46 7	5 2 - 2-3 10 2000 15.0 +2	- 0	bc 50 85 46 8	2 7 6 2-3 4-6 2000	0	* CzOCiC 43 6	b7bbw. bwbmow	Thorney Island ...	14.9 +6 NWW 3	10 53 75 44 7	7 7 - 3+ 10 5800 14.0 -10	NWW 2	bc 50 85 46 8	- 7 0 0 4-6 -	1	* CwC 43 6	crcw bmoow b7robw	Lyminge ...	13.7 -4 NWW 2	10 56 55 42 7	1 - 7 1 10 3000 14.2 +2	NW 2	z0 43 65 42 7	- 4 1 0 2-3 -	0	* CcO 43 6	c7morma b7mow b7mow	Manston ...	13.3 0 N'N 2	10 57 65 44 7	1 2 - 4-6 10 2800 15.2 0	WSW 2	bc 52 65 42 7	4 3 8 4-6 4-6 4000	1	* Bcmo 43 6	b7mow b7bczo b7czo
C Shoeburyness ...	13.5 -2 WNW 3	20 57 55 41 6	4 1 - 2-3 10 4000 15.9 0	WN 1	m 54 75 46 4	5 3 - 4-6 7-8 5700	0	* Lmbcmo 43 6	cme cbcwmo	Felixstowe ...	12.6 0 W'N 4	10 57 55 40 8	1 1 - 1 10 4000 13.2 +G	NW'W 2	c 51 55 34 7	5 - 10 10 4000	0	3 Bcc 43 6	cybyb b7bb	Gorleston ...	11.8 -2 NWW 2	10 57 55 42 7	5 - 3+ 9+ 2500 12.7 +8	NNW 2	bc 54 65 42 7	2 - 8 4-6 4-6 2500	0	2 Cy 43 6	bcw cprob	Mildenhall ...	12.4 +6 NWW 3	10 57 55 42 8	1 - 7 2-3 10 2600 13.2 +G	NE'N 1	z0 51 85 47 6	4 6 - 4-6 3+ 3000	1	* Cmocab 43 6	c7mocab b7mabbmo	Cranwell ...	12.0 +2 NWW 4	20 55 65 42 6	2 - 6 1 3+ 2500 14.2 +22 ENE 2	c-bc 52 55 33 7	- 8 - 2 7-8 7-8 2000	0	* Ccmo 43 6	b7mocab b7zyoy b7cmo b7bcmob																						
3 Birmingham ...	12.7 +2 NW 2	20 53 65 42 6	8 7 - 7-8 9+ 2500 14.7 +G	NNW 3	z0 51 65 40 6	4 - - 2-3 2-3 4-6 4000	1	* C2 43 6	b7m	Upper Heyford ...	12.6 0 NWW 3	20 53 65 43 8	1 1 - 7-8 10 2500 14.3 +G	W 2	bc 48 92 46 8	2 7 - 2-3 4-6 4000	2	* C 43 6	cpopr b7bbm	Ross-on-Wye ...	14.0 -4 SWW 2	10 54 75 45 8	8 3 - 4-6 9 2500 14.5 0	NW 1	b 52 75 45 8	8 - - 1 1 3000	1	* Crrc 43 6	Parbo C																																									
5 Hartland Point ...	14.8 -2 NN 3	ir 52 85 47 8	8 2 - 3+ 9+ 2000 15.0 +G	N 3	c-bc/pr 52 85 46 8	8 - - 7-8 7-8 1500	1	* 3 Cir 43 6	irchrc b7c	Bristol ...	14.7 +2 N 1	ir 50 85 47 6	3 7 - Tr 9+ 1500 14.9 +G	N 1	c-bc/p 51 85 45 6	3 7 3 1 7-8 2500	1	* AmorPR 43 6	amorPR bc7mop,b7mowb7mox	Portland Bill ...	15.1 +8 NW 3	ir 52 85 48 8	5 - - 10 10 2500 14.7 -2	NNW 3	bc 52 85 48 8	5 - - 10 10 4000	1	* Crr 43 6	b7bc	Plymouth ...	15.9 +2 NWW 1	ir 51 97 50 6	5 2 - 9+ 10 1500 16.3 +2	ENE 1	1/cpr 51 85 47 8	8 3 - 7-8 7-8 2500	1	* Emor6 43 6	epr b	The Lizard ...	15.4 -4 NWW 2	ir 50 92 49 7	5 - - 10 10 1000 15.2 +2	NNW 3	bc/pr 52 85 48 8	8 6 - 4-6 4-6 1500	1	* Cprrm 43 6	cprbc probc b7c	Scilly (St. Mary's) ...	16.3 -6 NW 4	ir 52 92 50 8	8 8 - 10 10 1500 15.7 -2	N 5	c-bc 53 75 45 8	8 6 - 4-6 7-8 1200	1	* Cir 43 6	crp7c7bcoc											
6 Pembroke ...	15.1 -2 NW 4	bc 55 75 48 8	2 6 1 - 4-6 4-6 3000 17.2 +20	NNE 3	bc 58 85 48 8	1 6 - 2-3 4-6 3000	0	2 Cbc 43 6	bc b7c	Holyhead (Valley) ...	14.5 +8 NWW 5	bc 56 65 44 9	2 2 - 4-6 4-6 2500 16.3 +8	NNW 3	bc 52 65 41 9	2 6 1 4-6 4-6 3000	1	3 Probc 43 6	bccpr b7cc	Chester (Sealand) ...	13.3 +6 NWW 3	bc 55 65 43 8	2 2 - 4-6 4-6 2600 15.2 +12	NNW 2	bc/p 51 75 43 8	3 3 - 3 4-6 4-6 2500	0	* CproPRbc 43 6	bccpro br2m7mo b7cmo	Manchester ...	13.1 +2 NWW 3	pr 52 75 44 8	3 6 3 4-6 4-6 2000 14.6 +14	NW 3	c-bc 53 65 42 7	2 6 - 4-6 7-8 2500	1	* Cprbp 43 6	b7zyyb probmow b7moffwx																															
10 Spurn Head ...	11.6 +10 NWW 4	cbc 54 55 38 8	2 7 - 4-6 7-8 1100 13.8 +10	NW 5	bc 52 65 41 8	2 4 - 2-3 4-6 4000	0	4 Cbc 43 6	bc b7c	Catterick (Sc.) ...	12.1 +10 NWW 4	cbc 52 75 43 9	8 8 - 9 9 3000 14.8 +14	NW 4	bc 48 85 42 7	2 4 - 0 4-6 -	0	* Cbcc 43 6	aprbcbc b7b	Tynemouth ...	12.8 +10 NW 4	bc 51 65 41 8	2 - 4-6 4-6 2000 15.0 +8	NW 4	b-bc 51 65 37 8	2 4 1 2-3 2-3 4000	1	3 Bbc 43 6	bc b7c																																									
11 St. Abbs Head ...	11.3 +16 NWW 4	bc 49 65 38 9	9 2 4 - 4-6 4-6 2500 13.7 +12	N 5	bc 49 75 40 9	2 5 - 2-3 4-6 4000	0	5 Bcc 43 6	bcc b7c	Leuchars ...	12.6 +1																																																											



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

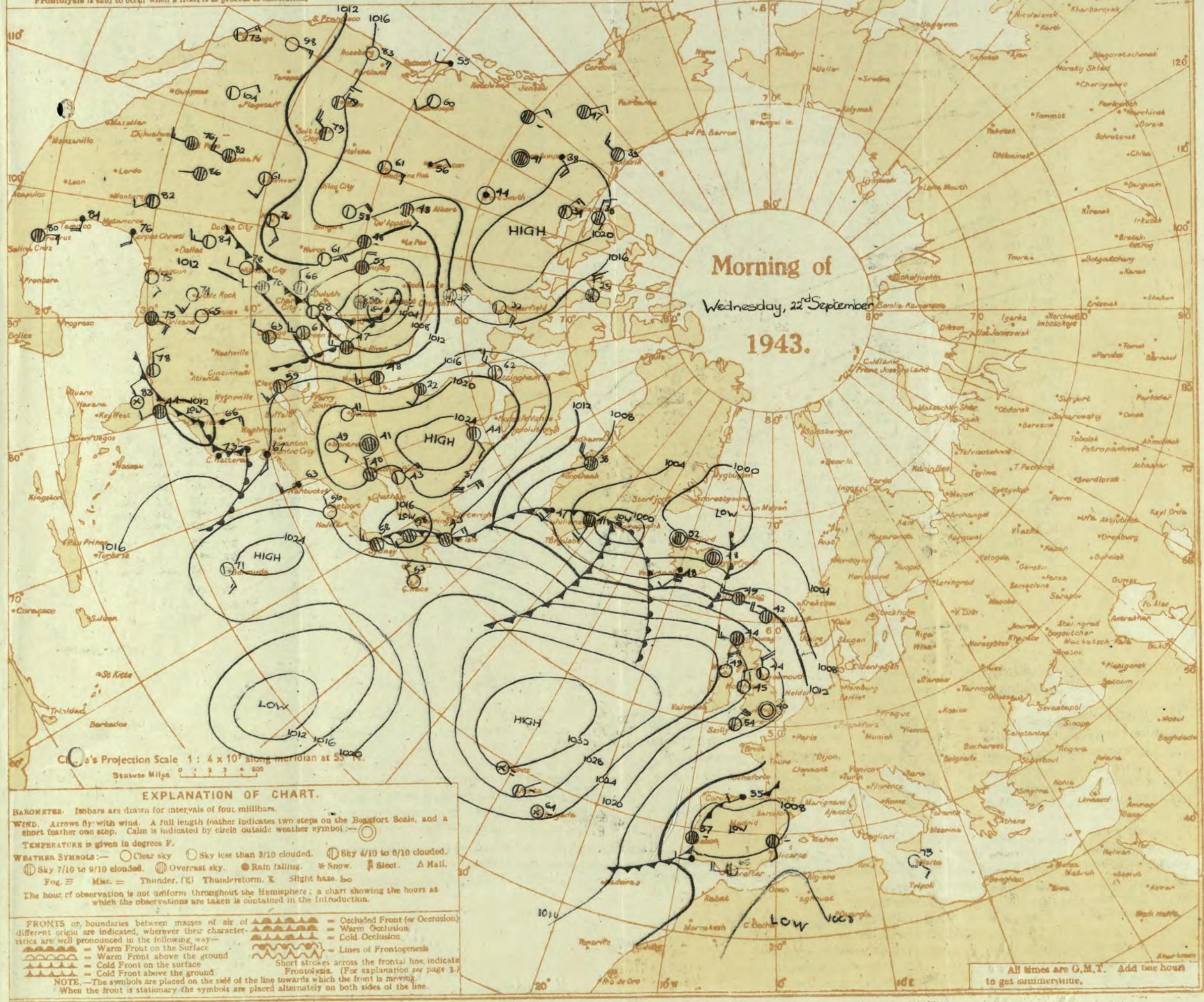
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of 'frontogenesis'. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.Wednesday, 22nd September, 1943

N 205889

District.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 22 nd September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 22 nd September												PAST 24 HOURS.																
		Height above M.S.L. in feet. mb. (1)	Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (2)	Wind.		Westerly.		Temp.		Humid.		Dew Point.		Cloud.		Base at M.S.L. mb. (16)	Wind.		Westerly.		Temp.		Humid.		Dew Point.		Cloud.		State of Ground. Sea. 0-9 (31) (32)	TEMPERATURE.				RAINFALL.								
				Dir.	Force. (4)	Dir.	Force. (5)	Dir.	Force. (6)	Dir.	Force. (7)	Dir.	Force. (8)	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base, feet. (10)	Dir.	Force. (17)	Dir.	Force. (18)	Dir.	Force. (19)	Dir.	Force. (20)	Dir.	Force. (21)	Dir.	Force. (22)	Dir.	Force. (23)	Dir.	Force. (24)	Low. (26)	Med. (26)	High. (27)	Total 0-10 (28)	Low. (29)	Med. (30)	High. (31)	Total 0-10 (32)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (35)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (36)
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	*	*	*	*	45	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Tr	-	0.0					
	Croydon	230	17.7	+14	-	0	bft	40	97	39	3	-	-	0	0	0	20.0	+16	N	2	26	44	75	37	6	5	-	-	Tr	-	0.6											
	S. Farnborough	226	17.2	+14	-	0	Zo	40	97	39	6	-	-	0	0	0	20.5	+16	-	0	36	97	35	4	5	-	-	2-3	2-3	800	0	55	35	29								
	Boscombe Down	417	17.6	+12	N	2	b	41	97	40	7	-	-	0	0	0	20.7	+18	-	0	33	92	32	2	-	-	0	0	0	0	55	32	24	Tr	-	1.2						
	Thorney Island	10	16.1	+6	NE	3	b	44	92	42	7	-	5	1	0	Tr	-	19.2	+14	NNE	4	b	43	85	39	7	-	7	-	0	1	0	0	53	36	32	0.6	Tr	1.1			
	Lyminge	283	16.0	+6	N	3	Zo	45	92	43	6	-	-	1	0	Tr	-	18.4	+14	N'E	3	b-bc	44	85	41	7	2	5	-	Tr	2-3	3000	0	56	39	33	Tr	-	0.9			
	Manston	154	15.3	+10	N	3	Zo	51	65	41	6	-	-	2	0	9	17.5	+10	NW	4	b-bc	50	75	45	7	2	-	-	2-3	2-3	1700	0	57	42	33	1	-	0.9				
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	56	41	24	Tr	-	0.0			
	Felixstowe	12	16.0	+10	NNW	2	b	47	75	40	7	-	7	-	0	1	19.3	+12	NNW	2	zo	43	85	39	6	-	4	-	0	1	1	35	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	Gorleston	5	14.5	+10	NNW	2	b-c	46	92	44	7	8	-	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	16.5	+12	NN	3	b-c	44	85	41	7	8	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	1	55	32	24	Tr	-	1.2		
	Mildenhall	15	16.8	+10	NNW	3	b	40	92	39	7	-	-	0	0	-	19.2	+14	NN	3	zo	37	97	36	6	-	4	-	0	0	0	0	58	34	32	0.6	-	3.8				
	Cranwell	203	17.5	+12	N	1	b	43	85	40	6	-	-	0	0	-	12.0	+14	NNW	2	zo	41	85	37	6	-	-	0	0	-	1	58	38	35	-	-	4.9					
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	55	40	22	-	-	2.6				
4	Upper Heyford	408	16.6	+4	NNW	2	Zo	41	92	39	5	-	-	0	0	-	20.5	+18	NN	2	zo	37	97	36	5	-	-	0	0	-	0	54	35	32	3	-	*					
5	Hartland Point	298	17.8	+10	NE	4	b-bc	52	65	42	8	1	-	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	20.4	+16	NNE	3	b-bc	52	65	41	8	1	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	1	4	55	48	46	5	-	1.9	
	Bristol	200	18.6	+12	-	0	Zo	40	97	39	6	-	-	0	0	-	21.5	+14	-	0	m	40	97	39	4	-	-	0	0	-	1	56	38	26	1	Tr	2.6					
	Portland Bill	32	16.0	+10	NW	3	b-c	49	92	47	8	5	-	-	-	4-6	4-6	1000	19.1	+24	NE	4	b-c	47	75	40	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	1	58	46	33	3	-	*		
	Plymouth	86	18.0	+10	ENE	2	b	46	92	44	8	-	-	0	0	-	20.5	+10	ENE	2	b	44	97	42	8	1	-	-	1	1	1500	1	58	42	35	3	Tr	0.5				
	The Lizard	240	18.0	+8	NE	3	b-bc	47	85	43	8	4	-	-	-	2-3	2-3	2500	20.3	+10	NNE	3	b-c	46	85	42	8	1	-	-	4-6	4-6	3000	0	56	45	0.5	0.8	-			
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	18.5	+6	NNE	6	/pr	54	75	44	8	8	6	-	-	4-6	4-6	1500	20.7	+10	NE	5	b-c	53	75	43	8	8	-	-	7-8	7-8	1500	1	56	52	3	0.1	2.0			

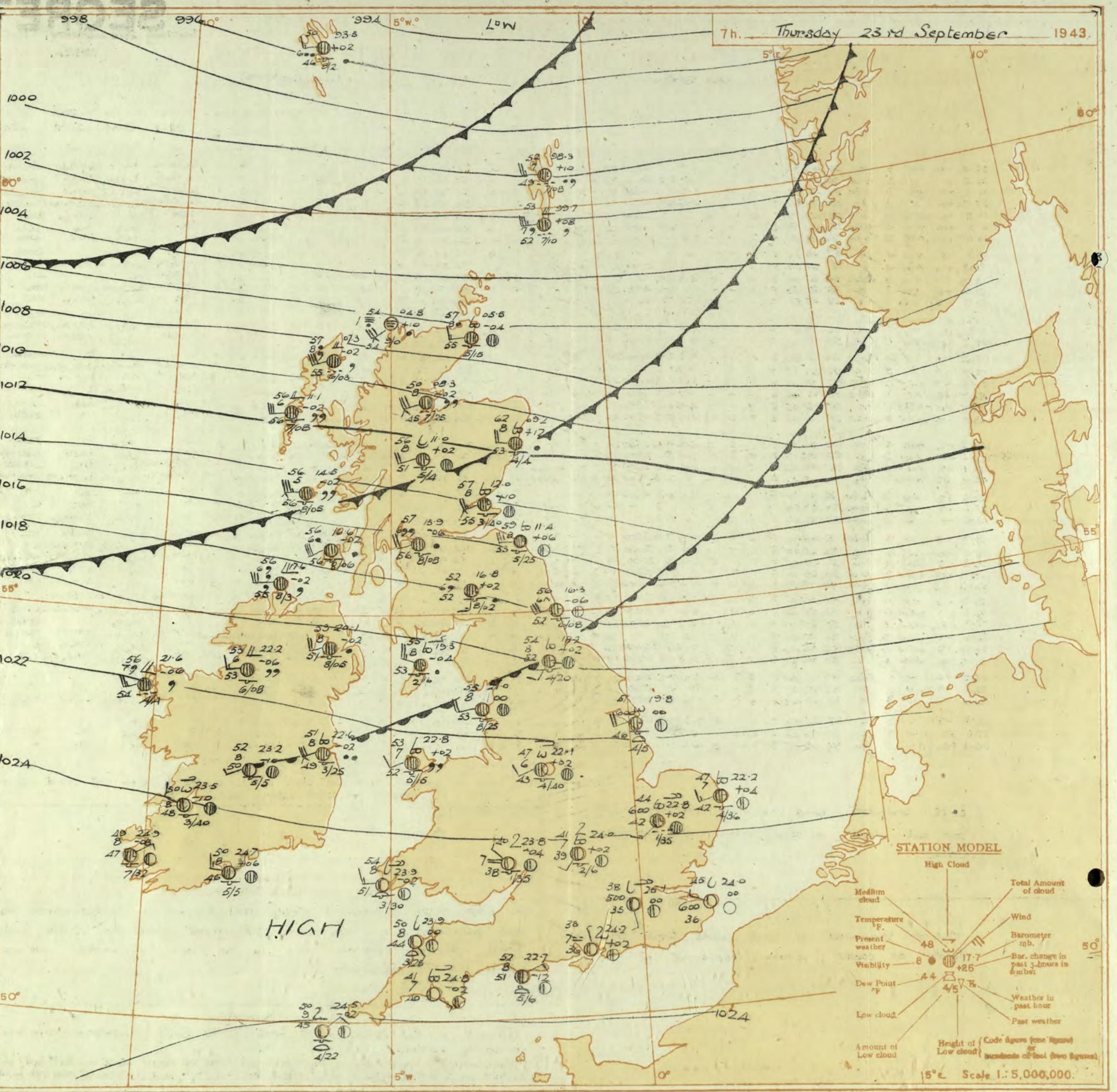
SECRET

Thursday 23rd September, 1943

No. 29890.

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	Barom. at M.S.L. (For heights see p. 4.)	Change in 8 hours. (1)	OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 22nd September								OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 22nd September								PAST 24 HOURS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.				Cloud.				Wind.		



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

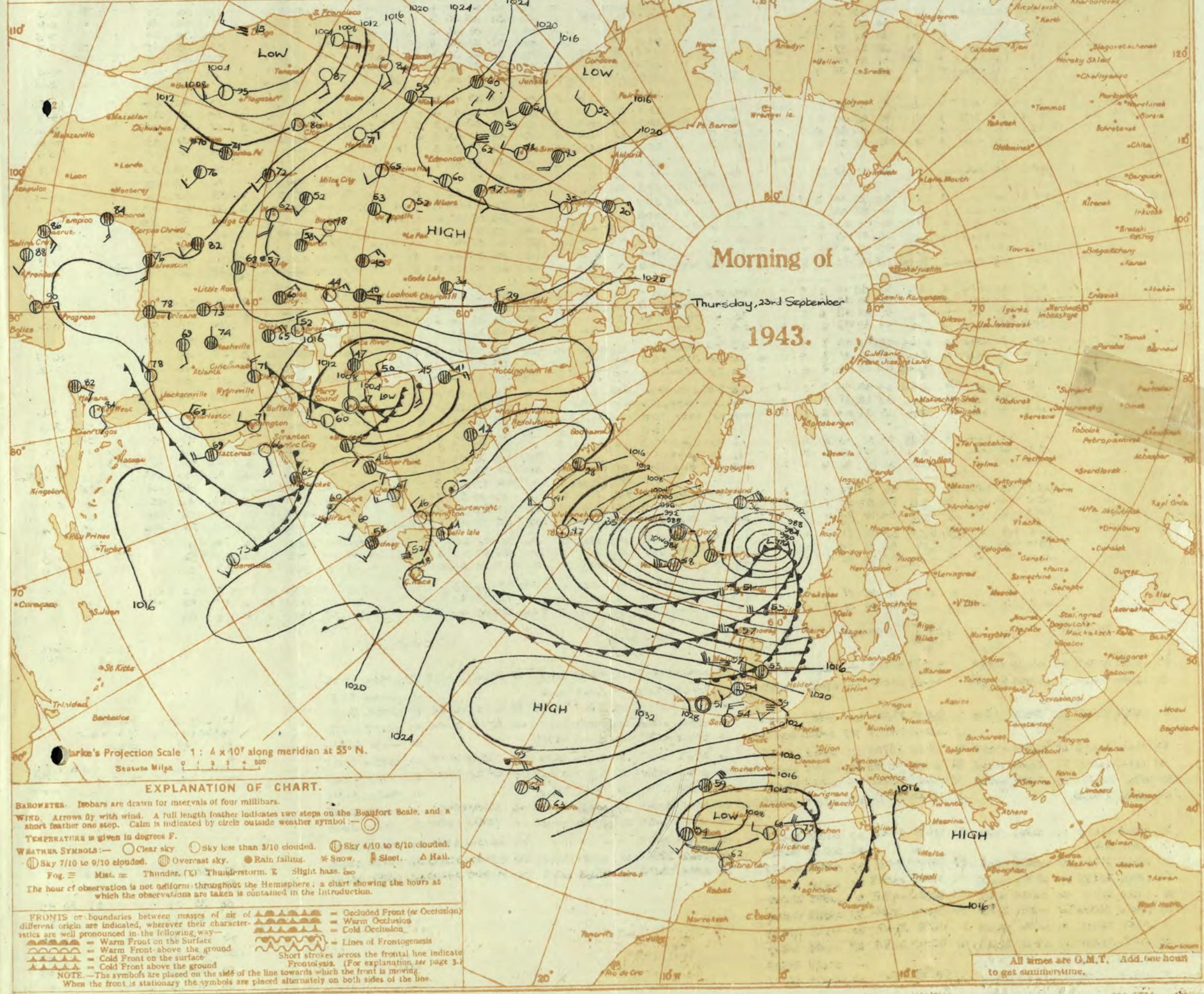
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Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 23rd September, 1943

No. 25890.

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

For the 24 hours ending morning of 23rd September, 1943.
Days 7h-18h Kew and Croydon, 9h-18h Kensington,
and other stations except for rainfall which is 9h-18h

9th-27th other stations except for rainfall which is on - 100									
Stations	Weather			Atmospheric Pollution, Milligrams of solid impurity per cubic metre.					
	Morning	Afternoon	Night						
Kew	bz	baby	bzoy	obcmx					
Croydon	bz	babbaby	bybmoy	bfbfmboow					
Greenwich	by	bj		bmoxm					
Camden Square	b	b		*					
Kensington	bc2bc	bc		bc					
Hampstead	b	b		bc					
Stations.	Temperature			Rainfall		Sun-shine to sunset	Humidity		
	Day	Night	Min on grass	Day	Night	hrs	13h %	9h %	To-day,
	Max	Min	°F	mm	mm	Yesterday			
Kew	57	38	25	-	-	Tr	10.3	*	*
Croydon	57	36	31	-	-		8.6	*	*
Greenwich	58	35	23	-	-		9.7	39	49
Westminster	61	40	34	-	-			52	70
Regents Park	59	40	30	-	-			38	61
Camden Square	59	40	32	-	-			*	63
Kensington	59	39	28	-	-			50	68
Hampstead	56	40	32	-	-			*	61

SECRET

Friday 24th September 1943

No. 29891

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 23rd September

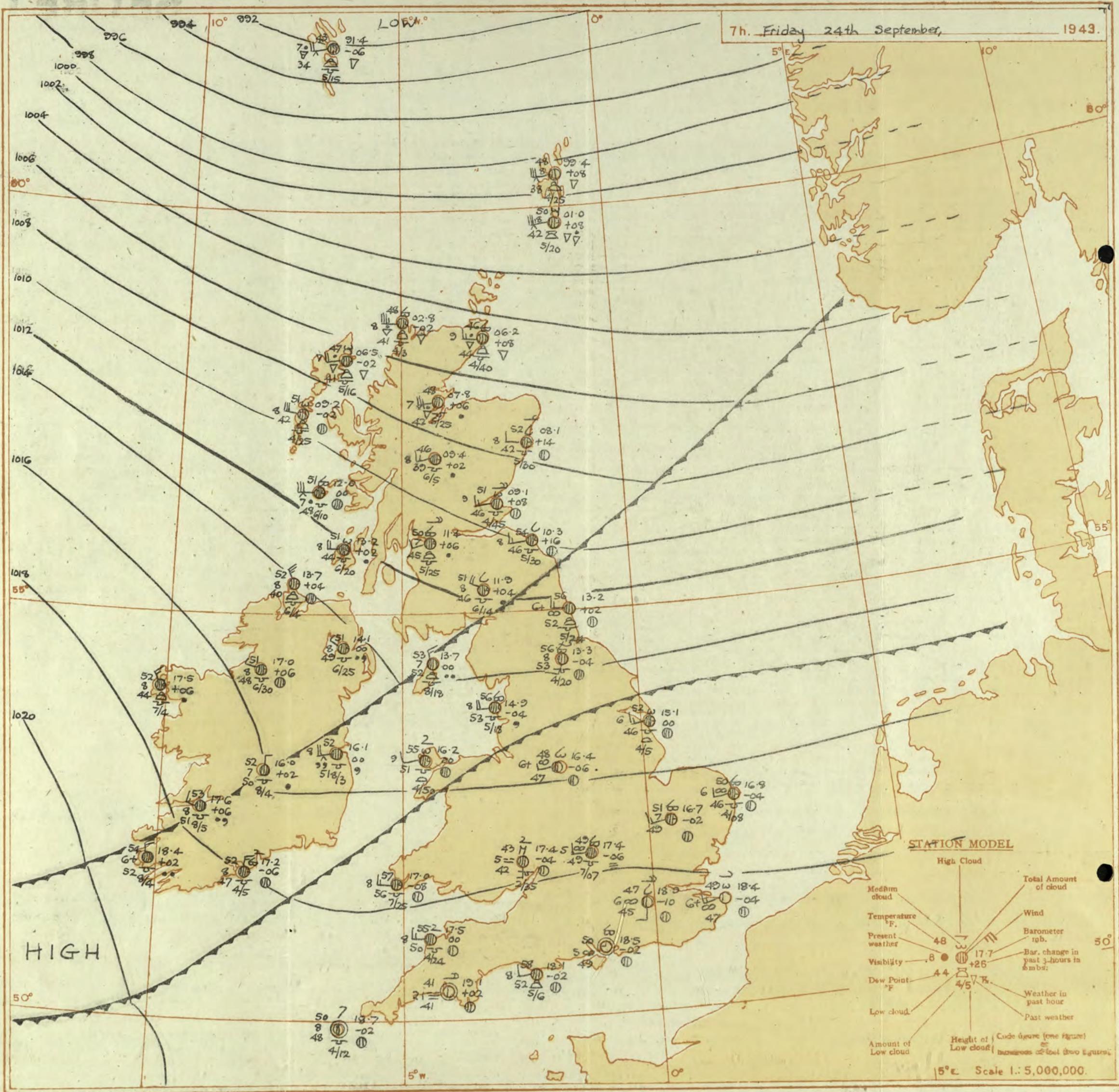
OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 23rd September

PAST 24 HOURS.

District.	Station.	Barom. at M.S.L. (For heights see p. 4.) (1)	Change in 8 hours. (2)	Wind. Dir. 0-12 (3)	Temp. °F. (4)	Humid. % (5)	Dew Point. °F. (6)	Visibiliy. 0-9 (7)	Cloud.						Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 8 hours. (17)	Wind. Dir. 0-12 (18)	Temp. °F. (19)	Humid. % (20)	Dew Point. °F. (21)	Visibiliy. 0-9 (22)	Cloud.						State of Ground. (23)	Rea. (24)	Weather.									
									Form. (10) (11) (12)			Amount. Low. 0-10 (13) (14) (15)				Form. (25) (26) (27)			Amount. Low. 0-10 (28) (29) (30)			Form. (31) (32)			7h.-13h. 23rd (39)				13h.-18h. 23rd (40)				18h.-23d. 1h-24th (41)						
									Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.					Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.	Low.	Med.	High.									
1 London (Kew)	21.5 -18	WSW 3	c-bc 61	48 41 7	-	-	8	0	7-8	-	20.4 -8	WSW 2	2	z ₀	50	65 45 5	-	9	3	0	7-8	-	0	*	cmmocy	ebayaz	clatmow	bcmgjw	bmbcmn	bmbcmn									
Croydon ...	22.3 -6	SW'W 3	Z ₀	64 45 20 6	-	-	2	0	4-6	-	21.2 -6	SSW 1	c-bc	61	55 44 6	-	4	6	0	7-8	-	0	*	czybzy	bzoyczyczybm	bzoyczyczybm	bzoyczyczybm	bzoyczyczybm	bzoyczyczybm										
S. Farnborough	22.3 -18	W'S 3	c-bc 65	45 43 8	-	5	8	0	7-8	-	20.6 -6	SW'W 2	c-bc	62	55 44 7	-	5	5	0	7-8	-	0	*	bcmcmgb	bc	bmb	bmcfc	bmcfc	bmcfc										
Boscombe Down	22.6 -18	SW'W 1	bc	65 55 39 8	-	7	=	0	4-6	-	20.8 -6	W'S 1	bc	59	65 46 8	-	5	2	0	4-6	-	0	*	bcmgzb	bzoybc	bzoybc	bzoybc	bzoybc	bzoybc										
Thorney Island	23.0 -10	SW 3	Z ₀	62 55 47 6	-	-	6	0	3+	-	20.7 -14	SSW 3	c-bc	58	55 49 7	-	7	2	0	7-8	-	0	*	bzoyzoy	ezoybaybr	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy										
Lyminge ...	22.7 -14	WSW 3	c-bc	62 55 47 8	-	-	6	0	7-8	-	21.3 -6	SW 2	b	55	65 43 8	-	8	0	4-6	-	0	*	bzoyzoy	ezoybaybr	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy											
Manston ...	22.2 -14	SW 3	c	63 35 34 7	-	-	6	0	9+	-	21.2 -6	S 3	z ₀	57	65 47 6	-	8	0	7-8	-	0	*	bzoyzoy	sy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy	bzoyzoy											
7 Shoeburyness ...	22.1 -12	WSW 2	m	65 45 43 1	-	-	5	0	1-6	-	20.3 -6	W 1	m	60	65 46 4	-	-	5	0	4-6	-	0	*	bexmcz	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy										
Felixstowe ...	21.7 -18	SW 3	Z ₀	65 45 43 6	-	-	5	0	9	-	20.8 -2	SW'S 3	Z ₀	61	65 48 6	-	-	2	0	9	-	0	*	2	bcmgb	czoyca	bzoy	cmg	cmg	cmg									
Gorleston ...	20.5 -10	W 3	c-bc 66	55 49 7	5	-	3	4-6	7-8	2500	13.7	+10	W'S 1	bc	55	55 47 7	-	7	-	0	4-6	-	0	*	2	bccy	czoybay	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy								
Mildenhall ...	20.9 -20	WSW 4	c-bc 65	55 50 8	-	-	3	6	0	7-8	-	13.2 -2	SW 3	c-bc	52	55 47 7	-	4	4	0	7-8	-	0	*	cmgb	bzoy	bzoy	cylocomb	cylocomb	cylocomb									
Cranwell ...	19.9 -6	SW W 4	Z ₀	62 65 51 6	3	-	2	2-3	10	3500	13.7	-6	WSW 3	Z ₀	60	65 54 6	5	-	2	2-3	7-8	7000	0	*	2	czoy	czoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy								
3 Birningham ...	20.6 -10	SW 2	c-bc	62 65 50 8	-	-	6	0	7-8	-	13.8 -2	SW 2	c	61	75 53 8	5	4	2	7-8	9	2500	1	*	bc	c	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy										
Upper Heyford	21.5 -16	SW 3	Z ₀	62 65 48 6	-	7	6	0	9+	-	20.3 -4	SW 2	Z ₀	58	75 48 6	-	4	2	0	2-3	-	0	*	2	cwbccz	czoybc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Ross-on-Wye	21.3 -16	SW S 2	bc	60 55 50 7	5	-	2	2-3	10	3500	13.7	-6	SW 2	b-bc	60	75 53 7	-	-	2	0	2-3	-	1	*	bc	bccbc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
5 Hartland Point	22.9 -12	W 3	bc	58 75 48 8	1	-	4	2-3	4-6	3000	21.1	-6	W 3	bc	56	85 52 9	1	4	5	2-3	4-6	3000	0	2	bc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Bristol ...	22.5 -18	WSW 3	c	62 65 51 7	-	3	8	0	9	-	21.0 -16	W'N 1	bc	56	85 53 7	-	3	2	0	4-6	-	1	*	2	bcmgb	cbc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Portland Bill ...	23.1 -6	NW 3	c-bc 61	85 56 8	2	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	21.1	-6	SW 3	bc	60	75 52 8	5	-	4-6	4-6	4000	1	3	c	be	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Plymouth ...	23.5 -12	SSW 3	c-bc 60	75 50 8	-	-	6	0	7-8	-	21.2 -4	SW 2	b-bc	58	85 52 8	-	-	5	0	2-3	-	0	1	bcc	be	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy										
The Lizard ...	24.1 -4	-	0	bc	61 65 47 8	7	9	-	2-3	4-6	4000	21.7	-10	NW 2	b-bc	57	85 50 8	7	-	2-3	2-3	4000	0	2	bc	bc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Scilly (St. Mary's) ...	23.8 -10	NE 2	bc	60 65 48 8	8	4	3	2-3	4-6	1800	21.9	-6	N 2	bc	56	75 48 8	5	-	5	Tr	4-6	1800	0	1	bc	bc	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy	bzoy									
Guernsey ...	22.9 -10	W 3	bc	58																																			

7h. Friday 24th September,

1943.



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

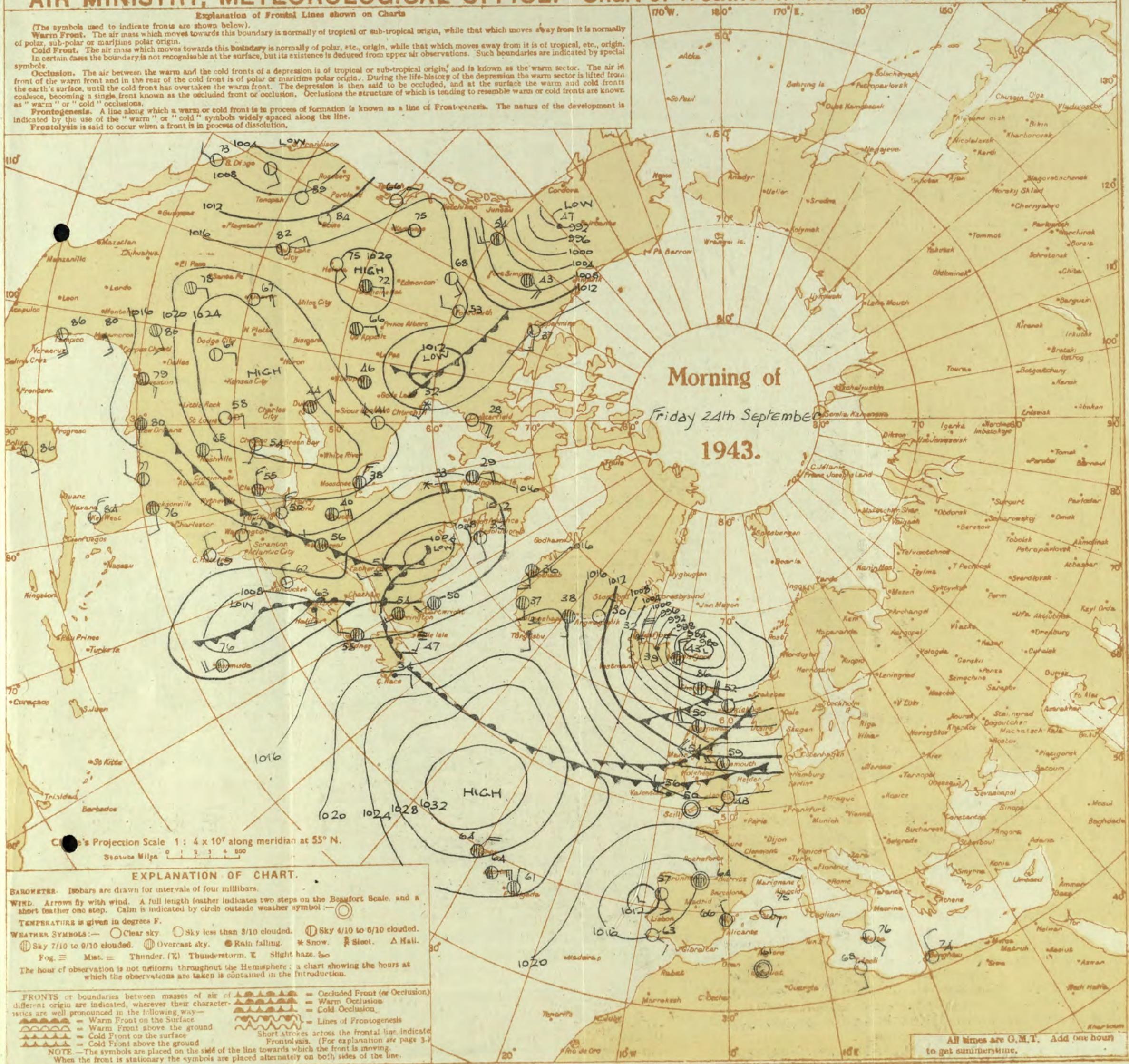
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**BRITISH
SECTION**

OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 24th September

No. 29891

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

SECRET

Saturday 24th September 1943

No. 29892

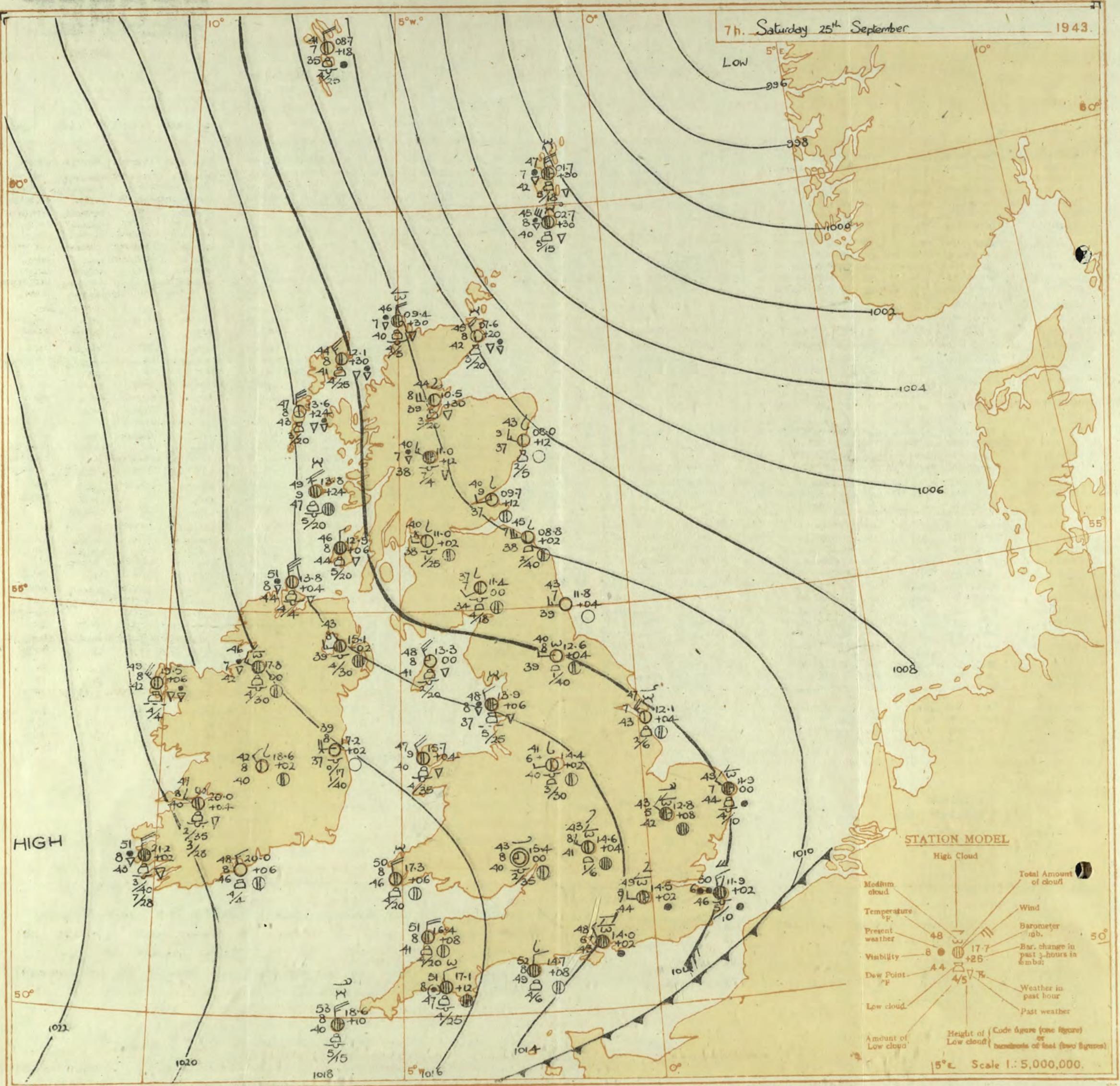
Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 24th September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 24th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

District	Stations. (For heights see p. 4.)	Barom. at M.S.L. mb. (1)	Change in 8 hours. (2)	Wind.					Temp. °F. (3)	Humid. % (4)	Dew Point. °F. (5)	Wind Velocity. 0-9 (6)	Cloud.					Barom. at M.S.L. (10)	Change in 8 hours. (11)	Wind.					Form. (12)	Amount. Low (13)	Height of Base (feet) (14)	Dew Point. °F. (15)	Cloud.					Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 8 hours. (17)	Wind.					Form. (18)	Amount. Low (19)	Height of Base (feet) (20)	Dew Point. °F. (21)	Visibility 0-9 (22)	Res. 0-9 (23)	State of Ground. (24)	See. (25)	Weather.				7h.-13h. 24th (26)	13h.-18h. 24th (27)	18h. 24th (28)	24h. 25th (29)	1h.-7h. 25th (30)
				Dir. (3)	Force. (4)	Weather. (5)	Wind. (6)	Low. (10)					Low. (11)	Med. (12)	High. (13)	Low. (14)	Med. (15)			Dir. (18)	Force. (19)	Weather. (20)	Wind. (21)	Low. (25)	Med. (26)	High. (27)	Low. (28)	Med. (29)	High. (30)	Dir. (31)	Force. (32)	Low. (39)	Med. (40)	High. (41)	Low. (42)																						
				Low. (16)	Med. (17)	High. (18)	Low. (19)	Low. (20)					Low. (21)	Med. (22)	High. (23)	Low. (24)																																									
1 London (Kew) ...	16.0 -14	WSW 3	b-bc	63	55	45	7	1	3	8	Tr	2-3	4000	14.2 -6	WS	2	zo	61	45	41	6	5	3	8	2-3	4-6	4000	0	*	bzwbey	bcbczoy	bccrsmo	crsmo																								
Croydon ...	16.7 -18	SW 3	b-bc	67	55	50	7	5	-	1	Tr	2-3	4000	15.3 -6	S	2	bc	61	65	49	6	1	4	2	1	4-6	6000	0	*	bzmbey	bzgzbey	zabmombz	omommo																								
S. Farnborough ...	16.3 -14	W 3	b-bc	66	45	44	7	1	3	1	Tr	2-3	3000	14.3 -8	bc	61	55	45	7	5	4	4	1	4-6	4000	0	*	bcbm	bzbgbey	bzbybc	crsmo																										
Boscombe Down ...	17.1 -10	SSW 1	b-bc	65	55	48	3	-	4	2	0	2-3	-	15.6 -6	WNW	2	c	59	75	51	8	-	2	2-3	9	4000	0	*	bemben	bzbybc	ctobc	crsmo																									
Thorney Island ...	16.9 -14	SSW 3	bc	65	55	51	9	1	-	4	1	4-6	2500	15.5 -6	SW	2	gbc	59	75	52	7	-	4	0	7-8	-	0	*	bwsbc	bcc	bccmido	crsmo																									
Lyminge ...	16.6 -16	SW 3	b	64	55	49	8	-	-	4	0	1	-	15.1 -6	WSW	1	bc	55	85	61	8	-	4	8	0	4-6	-	0	*	bcmob	bzbc	bewmo	crsmo																								
Manston ...	16.4 -16	SW 3	b-bc	67	35	39	8	-	-	1	0	2-3	-	14.7 -4	SSW	3	c-bc	59	75	50	8	-	3	9	0	7-8	-	0	*	bcmgbwy	bzbcv	bcmo	crsmo																								
2 Shoeburyness ...	16.5 -18	SSW 3	zo	68	55	50	6	-	-	0	0	-	-	14.3 -10	SW	3	bc	61	55	47	8	-	4	5	0	4-6	-	0	*	bzmbz	bzobey	bccrr	errpr																								
Glixstowe ...	16.4 -10	SSW 3	b	68	55	52	7	-	7	-	0	1	-	14.0 -10	SW	3	zo	62	65	51	6	-	2	0	4-6	-	0	*	3 bzpbz	bzobey	bzobz	em																									
Gorleston ...	14.8 -18	NNW 2	c-bc	68	55	50	7	-	7	-	0	7-8	-	12.9 -6	W	1	gbc	65	55	53	7	5	-	7-8	7-8	2500	0	*	2 bzobz	bzobz	cy	oroc																									
Mildenhall ...	14.9 -16	W'S 3	bc	69	55	50	8	-	8	2	0	4-6	-	13.2 -6	WNW	2	c	62	65	51	8	5	-	9+	9+	7000	0	*	cajbm	bzbcyc	cofsmo	orob																									
Cranwell ...	15.9 -14	W'S 3	zo	61	75	53	6	5	3	-	7-8	5t	5000	13.6 -2	NW	3	ido	55	82	52	6	5	-	10	10	2000	0	*	cmo	cmocdom	cmobmo	bcmo																									
3 Birmingham ...	15.3 -12	WSW 2	zo	59	85	55	6	5	7	-	9	9t	4000	14.9 -2	NW	3	c	53	85	49	6	6	2	-	9+	10	800	1	*	bccz	co	circ	cbz																								
Upper Heyford ...	15.8 -16	SSW 2	bc	65	55	50	7	1	4	2	1	4-6	2000	14.4 -6	WN'N	2	c	58	85	52	7	5	2	-	7-8	10	1800	0	*	cmo	bzyc	circ	cbw																								
Ross-on-Wye ...	15.4 -12	W'S 3	c	64	65	53	8	5	3	-	7-8	9t	3500	14.8 -6	SSW	2	c	57	85	52	6	5	7	-	7-8	9t	2000	1	*	bac	c	circ	cbw																								
5 Hartland Point ...	16.8 -8	W 3	c-bc	58	75	50	3	4	6	-	4-6	7-8	2500	15.6 -4	NW	3	c	57	85	54	8	8	6	-	7-8	9t	1500	0	*	3 cbc	bcc	brgrbo	cbc																								
Bristol ...	16.5 -14	WSW 3	bc	63	55	47	3	1	-	8	1	4-6	2500	15.7 -2	W	2	fd	57	85	52	6	5	9	-	1	9t	2500	1	*	bzwebe	bccido	cmobrobo	cmobrdeno																								
Portland Bill ...	17.5 -8	W 2	bc	62	75	57	3	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	16																																											



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

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THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Saturday 25th September 1943

No. 23892.

DISTRICT.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 25th September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 25th September												PAST 24 HOURS.															
		Height above M.S.L., in feet. mb.	Barom. at M.S.L. (1)	Change in 3 hours. (2)	Wind.		Weather. (5)	Temp. (6)	Humid. (7)	Dew Point. (8)	Visibility. (9)	Cloud.				Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Change in 3 hours. (17)	Wind.		Weather. (20)	Temp. (21)	Humid. (22)	Dew Point. (23)	Visibility. (24)	Cloud.				Sea. (31)	Ground. (32)	Sea. (33)	Ground. (34)	Sea. (35)	Ground. (36)	Sea. (37)	TEMPERATURE.		RAINFALL.		SUM- SHINE 24H Hrs. (38)	
					Dir. (3)	Force. (4)						Low. (10)	Med. (11)	High. (12)	Total (13)	Height of Base (feet). (15)		Dir. (18)	Force. (19)						Low. (20)	Med. (21)	High. (22)	Total (24)	Height of Base (25)	Low. (26)	Med. (27)	High. (28)	Total (29)	Sea. (30)							
1	London (Kew) ...	18	14.8	+2	NNW	2	rr	50	92	49	5 5	-	-	10	10	1100	13.7	+4	NNW	1	zo	48	85	45	6	5	1	8	46	9	4000	1	*	65	48	39	-	3	10.3		
	Croydon ...	290	14.2	+2	NNW	1	c/r	50	85	46	7	5	7	-	7-8	10	1400	14.5	+2	NNW	2	zo	49	85	45	5	-	7	6	0	9	-	1	*	69	49	46	-	Tr	10.0	
	S. Farnborough ...	226	15.3	+6	N'W	2	r/r	48	97	47	7	5	-	-	10	10	3300	15.0	+2	NNW	2	c/bc	47	92	43	8	-	3	8	0	7-8	-	1	*	68	46	39	-	3	5.7	
	Baccombe Down ...	417	14.0	+2	N'W	4	r/r	53	92	50	6	-	2	-	10	10	1200	14.0	+2	NW	1	zo	48	85	45	6	-	7	8	0	10	-	1	*	65	44	43	-	2	10.2	
	Thorney Island ...	10	12.7	-18	SW	2	zo	50	92	48	6	5	3	2	-	2-3	7-8	3500	12.4	+2	WSW	2	r/r	48	97	47	4	5	2	-	4-6	10	1000	1	*	65	47	41	-	0.4	*
	Lymne ...	283	12.5	-14	WNW	2	zo	54	95	50	5	-	1	-	0	10	-	11.9	+2	N'W	3	r/r	50	85	46	6	5	2	-	7-8	10	1000	1	*	67	47	47	-	2	10.5	
	Maston ...	154																																							
2	Shoebury Ness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			
	Felixstowe ...	12	12.5	-4	NNW	1	zo	53	92	52	6	5	7	-	4-6	10	4000	13.7	-2	NNW	2	zo	43	92	45	5	5	-	-	34	34	2500	1	*	69	47	45	-	4	9.4	
	Gorleston ...	5	12.3	0	NW'W	3	r/r	51	97	50	5	6	-	-	10	10	800	11.0	0	NW'W	2	c	49	85	44	7	8	-	-	4-6	10	1000	1	*	68	48	47	-	5	6.0	
	Mildenhall ...	15	12.8	-4	NW'W	2	r/r	50	97	50	6	-	2	-	0	10	-	12.7	+8	NW'W	2	zo	43	97	42	5	-	7	2	0	9	-	1	*	63	42	36	-	1	6.0	
	Cranwell ...	203	13.4	-4	WNW	2	zo	46	92	44	6	5	-	-	2-3	2-3	1500	12.7	0	NW'W	2	zo	44	92	41	6	5	7	5	Tr	4-6	4000	0	*	63	41	36	-	2	0.9	
3	Birmingham ...	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				
	Upper Heyford ...	408	14.3	-4	NW	1	c/r	50	92	47	6	5	-	-	10	10	4200	14.6	+4	WNW	3	bc	43	92	41	8	1	7	4	Tr	4-6	4000	1	*	60	44	38	-	0.6	1.6	
4	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*				
5	Hartland Point ...	299	16.0	-4	N	4	bc	54	75	44	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2500	16.4	+8	N	4	bc	51	75	41	8	2	-	-	4-6	4-6	2000	0	*	59	51	49	-	0.5	4.9	
	Bristol ...	200	15.9	-2	NW	2	c/r	48	92	46	6	S	3	6	1	7-8	1000	15.9	+6	NW	2	b-bc	43	92	41	7	-	4	1	0	2-3	-	1	*	64	42	35	-	Tr	0.4	8.0
	Portland Bill ...	32	14.3	+4	NNW	3	r/r	58	92	56	7	5	-	-	10	10	2500	14.7	+8	N	2	c	52	85	42	8	2	4	-	4-6	10	4000	1	*	62	50	41	-	Tr	8.3	
	Plymouth ...	86	16.0	-2	N'W	2	c	51	92	50	7	5	-	-	4-6	4-6	2000	17.1	+12	N'W	2	c/bc	51	85	47	8	3	3	-	4-6	7-8	2500	1	*	61	49	41	-	Tr	0.5	9.4
	The Lizard ...	240	16.7	+2	NW	3	c	51	92	49	7	5	-	-	94	24	1000	17.6	+10	N	3	c-bc	48																		

~~SECRET~~

Sunday 26th September 1943

No. 29893

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday 26th September 1943

No. 29893

PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T., Sunday, 26th September 1943.

- DISTRICTS.

1	S.E. England
2	E. England ..
3	E. Midlands ..
4	W. Midlands
5	S.W. England
6	South Wales
7	North Wales
8	N.W. England
9	N. Midlands ..
10	N.E. England
11	S.E. Scotland
12	S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man

Light or moderate northerly winds; thundery showers in exposed coastal districts, a few showers inland with appreciable clearances. Tonight; cold, with rather general ground frost tonight.

- 13A W. Scotland
 13B N.W. Scotland
 14 Mid Scotland
 15 N.E. Scotland

Fresh northerly winds; rather frequent thundery showers of rain and hail; cold, with some ground frost tonight.

- 16 Orkneys and Shetlands
17 N. W. Ireland
18 N. E. Ireland
19 S. E. Ireland
20 S. W. Ireland

As 139-15

- 卷之三

- ## A cold north

GENERAL INFERENCE

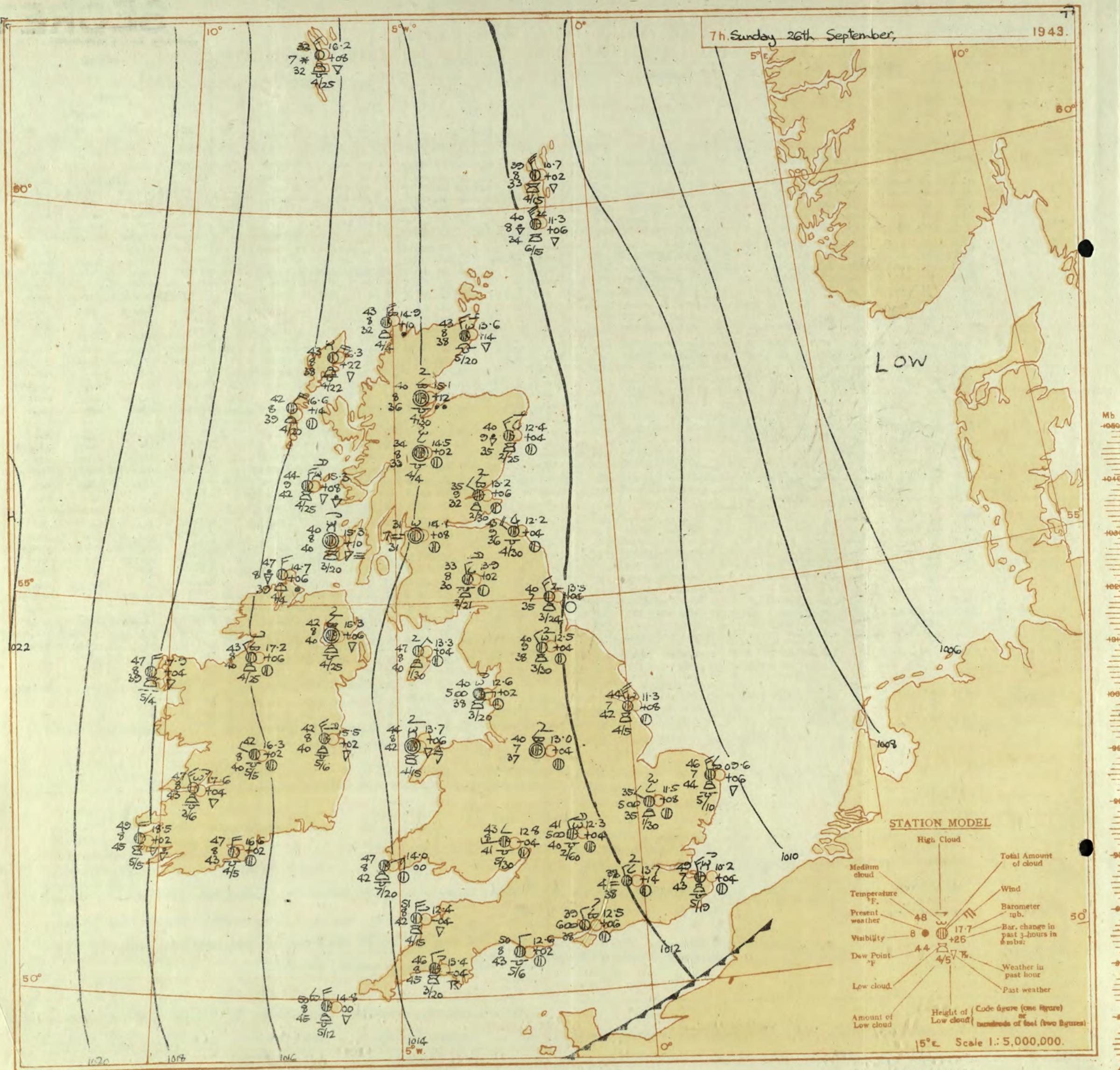
A cold northerly current covers the British Isles, with thundery showers of rain and hail in exposed districts and a few showers during the day in more sheltered inland districts. Ground frost will be rather general tonight.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Cold northerly conditions persisting in most districts. More general rain and milder conditions probably reaching north western districts later.

Forecasts issued at 1030

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

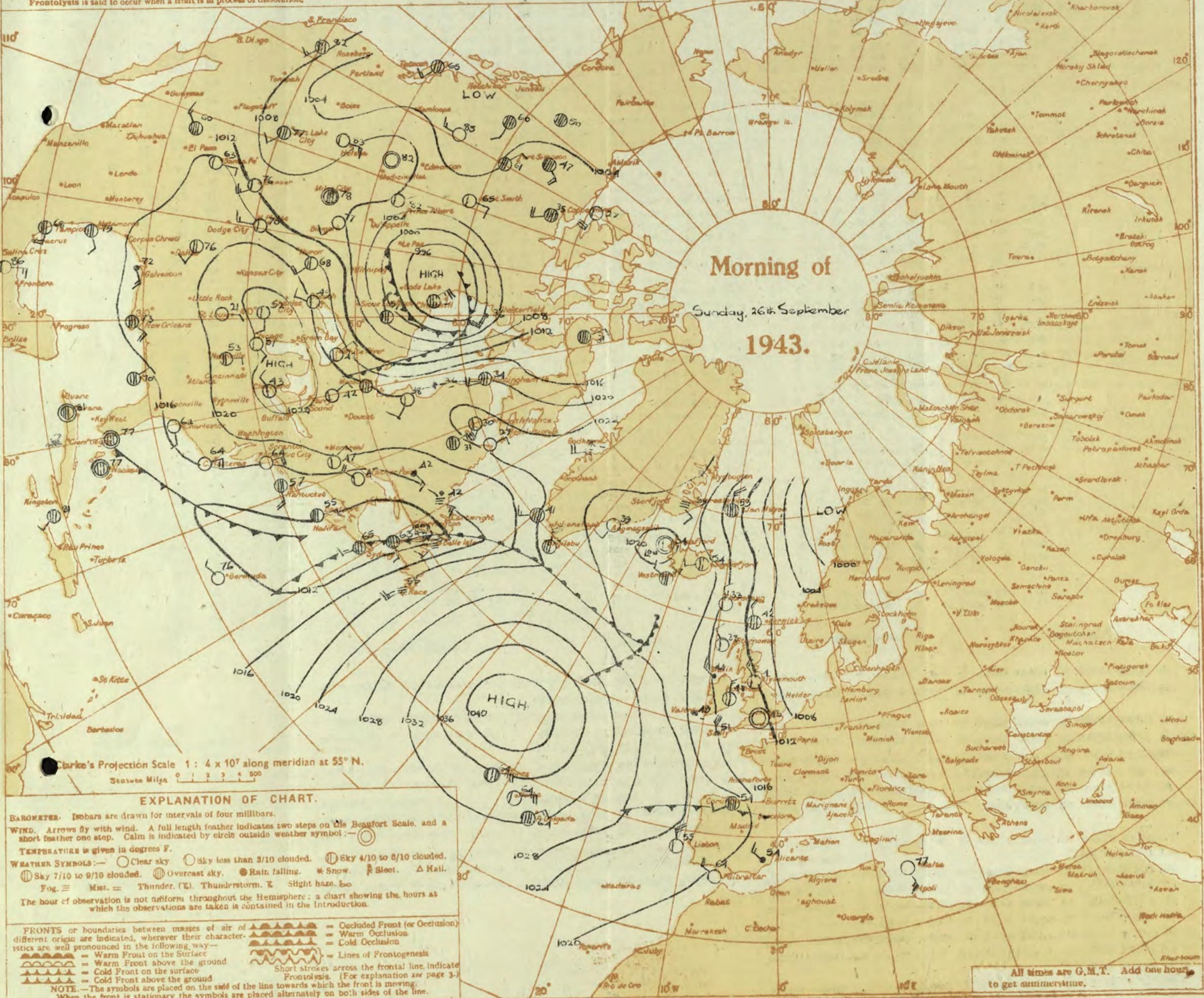
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Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin. In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis. is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Sunday 26th September, 1943
No. 29893.

District.	STATIONS.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 26th September.												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 26th September.												PAST 24 HOURS.																							
		Height above M.S.L., in feet.	Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.			Westerly.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Cloud.				Barom. at M.S.L.	Change in 8 hours.	Wind.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Visibility.	Cloud.				State of Ground.	Sea.	TEMPERATURE.				RAINFALL.				SUN-SHINE 25th Hrs.											
					0-12	(8)	(4)						(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)			
1 London (Kew) ... 18	220	12.5	-6	-	0	*	*	*	46	85	41	5	-	0	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.5	+8	WSW	1	z ₀	40	85	39	5	3	6	2-3	7-8	4000	1	*	56	40	27	-	0.5	5.5				
Croydon ...	220	12.5	-6	-	0	*	*	*	43	92	41	5	-	0	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13.7	+4	NW	1	m	38	92	38	4	-	1	*	56	37	31	-	Tr	5.6								
S. Farnborough ...	226	11.9	-6	-	0	*	*	*	40	92	36	7	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.7	+6	-	0	m	35	92	33	4	-	1	*	57	36	26	-	Tr	8.1								
Beecombe Down ...	417	13.0	-6	NW	1	*	*	*	40	92	38	7	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.9	+2	-	0	0	c	40	97	40	7	-	3	6	0	3	-	0	*	57	39	25	-	Tr	8.1		
Thorney Island ...	10	12.8	-2	WNW	1	*	*	*	43	92	41	6	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.5	+6	NWN	1	z ₀	39	97	38	6	-	7	4	0	4-6	-	0	*	51	37	31	-	Tr	-			
Lyminge ...	283	11.3	-10	NW	2	*	*	*	43	85	40	6	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11.7	+6	NWN	2	z ₀	41	92	39	6	-	7	4	0	4-6	-	0	*	51	39	33	-	Tr	4.4			
Manston ...	154	10.1	-8	NNW	3	*	*	*	49	85	45	6	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10.2	+4	NW	3	z ₀	49	75	43	7	-	8	6	3	7-8	9	1500	0	*	56	46	43	Tr	0.2	4.6		
2 Shoeburyness ...	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5.1			
Felixstowe ...	12	10.3	+4	NW	3	*	*	*	b _c	47	85	43	7	5	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.1	+2	NW	2	c-bc	42	92	40	7	-	3	-	0	7-8	-	1	*	57	40	36	-	-	Tr	-			
Gorleston ...	5	09.8	-6	NW	3	*	*	*	pr	45	85	42	7	5	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.6	+6	NWN	3	c-bc	45	85	42	7	5	-	9	9	2500	0	3	59	44	43	-	-	Tr	7.0				
Mildenhall ...	15	10.9	-2	WNW	2	*	*	*	z ₀	39	97	39	6	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11.5	+8	WNW	2	z ₀	35	97	35	5	2	1	9	Tr	7-8	3000	1	*	57	34	30	-	0.4	7.1				
Cranwell ...	203	11.5	0	NNW	2	*	*	*	z ₀	43	85	40	6	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	11.9	+6	NW	3	z ₀	41	92	39	6	-	1	0	7-8	-	0	*	57	39	36	Tr	Tr	0.9					
3 Birmingham ...	635	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5.9				
Upper Heyford ...	408	12.2	-2	NW	2	*	*	*	z ₀	39	97	39	6	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.3	+4	NWN	2	z ₀	41	97	40	5	3	2	1	9	6000	0	*	54	38	36	-	-	Tr	-				
4 Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	9.4				
5 Hartland Point ...	299	13.4	-2	N	3	*	*	*	b _c	51	75	42	8	3	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.4	-4	N	4	b _c	51	75	42	8	3	-	1	4-6	1-6	1500	1	1	53	47	47	1	7	7.3				
Bristol ...	200	13.1	-6	W	2	*	*	*	z ₀	43	92	41	6	5	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.3	-4	N	4	z ₀	45	85	40	6	5	1	6	1	9	4000	1	*	56	41	33	1	Tr	7.4				
Portland Bill ...	32	12.8	-10	NW	3	*	*	*	c-bc	50	85	46	8	5	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12.6	+2	N	2	c-bc	50	75	43	8	5	-	7-8	7-8	4000	1	*	57	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plymouth ...	86	14.5	-8	NNW	1	*	*	*	c-pr	47	97	47	6	8	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13.4	-4	NNW	2	c	46	97	45	8	3	-	3	2-3	94	2000	1	1	56	45	42	0.6	4	8.3				
The Lizard ...	240	15.0	-10	NW	1	*	*	*	c-bc	47	85	44	8	8	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	14.1	-4	NNW	1	ir	46	92	44	6	5	-	9+ 9+	1500	1	4	57	45	1	6	6.3							
Scilly (St. Mary's) ...	163	15.7	-12	NNN	6	*	*</td																																										

SECRET

Monday 27th September, 1943

No. 29824.

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

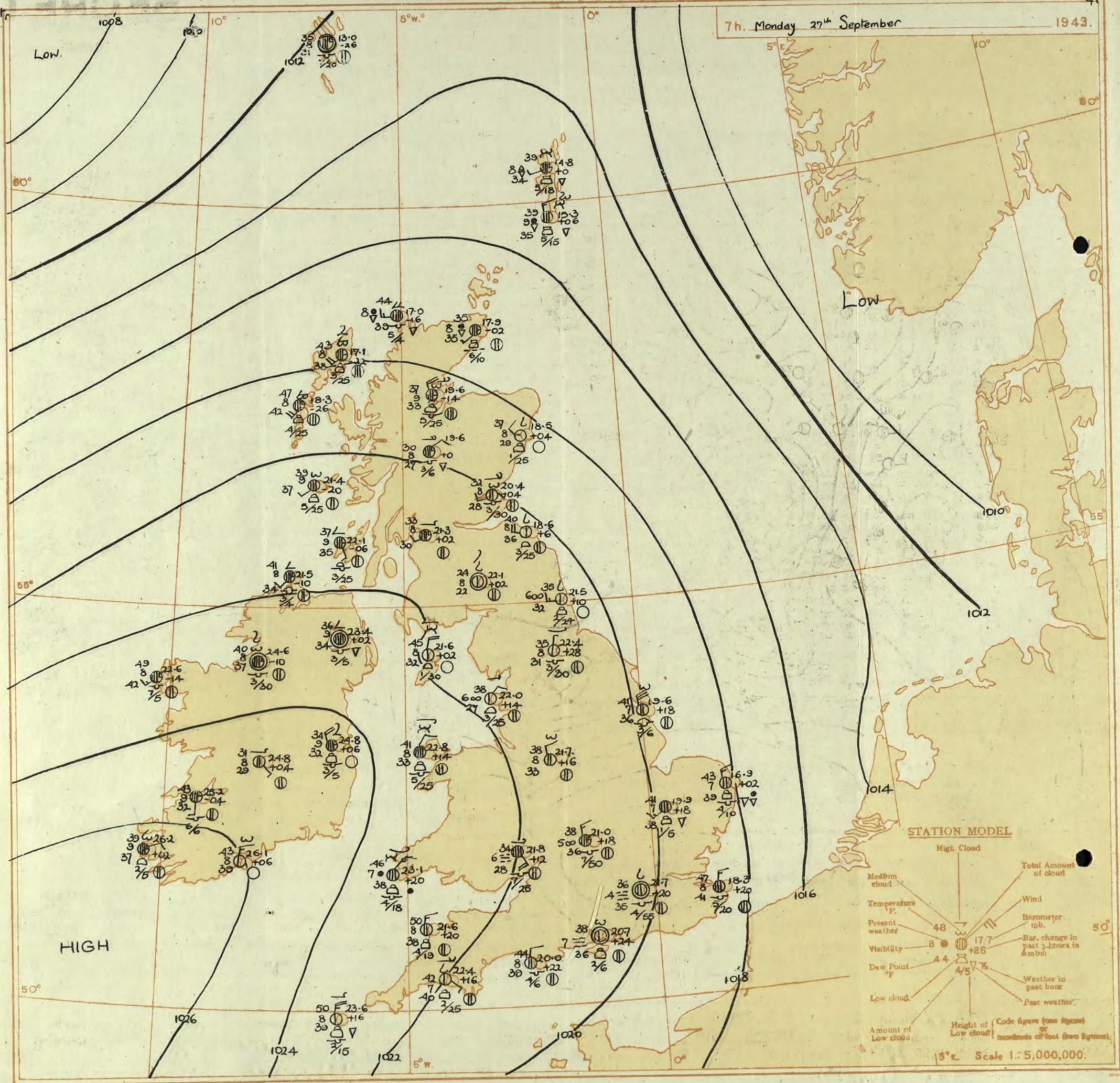
OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 26th September

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 26th September

PAST 24 HOURS.

District.	STATION.	Barom. at M.S.L. (For heights see p. 4.)	Change in 2 hours. (1)	Wind. Dir. (4)	Force. (A)	Weather. (5)	Temp. °F. (6)	Humid. % (7)	Dew Point. °F. (8)	Visibility. 0-9 (9)	Cloud.						Barom. at M.S.L. (16)	Wind. Dir. (17)	Change in 2 hours. (18)	Wind. Dir. (19)	Weather. (20)	Temp. °F. (21)	Humid. % (22)	Dew Point. °F. (23)	Visibility. 0-9 (24)	Cloud.						Barom. at M.S.L. (25)	Wind. Dir. (26)	Weather. (27)	Temp. °F. (28)	Humid. % (29)	Dew Point. °F. (30)	Visibility. 0-9 (31)	State of Ground. (32)	WEATHER.				
											Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet) (10)	Low. Med. (11)	High (12)	Low. Total 0-10 (13)	Med. (14)	High (15)	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet) (16)	Low. Med. (17)	High (18)	Low. Total 0-10 (19)	Med. (20)	High (21)	Low. Total 0-10 (22)	Med. (23)	High (24)	Low.	Med.	High (25)	Low. Med. (26)	High (27)	Low. Total 0-10 (28)	Med. (29)	High (30)	Low. Total 0-9 (31)	State of Ground. (32)	7h-13h 26th (39)	13h-18h 26th (40)	18h-26th 1h-27th (41)	26th (42)	1h-7h (43)
											Low.	Med.	High (10)	Low. Total 0-10 (11)	Med. (12)	High (13)	Low. Total 0-10 (14)	Med. (15)	High (16)	Low.	Med.	High (17)	Low. Total 0-10 (18)	Med. (19)	High (20)	Low. Total 0-10 (21)	Med. (22)	High (23)	Low.	Med.	High (24)	Low. Total 0-10 (25)	Med. (26)	High (27)	Low. Total 0-10 (28)	Med. (29)	High (30)	Low. Total 0-9 (31)	State of Ground. (32)	7h-13h 26th (39)	13h-18h 26th (40)	18h-26th 1h-27th (41)	26th (42)	1h-7h (43)
1	London (Kew)	12.1	+2	N.E.	2	zo	53	45	34	6	8	3	8	7-8	24	2500	13.1	+10	NNW	2	zo	52	45	34	5	5	-	4	4-6	9	2500	1	*	cmozeg	czay	b2owx	b2cmx							
	Croydon	12.8	-5	NW	3	zo	53	45	34	5	2	c	2	4-6	10	3500	13.3	+6	NNW	1	m	52	45	32	4	-	7	2	0	2-3	-	0	*	cmibze	czycbzcbfg	bfgbmubcmf								
	S. Farnborough	12.1	-2	NNE	3	c	55	55	35	7	8	6	6	7-8	24	3000	13.4	+14	-	o	bc	51	65	39	6	-	7	8	0	1-6	-	0	*	bcmmbcay	cybc	cybc								
	Bescombe Down	12.8	-2	-	0	pr	53	75	44	7	2	-	-	5	3	2000	14.0	+10	NNN	2	c	48	75	40	7	5	9	7	4-6	10	4000	0	*	cbcmcp	cprc	b2cm								
	Hornsey Island	12.4	-2	N.E.	2	c-bc	57	55	42	8	2	-	2	4-6	7-8	2500	13.4	+10	-	o	fj	49	75	41	6	2	3	2	Tr	7-8	4000	0	*	ccy	cyccfg	cfqbfgbmfbmfgafgx								
	Lymupne	11.3	-2	NNE	3	c-bc	57	45	37	9	1	-	-	2-3	7-8	2200	12.7	+12	NE	4	c-bc	50	75	40	7	1	-	6	2-3	7-8	3000	0	2	cbay	bccuc	bcbmw								
	Manston	10.5	0	NWW	3	c-bc	56	55	39	8	2	-	5	4-6	7-8	3200	11.6	+8	N	4	c	51	65	40	8	5	-	7	4-6	9	1500	0	*	bcbz	bbbbbzc	b2cm								
2	Shoeburyness	11.8	-2	NNW	3	bc	56	55	37	8	1	-	6	4-6	4-6	4000	13.0	+10	NW	2	c-bc	50	75	40	8	5	7	2	7-8	7-8	4000	0	*	cmibzeg	cyc	cyc								
	Mixstowe	10.8	-10	NWN	5	c	58	55	43	8	3	-	-	2-3	7	4000	12.8	+16	N	3	c-bc	51	75	44	8	5	7	-	7-8	7-8	4000	0	3	cmibzeg	cyc	b2bc								
	Gorleston	09.9	+2	N	4	c-bc	52	65	42	7	3	-	-	4-6	4-6	2000	11.1	+12	N.E.	5	pr	51	75	44	7	8	7	-	4-6	7-8	1500	1	4	cpr	bcpr	bcoffpprpr								
	Mildenhall	11.4	+2	NWN	4	c	53	65	41	8	8	1	1	0	24	2500	13.1	+14	NE	2	c-bc	49	75	42	8	2	6	2	Tr	7-8	4000	0	*	bem	mbm	b2bcpcm								
	Cranwell	12.3	+2	NW	4	c-bc	55	55	37	8	1	-	2	4-6	7-8	3200	13.7	+10	N'E	3	c-bc	48	75	39	8	-	4	0	7-8	-	0	*	cbcy	bcbybc	b2bpcpm									
3	Birmingham	12.4	0	N	1	zo	53	55	35	6	8	-	-	0	9	4000	14.2	+8	NNW	1	cft	48	85	44	3	8	-	2	7-8	9	1500	1	*	cbccz	cpr	fmbo								
	Upper Heyford	12.6	0	NNE	2	c	53	55	37	7	8	6	3	7-8	24	2500	13.4	+12	NNN	2	zo	47	75	41	6	4	3	2	4-6	9	5000	0	*	cmibzeg	cyc	b2cm								
4	Ross-on-Wye	12.5	-8	NNW	2	bc	57	65	43	8</																																		

T38032



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
 Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.

In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions of the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol — ○

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: ○ Clear sky. ○ Sky less than 3/10 cloudy. ○ Sky 4/10 to 6/10 cloudy.
 ○ Sky 7/10 to 9/10 cloudy. ○ Overcast sky. ○ Rain falling. * Snow. ♫ Sleet. ☂ Hail.

Fog. ☁ Mist. = Thunder. (X) Thunderstorm. ☀ Slight haze. ☀

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way—

= Warm Front on the Surface
 = Warm Front above the ground
 = Cold Front on the surface
 = Cold Front above the ground

NOTE. The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.

When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

= Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
 = Warm Occlusion
 = Cold Occlusion

= Lines of Frontogenesis

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Monday 27th September, 1943
No. 22824

DISTRICT.	STATION.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 27th September.												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 27th September.												PAST 24 HOURS.													
		Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			TEMPERATURE.			RAINFALL.			SUN-SHINE.																			
		Height above M.S.L., mb. (1)	Change in 3 hours, (2)	Direc. 0-12 (3)	Weather. (4)	Temp. °F. (5)	% Humid. (6)	Dew Point. °F. (7)	Visibility. 0-9 (8)	Low. (9)	Med. (10)	Total (11)	Height of Base, (feet) (12)	Wind. 0-12 (13)	Amount. (14)	Height of Base, (feet) (15)	Wind. 0-12 (16)	Amount. (17)	Height of Base, (feet) (18)	Wind. 0-12 (19)	Amount. (20)	Height of Base, (feet) (21)	Wind. 0-12 (22)	Amount. (23)	Height of Base, (feet) (24)	Sea. 0-9 (25)	Sea. 0-9 (26)	Sea. 0-9 (27)	Sea. 0-9 (28)	Sea. 0-9 (29)	Sea. 0-9 (30)	Sea. 0-9 (31)	Sea. 0-9 (32)	Max. Day 7h-18h °F. (33)	Min. Night 18h-7h °F. (34)	Min. on Grass 7h °F. (35)	Day 7h-18h mm. (36)	Night 18h-7h mm. (37)	Sun-Hrs. (38)
1	London (Kew)	18*	*	*	*	43	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21-2	120	WSW	1	Zo	40	85	38	5	5	-	1646-2500	1	*	53	38	21	-	Tr	2-8						
	Croydon	290	18-3	+18	-	0	f9	37	92	35	3	-	0	0	21-7	120	-	0	f9	36	97	35	4	5	1	-	1646-05500	0	*	55	38	28	-	-	3-7				
	S. Farnborough	226	18-2	+18	-	0	Zo	36	97	35	6	-	0	0	21-5	12	NNW	1	b-bc	43	97	33	3	-	3	-	0	56	31	*	-	-	6-0						
	Boscombe Down	417	18-1	+18	NNW	1	b	39	92	37	7	-	0	0	22-0	122	-	0	Zo	34	97	34	5	-	3	-	0	54	33	x	2	Tr	4-1						
	Thorney Island	10	17-0	+18	N'E	2	Zo	40	92	38	6	-	0	0	20-7	124	-	0	f9	38	92	36	7	2	3	-	1	2-3-1000	0	*	57	36	27	-	-	7-7			
	Lympne	283	16-6	+18	NNW	2	Zo	41	92	30	6	-	4	-	19-4	118	NNW	3	Zo	40	92	38	6	9	-	2-3-2-3	3000	0	*	56	37	33	-	-	7-7				
	Manston	154	15-3	+14	N'W	4	b-bc	49	65	39	7	5	-	-	23-2-3	2000	0	18-3	f9	47	85	41	8	5	-	7-8-7-8	2000	0	*	56	46	42	-	-	8-6				
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	19-8	116	NW	2	c-bc	41	92	38	7	7	-	-	7-8-7-8	1000	1	*	58	37	22	-	-	6-0				
	Felixstowe	12	15-7	+10	NW	4	b	46	65	36	7	-	0	0	19-0	122	NW	5	b-bc	43	85	39	7	3	-	0	18	0	*	59	40	37	-	-	6-1				
	Gorleston	5	14-4	+14	NNW	3	b	44	75	37	7	8	-	-	26-16	1500	0-9	42	NNW	3	b-p	43	85	39	7	8	-	-	1646-1000	1	3	56	48	40	1	8	4-5		
	Mildenhall	15	16-8	+18	NNW	3	b	38	97	37	7	-	4	-	0	1	19-9	118	NW	3	c-bc	41	92	38	7	2	3	-	7-7-8	2500	0	*	56	36	30	1	Tr	5-6	
	Cranwell	203	18-2	+14	NNW	2	/pr	40	32	38	6	5	-	-	4-6-7-8	2700	20-6	+16	NNW	3	b	39	85	34	7	5	-	-	1646-4000	1	*	57	38	34	-	Tr	8-5		
3	Birmingham	636	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21-6	116	NW	2	m	40	85	36	4	5	-	-	9-9-9-1000	0	*	53	39	25	-	Tr	5-5					
4	Upper Heyford	408	17-9	+14	NNW	1	Zo	40	85	36	6	5	-	-	1	1	4000	21-0	+18	NNW	3	Zo	38	97	36	5	5	-	-	9-9-9-5000	0	*	55	35	29	-	0-4	*	
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21-8	f9	52	SE	4	f9	39	92	38	6	5	-	-	9-10-10-2500	1	*	57	37	30	1	4-5	*				
5	Hartland Point	299	18-7	+16	NNE	3	b-bc	51	75	42	8	1	-	-	2-3-2-3	2500	21-6	+20	N	3	b	50	65	38	8	2	4	-	-	4-6-16-1900	0	4	52	48	46	-	6-4		
	Bristol	209	18-5	+10	NNW	1	b	41	92	38	7	-	0	0	-	22-1	+18	ESE	1	m	36	97	35	4	3	-	0	1	-	0	*	56	34	24	0-2	-	5-6		
	Portland Bill	32	17-2	+16	N	3	c-bc	45	85	40	8	5	-	-	7-8-7-8	1000	20-0	+22	M	2	b	44	85	39	8	5	-	-	1646-1000	1	3	57	40	2	-	2-2			
	Plymouth	86	19-5	+18	-	0	b	44	92	42	7	-	0	0	-	22-4	+16	E'S	1	b-bc	42	92	40	7	2	4	-	-	1-2-3-2500	1	1	55	39	28	0-6	Tr	2-4		
	The Lizard	240	19-8	+16	N	2	b	46	85	42	8	5	-	-	4-6-4-6	2000	22-5	+14	NNW	2	b	45	85	40	8	8	4	-	-	4-6-16-2000	1	3	54	44	41	9	45	2-8	
	Scilly (St. Mary's)	163	20-5	+20	N'W	3	/pr	49	75	42	8	8	6	-	7-8-7-8	1500	23-6	+16	N	5	b-bc	50	65	39	8	8	-	5	1	2-3	1500	1	4	54	47	47	*	2	5-5
	Guernsey	175	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
6	Pembroke	142	20-4	+14	NNE	4	b-bc	47	75	40																													

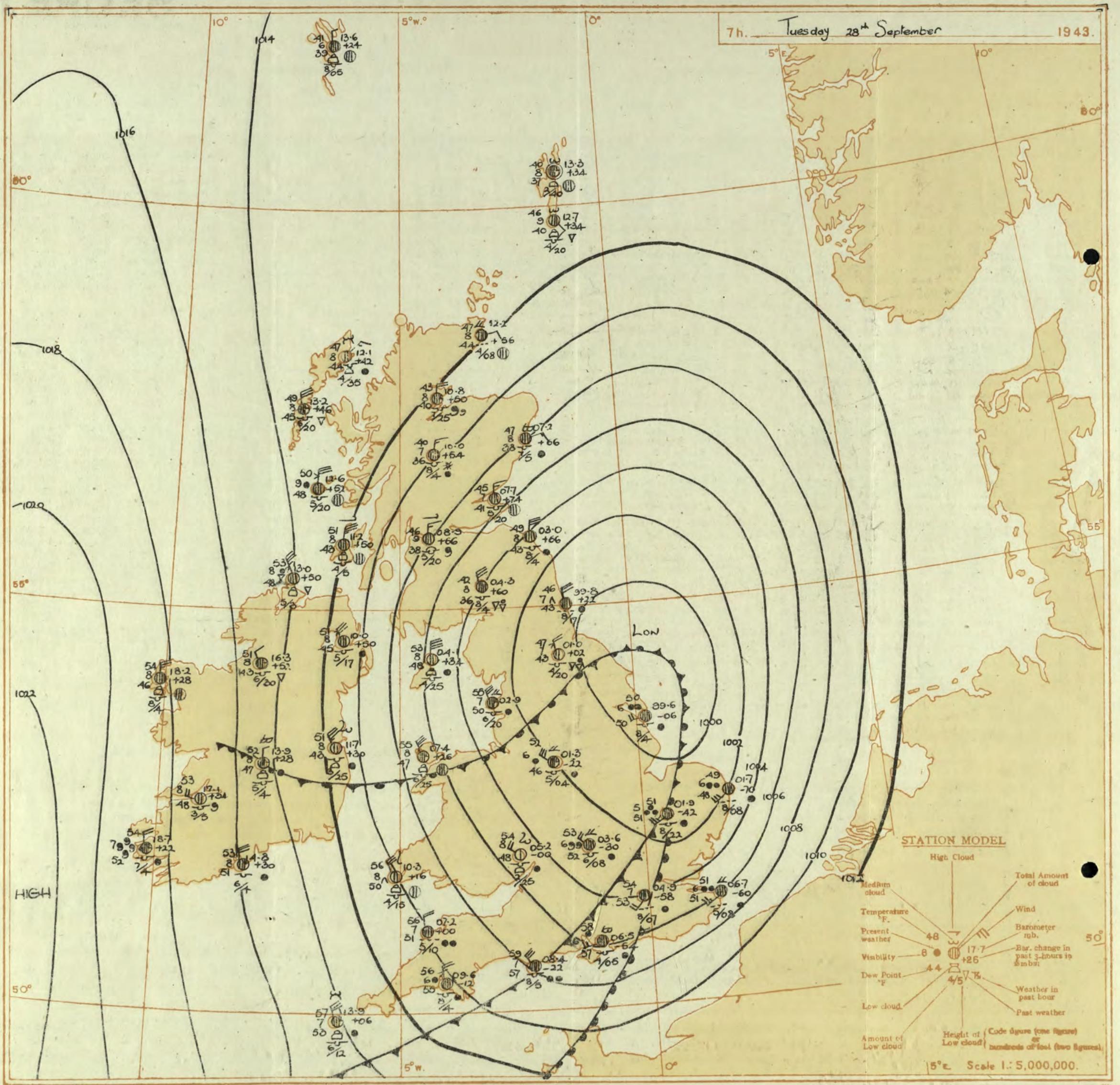
SECRET

Tuesday 28th September 1943

No. 29895

Page 1
BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

District.	STATION.	OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 27 th September												OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T. 27 th September												PAST 24 HOURS.															
		Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Wind.			Cloud.			Sea.		7h-13h		13h-18h		18h-27 th		27 th -1h	
		(For heights see p. 4.)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)		
		mb.	Change in 3 hours.	Dir. 0-12	Weather.	Temp. °F.	% Humid.	Dew Point. °F.	Visibiliy. 0-9	Low.	Med.	High.	Low 0-10	Total 0-10	Height of Base. (feet)	Barom. at M.S.L. (mb.)	Change in 3 hours.	Dir. 0-12	Weather.	Temp. °F.	% Humid.	Dew Point. °F.	Visibiliy. 0-9	Low.	Med.	High.	Total 0-10	Height of Base. (feet)	State of Ground.	Sea. 0-9	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)						
1	London (Kew)	21.8	-4	NNW	2	bc	51	45	31	7	2	-	1	2-3	4-6	2600	21.6	0	NNN	1	zo	49	65	38	5	5	3	-	7-8	7-8	2500	1	*	bcm,bey	bcezy	czoy	corr,grr				
	Croydon	22.9	+6	NW	2	bc	54	45	36	7	1	-	2	2-3	4-6	2500	22.3	-2	NSW	2	fg	48	65	37	4	-	3	2	0	3+	-	0	*	bcmgx,bz	bz,yemgg	czyz	corr,rr,mc				
	S. Farnborough	22.1	-10	N	2	b-bc	55	55	33	7	1	-	1	2-3	3-4	3000	21.5	-2	NSW	1	c-bc	50	65	40	7	4	7	9	2-3	7-8	3000	0	*	bfc,bcm,b	bz,ybc	cz,yirz	corr,rr,mc				
	Boscombe Down	22.7	-2	-	0	ebc	53	65	40	7	2	-	7-8	7-8	3000	21.8	-4	-	c	48	75	39	7	4	7	-	1	10	3000	0	*	bcm,bm,b	bcb,byc,b	mc,rr,rr	corr,rr,mc						
	Thorney Island	22.2	0	W'S	1	bc	58	56	42	8	1	-	2	4-6	4-6	4000	21.8	-2	WSW	3	zo	52	65	41	6	9	6	3	4-6	9+	2500	0	*	bz	bcc,y	cmo	corr,rr,rr				
	Lyminge	21.7	+6	NNE	3	bc	55	45	32	8	1	6	-	1-6	4-6	3000	22.0	+2	NNW	1	c-bc	47	65	36	8	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	4000	0	1	bcm,b	bcc,byc	mc,rr,rr	corr,rr,mc				
	Manston	21.4	+6	NNN	3	bc	53	55	35	8	2	3	-	2-3	4-6	2800	21.4	0	NN	1	c	50	55	34	8	5	-	7	7-8	10	5000	0	*	bz	bcc,y	cz,20	corr,rr,rr				
2	Shoeburyness	21.5	-8	NW	2	b-bc	55	45	36	8	1	-	1	2-3	4-6	4000	21.6	+2	WNW	1	zo	48	65	37	5	5	-	-	7-8	7-8	5700	0	*	cwb,cbe	bcc,y	cmo	rr,rr,rc				
	Felixstowe	21.3	-4	NW	5	bc	56	45	34	8	1	-	1	2-3	4-6	4000	21.1	+2	W'S	2	c-bc	52	65	32	8	-	3	0	7-8	-	0	3	bcm,b	bcc,y	cmo,rr	corr,rr,mc					
	Gorleston	19.9	+10	N'S	3	spr	47	75	39	7	8	-	-	3	8	1500	20.1	+18	NN	1	c	43	75	41	7	5	7	-	4-6	10	1500	1	3	bep,rc	bcc,y	mc,rr,rr	corr,rr,mc				
	Mildenham	21.1	-6	NN'N	3	bc	53	45	35	8	1	-	1	4-6	4-6	4000	20.5	-2	NSW	2	c	43	65	37	7	5	-	8	7-8	9+	4000	0	*	bcc	bcc,y	cz,20	corr,rr,mc				
	Cranwell	21.0	-14	WSW	3	bc	54	55	37	6	2	-	1	1-6	4-6	3500	19.3	-8	NSW	2	zo	46	65	35	6	-	7	7	0	9+	-	0	*	bbe,bey	bcc,y	cz,20	corr,rr,rr				
3	Birmingham	21.8	-8	NNW	2	bc	50	55	35	7	7	-	-	4-6	4-6	4000	20.3	-4	SSW	2	c	49	55	34	8	5	7	-	7-8	9+	4000	1	*	mcb,c	bcc	cmo	rr,rr,rc				
	Upper Heyford	21.8	-10	WN	1	bc	50	65	36	7	1	-	-	4-6	4-6	3500	21.1	-4	WSW	1	c	46	75	37	7	-	7	0	8-	0	0	*	bcc	bcc	cmo,rr	corr,rr,mc					
4	Ross-on-Wye	22.4	-8	SE	2	b-bc	50	55	35	8	1	-	-	2-3	2-3	3500	20.4	-10	SW'S	2	c	49	75	40	7	5	7	-	4-6	10	3000	1	*	cmb,c	bcc	cmo,rr	corr,rr,mc				
5	Hartland Point	23.5	-2	N	3	bc	50	65	37	5	2	4	5	2-3	4-6	2000	21.7	-16	WNW	4	c	51	65	38	9	5	-	-	9	9	1500	0	4	bcc,y	bcc,prc	cc,rr	err,rr,rr				
	Bristol	22.8	-8	SSW	2	zo	51	65	38	6	2	-	-	9	9	4000	22.0	-4	WSW	3	zo	49	65	37	6	-	5	-	0	9+	-	0	*	bcb,cmo,20	cz,20,bz	circ,rr,rr	err,rr,rr				
	Portland Bill	22.6	-4	NE	2	b-bc	55	85	51	8	5	4	-	4-6	7-8	2500	22.0	-2	WNW	2	c	52	85	46	8	5	-	-	9	9	1000	1	3	bcc	c	circ	rr,rr,rr				
	Plymouth	23.9	0	NNW	3	cbc	54	65	41	8	1	-	-	1	4-6	4-6	4000	20.5	-2	WNW	2	c	43	75	43	7	5	2	-	7-8	9+	2500	0	*	bcc,prc	bcc,y	rr,rr,rr	err,rr,rr			



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

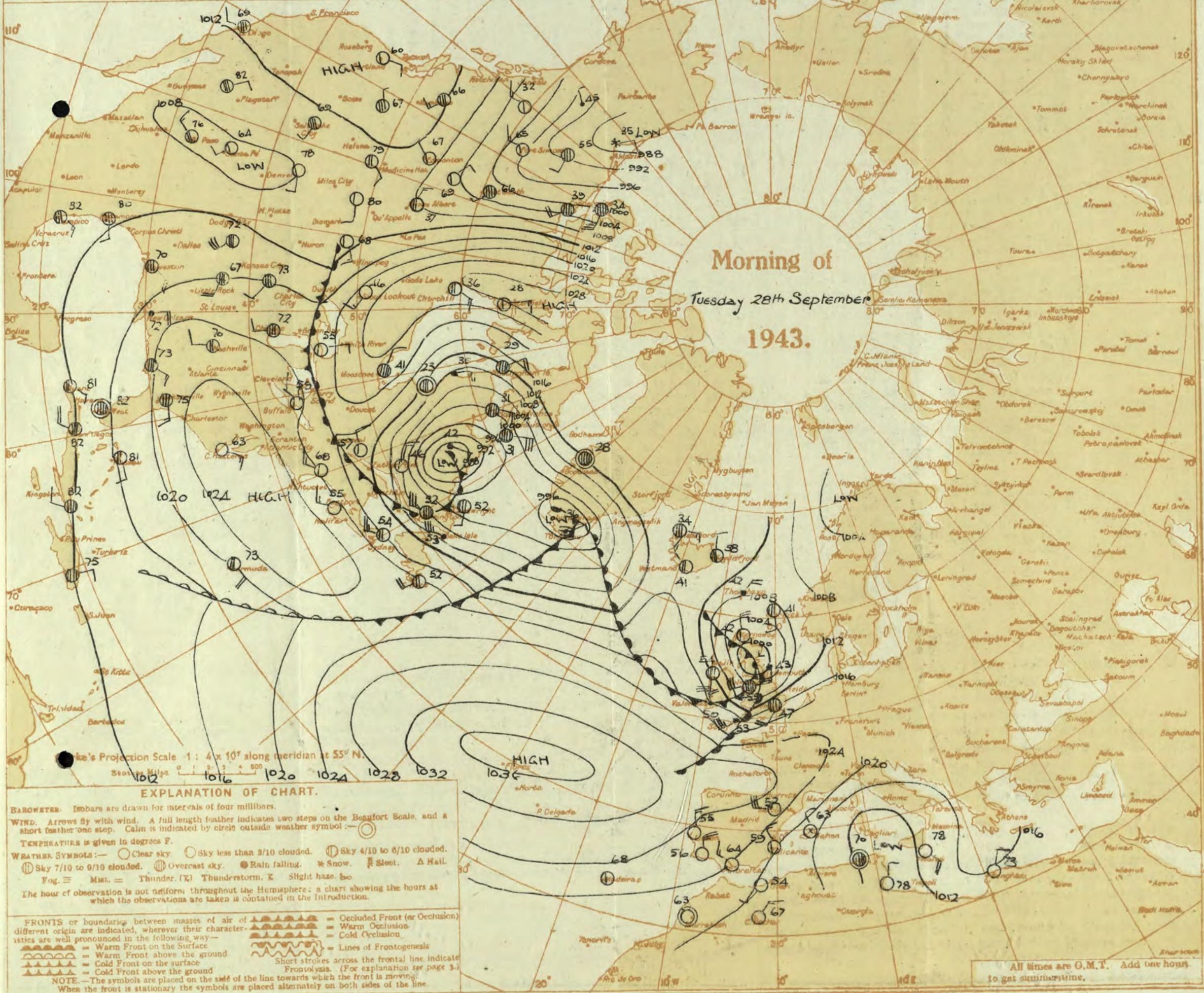
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the 'warm sector'. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the 'occluded front' or 'occlusion'. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Tuesday 28th September 1943

No. 29895

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

~~SECRET~~

Wednesday 29th September 1943

NO. 29896

Page 1 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 29th September 1943

NO. 29896

OBSERVATIONS at 13h. G.M.T. 28th September.

OBSERVATIONS at 18h. G.M.T.^{28th} September

PAST 24 HOURS.

DISTRICTS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, G.M.T.

Wednesday 29th September 1943.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1 S.E. England | |
| 2 E. England .. | Wind westerly, freshening, veering northwest later; cloudy
occasional light rain or drizzle; rather cold. |
| 3 E. Midlands ... | |
| 4 W. Midlands | |
| 5 S.W. England | Moderate to fresh west to northwest winds; mainly cloudy;
occasional drizzle especially near coast; rather cold. |
| 6 South Wales | |
| 7 North Wales | |
| 8 N.W. England | |
| 9 N. Midlands ... | Westerly winds freshening becoming strong at times on West
coast, veering northwest later; cloudy or dull; occasional
rain; some brighter intervals later; rather cold or cold. |
| 10 N.E. England | |
| 11 S.E. Scotland | |
| 12 S.W. Scotland
& Isle of Man | Winds southwest fresh increasing strong to gale at times on
coast; veering west to northwest later; dull, rain at times |
| 13A W. Scotland ... | |
| 13B N.W. Scotland | |
| 14 Mid Scotland | brighter periods and showers later; mainly rather cold but
rather warm temporarily in the East, becoming colder again |
| 15 N.E. Scotland | |

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| 18 Orkneya and
Shetlands | AS 12-1 |
| 17 N. W. Ireland | |
| 18 N. E. Ireland | AS 7-11 |
| 19 S. E. Ireland | |
| 20 S. W. Ireland | AS. 4-6. |

GENERAL INFERENCE

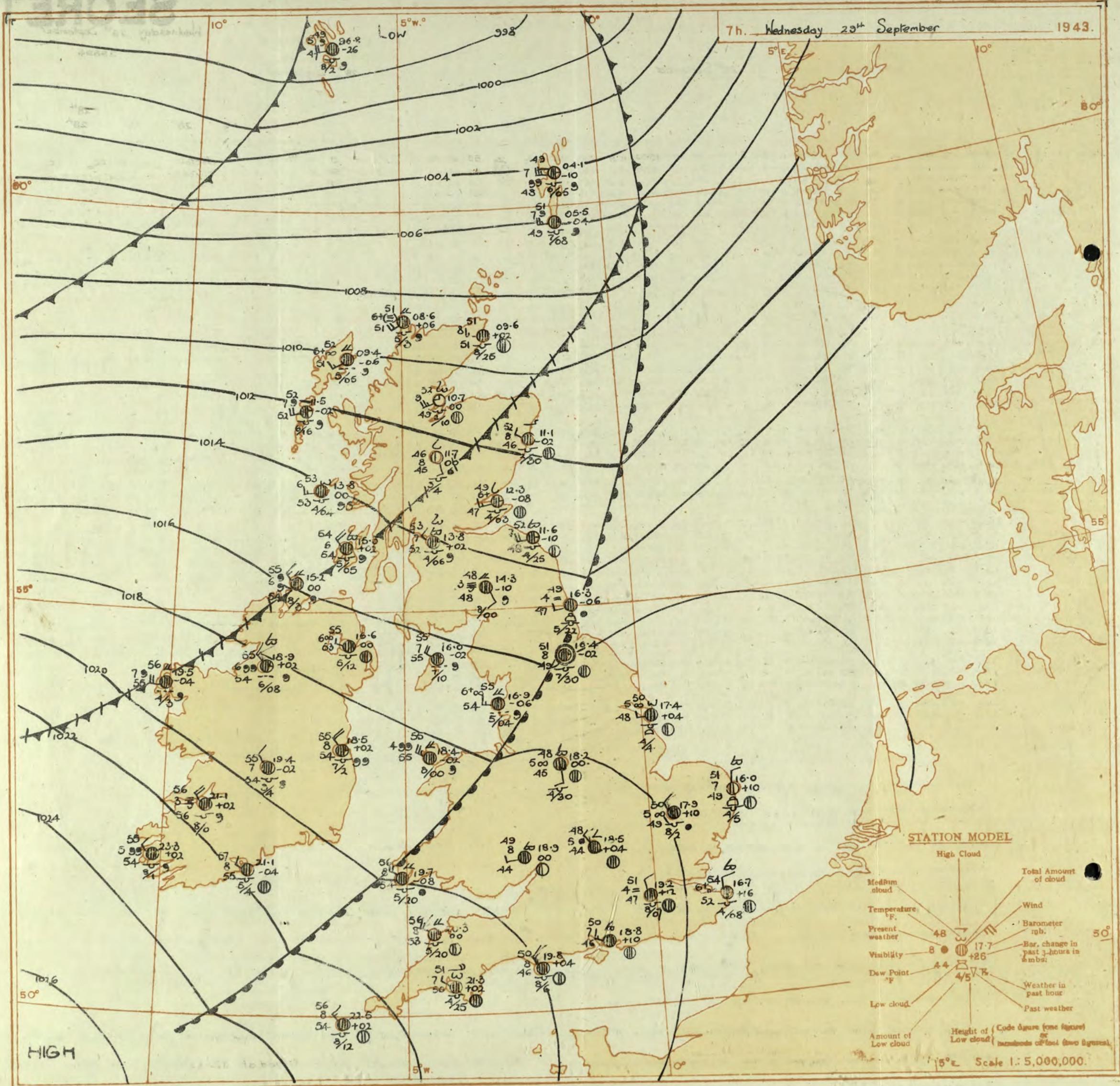
A complex depression near Iceland will move slowly northeast whilst pressure is high to the southwest of the British Isles. Weather will be mainly cloudy and rather cold with occasional light rain or drizzle in many districts.

FURTHER OUTLOOK

Rather cold northwest winds with showers especially in the North. Gale warning is operative in districts 13b and 16. Issued at 1130 h. G.M.T. 29th September 1943

Forecasts issued at 1030

NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director.
Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

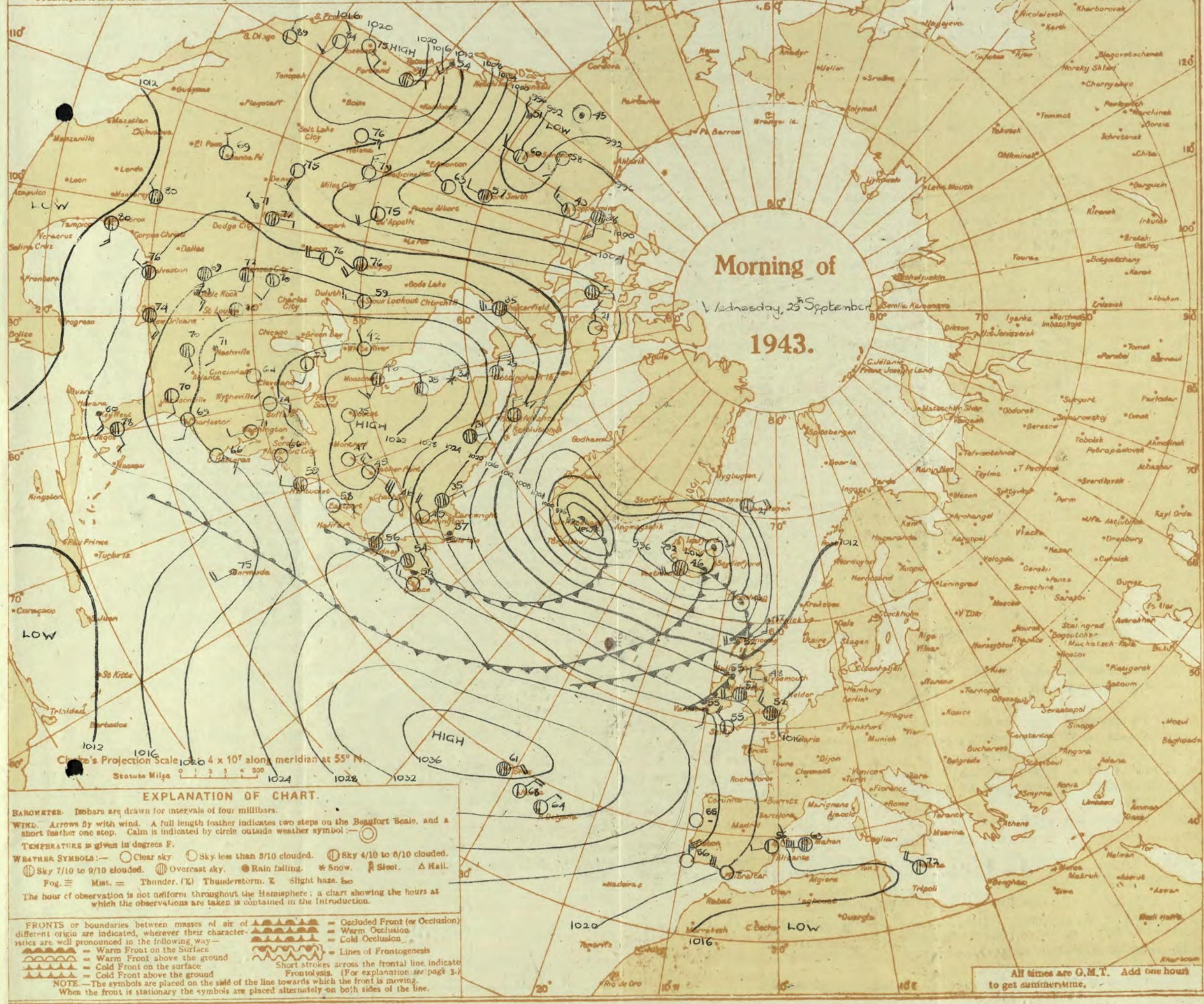
Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.
Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as *transitory* or *half cold* occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



BRITISH
SECTIONTHE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Wednesday 29th September 1943

No. 22836

DISTRICT.	STATION.	OBSERVATIONS at 1 hr. G.M.T. 29th September												OBSERVATIONS at 7 hr. G.M.T. 29th September												PAST 24 HOURS.																			
		Height above M. N. mb.	Change in 3 hours.	Wind.		Distr.	Force.	Weather.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Vis.	Cloud.				Barom.	at M.S.L.	Change in 8 hours.	Wind.		Distr.	Force.	Weather.	Temp.	Humid.	Dew Point.	Vis.	Cloud.				Barom.	at M.S.L.	Change in 8 hours.	Form.	Amount.	Height of Base (feet).	State of Ground.	Sea.	TEMPERATURE.				SUN- SHINE 28th Hrs. (38)
				(5)	(6)								(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)		
1	London (Kew)	18	*	*	*	*	5	53	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	187	+12	N.W.	2	Zo	51	85	48	6	5	3	-	2-3	10	2500	1	*	57	50	49	1	-	0-4	Tr	0-0		
	Croydon	290	17.2	+10	N.W.	5	Zo	52	85	47	6	5	-	10	(18)	1000	19.2	+12	N.W.	2	m	51	85	47	4	5	-	-	10	10	700	1	*	57	50	49	2	Tr	0-0						
	S. Farnborough	226	17.4	+10	N.W.'N	3	Zo	51	75	45	6	5	-	10	10	2500	19.0	+10	N.W.'W.	1	Zo	19	85	44	6	5	-	-	10	10	2500	0	*	57	47	46	0-3	-	0-5						
	Bosecombe Down	417	18.5	+6	N.W.	3	Zo	49	85	43	6	5	7	7-8	10	2500	19.7	+6	N.W.	2	c	47	85	43	7	-	7	-	0	9+	-	0	*	53	44	44	2-8	-	2-8						
	Thorney Island	10	17.4	+14	N.W.'N	3	Zo	58	85	41	6	5	-	9	10	4000	18.8	+10	W.N.	3	c	50	85	46	7	-	7	-	0	10	-	0	*	61	45	43	0.5	-	+						
	Lympne	283	15.9	+18	N.W.	3	Zo	48	87	48	6	5	-	0	0	17.5	+10	N.E.	1	m	51	97	51	45	-	1	10	10	100	1	*	48	48	44	8	Tr	0-0								
	Manston	154	15.1	+10	N.W.'N	2	Zo	54	97	52	6	5	-	94	10	6000	16.7	+10	N.W.'N.	2	Zo	54	92	52	6	5	7	-	46	5+	800	1	*	58	50	49	3	-	0-6						
2	Shoeburyness	11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	17.7	+14	N.W.	2	c	52	92	53	5	5	7	-	4-6	9+	800	1	*	58	48	43	1	-	0-9				
	Felixstowe	12	15.6	+22	N.W.	3	Zo	52	87	51	6	5	-	2-3	2-3	4000	17.0	+10	N.W.	3	Zo	51	97	50	6	-	5	-	0	7-8	-	0	3	59	49	46	2	0-2	1-6						
	Gorleston	5	15.4	+22	NNE	1	50	55	75	47	7	6	-	10	10	1500	16.0	+10	N.W.	1	bC	51	92	49	7	8	7	-	4-6	4-6	2500	1	*	56	51	47	3	0-2	1-8						
	Mildenhall	15	15.9	+5	N.W.'N	2	Zo	62	97	52	5	5	-	10	10	450	17.9	+10	N.W.'W.	2	Zo	50	97	49	5	5	-	-	10	10	450	1	*	56	49	43	0-3	-	0-3						
	Cranwell	203	17.6	+18	N.W.	4	Zo	49	92	47	5	5	-	10	10	1000	17.6	+6	N.W.	1	Zo	48	92	46	6	5	3	-	4-6	5+	4000	1	*	55	48	46	0-2	Tr	0-8						
3	Birmingham	535	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.3	10	-	0	Zo	49	85	45	6	-	7	-	0	10	-	1	*	54	47	42	-	-	2-2					
4	Upper Heyford	408	17.8	+10	NNW	1	Zo	48	85	43	6	5	-	9+	9+	1200	18.5	+4	N.W.	1	ir	48	85	44	5	-	1	-	0	10	-	0	*	56	47	43	0-1	Tr	*						
	Ross-on-Wye	223	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18.3	0	NNW	1	c	49	85	44	8	-	7	-	0	10	-	1	*	57	46	39	-	-	4-1					
5	Hartland Point	299	21.2	+4	NNW	3	bC	54	75	47	8	2	6	-	2-3	4-6	2500	20.3	0	NNW	3	c	56	85	53	8	5	2	-	7-8	9+	2000	0	3	57	53	51	1-1	-	1-1					
	Bristol	200	20.1	+4	NNW	3	b	46	85	42	7	-	4	-	0	1	*	19.3	-6	N	1	Zo	51	85	47	6	-	7	-	0	10	-	0	*	53	44	34	5-2	-	5-2					
	Portland Bill	32	19.2	+14	N	4	c-bc	50	85	46	8	5	-	7-8	7-8	4000	19.8	+2	NW	3	c	50	86	46	8	5	-	-	10	10	4000	1	*	59	48	39	0-4	-	3-3						
	Plymouth	86	21.0	+6	NW	3	c	51	85	47	7	2	2	-	4-6	9	1500	21.3	+2	NNW	1	c-bc	51	97	50	7	5	3	2	-	4-6	7-8	2500	1	*	56	49	43	6-1	-	6-1				
	The Lizard	240	21.9	+10	NW	2	b-bc	51	92	48	8	4	-	2-3	2-3	2500	21.6	0	NW	3	c	51	92	52	8																				

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Thursday 30th September 1943

No. 29897

Page 4 BRITISH SECTION

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 30th September 1943

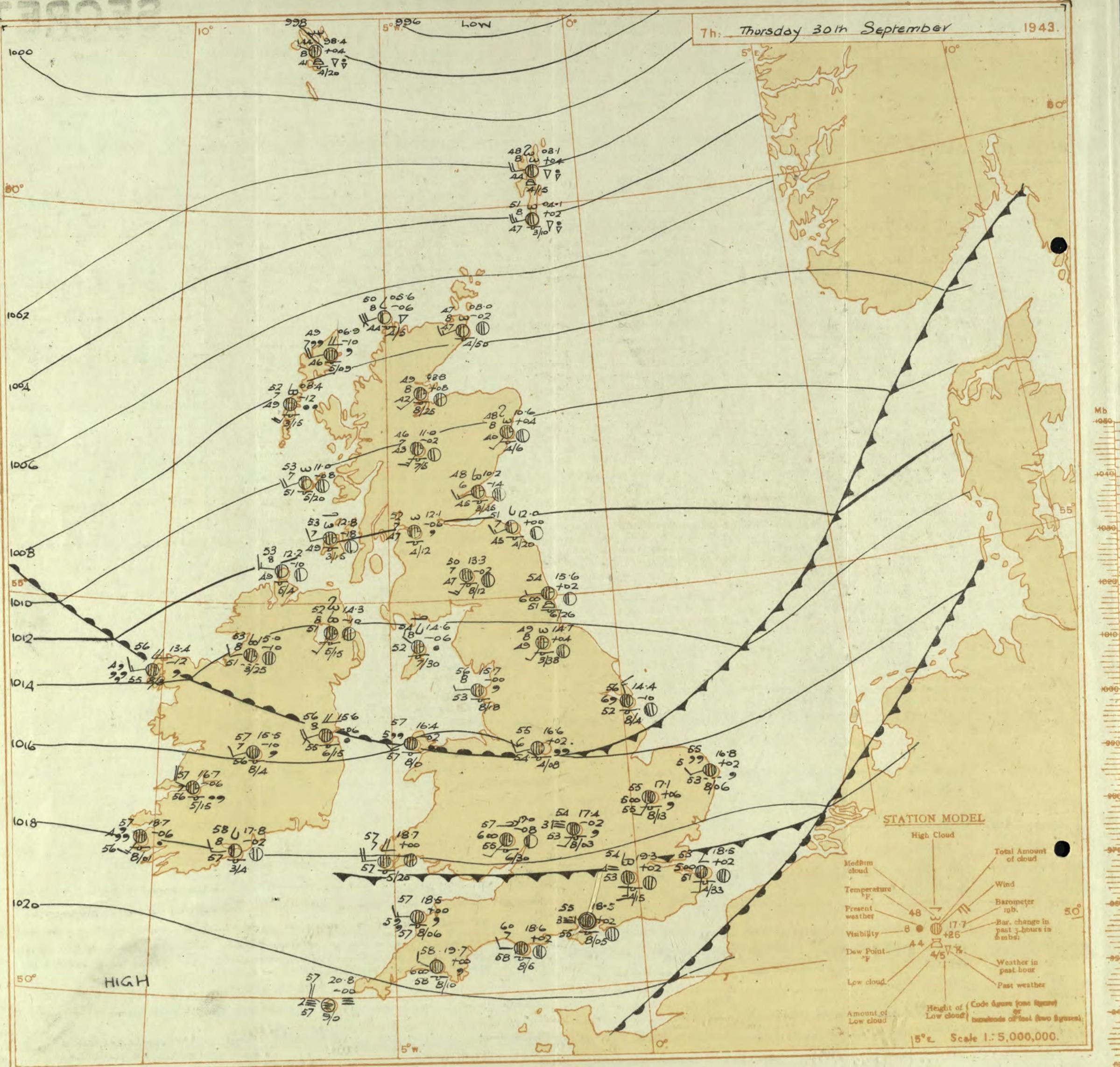
PAST 24 HOURS.

FORECASTS FOR THE 24 HOURS COMMENCING 12 NOON, Q.M.T. Thursday, 20th September 1943

DISTRICTS.	FORECASTS FOR THE 27 NOVEMBER COMMENCING	
1 S.E. England		16 Orkneys and Shetlands → brighter periods; becoming milder for a time
2 E. England ..	light to moderate westerly winds becoming fresh at times later; dull; local drizzle especially at first; close.	17 N.W. Ireland
3 E. Midlands ...		18 N.E. Ireland As 5-12
4 W. Midlands		19 S.E. Ireland
5 S.W. England		20 S.W. Ireland As 5-8
6 South Wales	Freshening south west to west winds; dull; occasional drizzle or light rain; fog at times on hills and locally on the coast; becoming close generally.	GENERAL INFERENCE
7 North Wales		A ridge of high pressure extends from the anticyclone north of The Azores to the Bay of Biscay and probably over France. A deepening secondary depression about 450 miles west of the Hebrides is expected to move quickly east north east and to cause strong winds in northern districts with gales locally on the coast. Rain will spread across the northern half of the British Isles. In the South weather will be dull with local drizzle accompanied by close conditions.
8 N.W. England		
9 N. Midlands ...		
10 N.E. England	Fresh south west winds, veering west later, strong locally on west coast; cloudy becoming dull with occasional rain and drizzle with hill fog; some brighter intervals late in the period becoming milder generally	
11 S.E. Scotland		
12 S.W. Scotland & Isle of Man		
13A W. Scotland ...		FURTHER OUTLOOK
13B N.W. Scotland	Wind southwest to south, increasing, fresh to strong, with gale locally on coasts; veering westerly later; mainly fair early becoming dull and rainy; showery conditions spreading from the northwest with	Colder west to northwest winds with showers and bright periods; strong winds continuing in the North and Northwest Gale warning in operation in districts 13b and 16. Issued 1150 g.m.t. 29th September 1943.
14 Mid Scotland		
15 N.E. Scotland		Forecasts issued at 0300
		NELSON K. JOHNSON, K.C.B., D.Sc., Director. Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2

7h. Thursday 30th September

— 1943.



AIR MINISTRY, METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Chart of Weather in the Northern Hemisphere.

Explanation of Frontal Lines shown on Charts

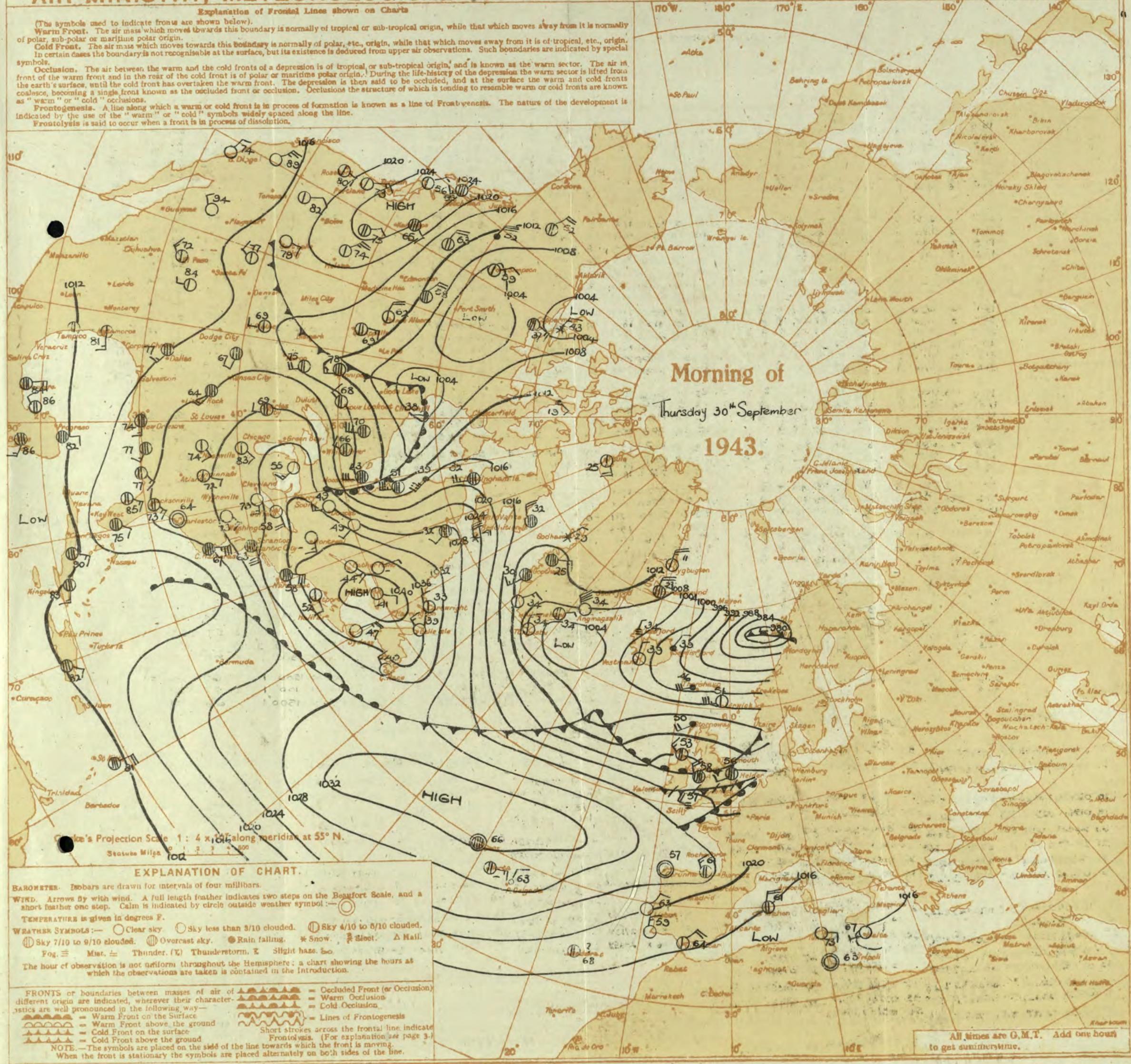
(The symbols used to indicate fronts are shown below).
Warm Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of tropical or sub-tropical origin, while that which moves away from it is normally of polar, sub-polar or maritime polar origin.

Cold Front. The air mass which moves towards this boundary is normally of polar, etc., origin, while that which moves away from it is of tropical, etc., origin.
In certain cases the boundary is not recognisable at the surface, but its existence is deduced from upper air observations. Such boundaries are indicated by special symbols.

Occlusion. The air between the warm and the cold fronts of a depression is of tropical or sub-tropical origin, and is known as the warm sector. The air in front of the warm front and in the rear of the cold front is of polar or maritime polar origin. During the life-history of the depression the warm sector is lifted from the earth's surface, until the cold front has overtaken the warm front. The depression is then said to be occluded, and at the surface the warm and cold fronts coalesce, becoming a single front known as the occluded front or occlusion. Occlusions the structure of which is tending to resemble warm or cold fronts are known as "warm" or "cold" occlusions.

Frontogenesis. A line along which a warm or cold front is in process of formation is known as a line of Frontogenesis. The nature of the development is indicated by the use of the "warm" or "cold" symbols widely spaced along the line.

Frontolysis is said to occur when a front is in process of dissolution.



Morning of

Thursday 30th September

1943.

EXPLANATION OF CHART.

BAROMETER. Isobars are drawn for intervals of four millibars.

WIND. Arrows fly with wind. A full length feather indicates two steps on the Beaufort Scale, and a short feather one step. Calm is indicated by circle outside weather symbol: —○—

TEMPERATURE is given in degrees F.

WEATHER SYMBOLS: —○— Clear sky. ○— Sky less than 3/10 clouded. (○)— Sky 4/10 to 8/10 clouded. (●)— Sky 7/10 to 9/10 clouded. (●●)— Overcast sky. ●— Rain falling. *— Snow. #— Sleet. △— Hail.

Fog. ☁— Mist. ☐— Thunder. (☐)— Thunderstorm. ☰— Slight haze. ☱—

The hour of observation is not uniform throughout the Hemisphere; a chart showing the hours at which the observations are taken is contained in the Introduction.

FRONTS or boundaries between masses of air of different origin are indicated, wherever their characteristics are well pronounced in the following way:

— Warm Front on the Surface
— Warm Front above the ground
— Cold Front on the surface
— Cold Front above the ground

— Occluded Front (or Occlusion)
— Warm Occlusion
— Cold Occlusion
— Lines of Frontogenesis

Short strokes across the frontal line indicate Frontolysis. (For explanation see page 3.)

NOTE.—The symbols are placed on the side of the line towards which the front is moving.
When the front is stationary the symbols are placed alternately on both sides of the line.

All times are G.M.T. Add one hour to get summer time.

THE DAILY WEATHER REPORT
OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, AIR MINISTRY, LONDON.

Thursday 30th September 1943

No 29897

Abridged observations of additional stations in the AVIATION WEATHER CODE

13h. G.M.T. 29th September				13h. G.M.T. 30th September				13h. G.M.T. 29th September				13h. G.M.T. 30th September				13h. G.M.T. 29th September				13h. G.M.T. 30th September				13h. G.M.T. 29th September																																									
C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN	C _L	C _M	WwVhN _h	DDFWN																																						
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33 5- 05657 20227 5- 08448 24228	57 61654 20268	57 61654 20268	57 61654 20268	59 02863 20217	53 45143 22244	50 05652 20322	57 05554 21225	52 444 21159	100 55 02854 53655 87 2575657686	50 01754 56624	54 02854 53684	384 -- 02646 26217	-- 026362637	-- 03437 20128	340 52 02864 28128 62 21435 00058	51 02866 20158	52 56208 00057	203 20 02964 246268 - 2595522586	5- 02865 20485	5- 02868 20127	136 17 02751 22227 5- 05668 20228	5- 08468 22258	52 21644 20358	210 54 01963 22514 23 01954 20314	5- 02865 20225	53 0 15327	386 53 02754 28326 52 5275428827	5- 02763 22228	5- 02755 21228	5- 05654 18114	57 51055 20257	219 02 52428 11458 80 01854 25654	57 22113 20466	368 57 03644 24227 52 02734 21258	5- 03624 22258	5- 05630 28327 07 0562024128	5- 08448 20128	5- 45348 18148	280 32 21847 21358 8- 02854 24355	54 01850 23103	56 01852 22124	379 6- 03624 22258 57 51047 21258	-- 48109 22145	51 05654 00027	5- 05652 20326 5- 05628 20428	50 01764 22214	57 02647 36227	5- 02658 26228	5- 02651 28118	5- 02658 03318	278 52 21846 21458 57 02744 22427	5- 02857 18327 56 02854 20217	50 02752 21312	57 21634 27355	438 57 05662 27128 07 05590 2127	5- 51548 20128	5- 38416 00027	282 23 05635 216517	5- 02758 24358	5- 02848 21358	409 5- 25618 29358 57 02785 30327	-- 48109 24249	5- 57508 24258	III = Index Number of Station—See Index Chart in Introduction. Ww, W = Present and past weather—See M.O. 252. h, Nh = Height and amount of low cloud—See Introduction. N = Total amount of cloud—See Introduction. C _L , C _M = Form of low and medium cloud—See Introduction. V = Visibility F = Force of wind—See Introduction. DD = Direction of wind (8 = E, 16 = S, 24 = W, 32 = N). Sea disturbance reported from Dundee. ↑ 01h observations from Dyce.	TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Single Copies, 1d. each; by post 1½d. 2/6 per month; 6/6 per quarter; 23/- per year.
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 N = Total amount of cloud—See Introduction.

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3 Sea disturbance reported from Dungeness.

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